NEW AND RESTRUCTURED UNDER GRADUATE CURRICULA & SYLLABUS

B.Sc. (Honors) Agriculture

w.e.f. 2019-20

Semester System as per ICAR Vth Deans Committee Report

Submitted by:

Board of Studies in Agriculture
C.S.J.M. University, Kanpur

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	I st Semester					
S.No.	Name of Course	Credit Hours	Course Code	Department		
1	Fundamentals of Agronomy	3(2+1)	AG-1001	Agronomy		
2	Fundamentals of Genetics	3(2+1)	AG-1002	GPB		
3	Fundamentals of Soil Science	3(2+1)	AG-1003	Soil Science &		
4	Fundamentals of Horticulture	2(1+1)	AG-1004	Agricultural Chemistry Horticulture		
5	Rural Sociology & Educational Psychology	2(1+1)	AG-1005	Agril. Extension		
6	Introduction to Forestry	2(1+1)	AG-1006	Soil Conservation		
7	Introductory Animal Husbandry	3(2+1)	AG-1007	AH & Dairying		
8	Comprehension & Communication Skills in English	2(1+1)	AG-1008	English		
9	Agricultural Heritage	1(1+0)	AG-1009	Agril. Extension		
10	Introductory Biology*	2(1+1)	AG-1010B	GPB		
11	Basic Agriculture*	2(1+1)	AG-1010A	Agronomy/Hort./Patho. /Soil Science & Agricultural Chemistry		
12	Elementary Mathematics*	2(2+0)	AG-1011B	Mathematics		
13	NSS/NCC/Physical Education & Yoga Practices**	2(0+2)	AG-112A/ AG-112B/ AG-112C	NCC/NSS/Phy. Edu		
	Total Credit Hours	27				
	Note: Course number AG-1010B, AG-1010A and	d AG-10111	B Choose any	two course		
	II nd Seme	ester				
1	Fundamentals of Crop Physiology	3(2+1)	AG-2001	GPB		
2	Fundamentals of plant biochemistry	3(2+1)	AG-2002	Soil Science & Agricultural Chemistry		
3	Fundamentals of Entomology-I	3(2+1)	AG-2003	Agril. Entomology		
4	Fundamentals of Agricultural Economics	2(2+0)	AG-2004	Agril. Economics		
5	Principles of Organic Farming	2(1+1)	AG-2005	Agronomy		
6	Fundamentals of Plant Pathology	4(3+1)	AG-2006	Plant Pathology		
7	Production Technology for Vegetables and Spices	2(1+1)	AG-2007	Horticulture		
8	Fundamentals of Agricultural Extension Education	3(2+1)	AG-2008	Agril. Extension		
9	Food Processing and Safety Issues	3(2+1)	AG-2009	A.H.& Dairying		
10	Human Values & Ethics*	1(1+0)	AG-2010	Agril. Extension		
11	Soil and Water Conservation Engineering	2(1+1)	AG-2011	Soil Conservation		
	Total Credits Hours	28	•			

	III rd Semester					
S.No.	Name of Course	Credit Hours	Course Code	Department		
1	Crop Production Technology -1 (Kharif/crops)	2(1+1)	AG-3001	Agronomy		
2	Practical Crop Production -1 (Khariferops)	2(0+2)	AG-3002	Agronomy		
3	Fundamentals of Plant Breeding	3(2+1)	AG-3003	GPB		
4	Agricultural Microbiology	2(1+1)	AG-3004	Soil Science & Agricultural Chemistry		
5	Agricultural Finance and Co-Operation	3(2+1)	AG-3005	Agril. Economics		
6	Farm Machinery and Power	2(1+1)	AG-3006	Agril. Engineering		
7	Principles of Integrated Disease Management	3(2+1)	AG-3007	Plant Pathology		
8	Environmental Studies & Disaster Management	3(2+1)	AG-3008	GPB		
9	Statistical Methods	2(1+1)	AG-3009	Mathematics		
10	Dairy Science	3(1+1)	AG-3010	A.H. & Dairying		
11	Fundamentals of Entomology-II	2(1+1)	AG-3011	Agril. Entomology		
	Total Credit Hours	27				
	IV th Sen	nester				
1	Crop Production Technology - II (Rabi crops)	2(1+1)	AG-4001	Agronomy		
2	Practical Crop Production - II (Rabi crops)	2(0+2)	AG-4002	Agronomy		
3	Principles of Seed Technology	3(2+1)	AG-4003	GPB		
4	Problematic soils and their Management	2(1+1)	AG-4004	Soil Science & Agricultural Chemistry		
5	Renewable Energy and Green Technology	2(1+1)	AG-4005	Ag. Engineering		
6	Production Technology for Ornamental Crops, MAP and Landscaping	2(1+1)	AG-4006	Horticulture		
7	Entrepreneurship Development and Business Communication	. ,	AG-4007	Agril. Extension		
8	Introductory Agro-meteorology & Climate Change	2(1+1)	AG-4008	Soil Conservation		
9	Agri- Informatics	2(1+1)	AG-4009	Computer Application		
10	Poultry Production & Management	3(1+1)	AG-4010	A.H & Dairying		
	Total Credit Hours	22	L	1		

	V th Se	mester		
S.No.	Name of Course	Credit Hours	Course Code	Department
1	Rainfed and dryland Agriculture	2(1+1)	AG-5001	Agronomy
2	Crop Improvement-1 (Khariferops)	2(1+1)	AG-5002	GPB
3	Pests of Crops and Stored Grain and their Management	3(2+1)	AG-5003	Agril. Entomology
4	Agricultural Marketing Trade & Prices	3(2+1)	AG-5004	Agril Economics
5	Protected Cultivation and Secondary Agriculture	2(1+1)	AG-5005	Agril Engineering
6	Diseases of Field and Horticultural Crops and their Management-I	3(2+1)	AG-5006	Plant Pathology
7	Production Technology for Fruit and Plantation Crops	2(1+1)	AG-5007	Horticulture
8	Communication Skills and Personality Development	, ,	AG-5008	Agril Extension
9	Intellectual Property Rights	1(1+0)	AG-5009	GPB
10	Principles of Food Science & Nutrition	3(2+1)	AG-5010	A.H & Dairying
11	Geo-informatics and Nanotechnology	2(1+1)	AG-5011	Soil Science & Agricultural Chemistry
12	Elective-1(AGE-51/ AGE-52/ AGE-53/ AGE-54/ AGE-55/ AGE-56)		AGE	Elective Course
	AGE-51(2+1), AGE-52(2+1), AGE-53(1+2), AGE-5	GE-54(2+1), A	AGE-55(2+1),	AGE-56(2+1)
	Total Credit Hours	28		
	VI th Sem	ester		
1	Farming System, Precision Farming & Sustaina Agriculture	ble 2(1+1)	AG-6001	Agronomy
2	Crop Improvement-II (Rabi crops)	2(1+1)	AG-6002	GPB
3	Manures, Fertilizers and Soil Fertility Manageme	ent 3(2+1)	AG-6003	Soil Science & Agricultural Chemistry
4	Farm Management, Production & Resource Economics	rce 2(1+1)	AG-6004	Agril. Economics
5	Diseases of Field and Horticultural Crops and the Management-II	neir 3(2+1)	AG-6005	Plant Pathology
6	Post-harvest Management and Value Addition Fruits and Vegetables	of 2(1+1)	AG-6006	Horticulture.
7	Watershed and Wasteland Management	2(1+1)	AG-6007	Soil Conservation
8	Beneficial insects and Pest of Horticultural Croand their Management	ops 3(2+1)	AG-6008	Agril.Entomology
9	Elective-2(AGE-61/ AGE-62/ AGE-63/ AGE-64/ AGE-65/ AGE-66)	64/ 3(2+1)	AGE	Elective Course
10	Educational Tour	2(1+1)	AGT-99	RAWE Coordinator
	Total Credit Hours		24	1

VII Semester

Rural Agricultural Work Experience and Agro-industrial Attachment (RAWE&AIA): VII Semester (B. Sc. Ag. fourth year- first semester)

This programme will be undertaken by the students during the seventh semester for a total duration of 20 weeks with a weight-age of 0+20 credit hours in two parts, namely, RAWE and AIA. It will consist of general orientation and on-campus training by different faculties followed by village attachment/unit attachment in university/ college/ KVK or a research station. The students would be attached with the agro-industries for three weeks to get an experience of the industrial environment and working.

Agro- Industrial Attachment: The students would be attached with the agro-industries for a period of 3 weeks to get an experience of the industrial environment and working.

.S.No.	Activities	No. of weeks
1	General orientation & On campus training by different faculties	1
2	Village attachment	8
	Unit attachment in Univ./College. KVK/Research Station Attachment	5
3	Plant clinic	2
	Agro-Industrial Attachment	3
4	Project Report Preparation, Presentation and Evaluation	1
	Total weeks for RAWE & AIA	20

Agro- Industrial Attachment: The students would be attached with the agro-industries for a period of 3 weeks to get an experience of the industrial environment and working.

RAWE Component-I

Village Attachment Training Programme

.S.No.	Activities	No. of weeks
1	Orientation and Survey of Village	1 week
2	Agronomical Interventions	1 week
3	Plant Protection Interventions	1 week
4	Soil Improvement Interventions (Soil sampling and testing)	1 week
5	Fruit and Vegetable production interventions	1 week
6	Food Processing and Storage interventions	1 week
7	Animal Production Interventions	1 week
8	Extension and Transfer of Technology activities	1 week

RAWE Component II

Agro Industrial Attachment:

- Students shall be placed in Agro-and Cottage industries and Commodities Boards for 03 weeks.
- Industries include Seed/Sapling production, Pesticides-insecticides, Post-harvest-processing-value addition, Agri-finance institutions, etc.

Activities and Tasks during Agro-Industrial Attachment Programme

- Acquaintance with industry and staff
- Study of structure, functioning, objective and mandates of the industry
- Study of various processing units and hands-on trainings under supervision of industry staff
- Ethics of industry
- Employment generated by the industry
- Contribution of the industry promoting environment
- Learning business network including outlets of the industry
- Skill development in all crucial tasks of the industry
- Documentation of the activities and task performed by the students
- Performance evaluation, appraisal and ranking of students

Marks and credits Distribution of Rural Agricultural Work Experience (RAWE) and Agro-Industrial Attachment (AIA):

S.N	Department	Credits	Only Internal assessment (Max. Marks)
1	Agronomy	2 (0+2)	100
2	Genetics and Plant Breeding	1 (0+1)	100
3	Soil Science and Agril. Chemistry	1 (0+1)	100
4	Animal Husbandry and Dairying	2 (0+2)	100
5	Agril. Economics	1 (0+2)	100
6	Agril. Engineering	1 (0+1)	100
7	Plant Pathology	1 (0+2)	100
8	Horticulture	2 (0+2)	100
9	Agril. Extension	2 (0+2)	100
10	Soil Conservation	1 (0+1)	100
11	Agril. Entomology	1 (0+2)	100
12	Plant clinic (jointly assessed by teachers of	2 (0+2)	100
	Entomology and Pathology department)	2 (0+2)	100
13	Agro-Industrial Attachment (AIA) assessed	3(0+2)	100
	by RAWE Coordinator	3(012)	
	Total		20 (0+20)

Semester VIII

Evaluation of Experiential Learning Programme/ HOT: - VIII semester (B. Sc. Ag. fourth year- second semester)

A student has to register 20 credits opting for two modules of (0+10) credits each (total 20 credits) from the package of modules in the VIII semester.

S. No.	Title of the module	Credits
1	Production Technology for Bioagents and Biofertilizer	0+10
2	Seed Production and Technology	0+10
3	Mushroom Cultivation Technology	0+10
4	Soil, Plant, Water and Seed Testing	0+10
5	Commercial Beekeeping	0+10
6	Poultry Production Technology	0+10
7	Commercial Horticulture	0+10
8	Floriculture and Landscaping	0+10
9	Food Processing	0+10
10	Agriculture Waste Management	0+10
11	Organic Production Technology	0+10
12	Commercial Sericulture	0+10

Evaluation of Experiential Learning Programme/ HOT:

S.No.	Parameters	Max. Marks
1.	Project Planning and Writing	10
2.	Presentation	10
3.	Regularity	10
4.	Monthly Assessment	10
5.	Output delivery	10
6.	Technical Skill Development	10
7.	Entrepreneurship Skills	10
8.	Business networking skills	10
9.	Report Writing Skills	10
10.	Final Presentation	10
	Total	100

Marks Distribution:

S. N.	Department	Credits	Modules	Marks			
5.14.	Department	Cicuits	Wiodules	Theory	Practical	Internal	Total
1	Concern	10(0+10)	Module I	00	00	100	100
2	Concern	10(0+10)	Module II	00	00	100	100

Discipline –wise Summary of credit hours:

S.No.	Group	Remarks	Credits
1	Agronomy	-	17
2	Genetics & plants Breeding	-	20
3	Soil Science & Agriculture Chemistry	-	15
4	Agril. Entomology	-	11
5	Agricultural Economics	-	10
6	Agricultural Engineering	-	06
7	Plant Pathology	-	13
8	Horticulture	-	10
9	Agricultural Extension	-	09
10	Soil Conservation	-	08
11	Statistics, Computer Application and I.P.R	-	04
12	Animal Husbandry and Dairying	-	15
13	English	-	02
14	Elective Courses	V/VI Sem	06
15	NSS/NCC/Physical Education and Yoga Practices**	I st Sem	02
16	Human Values and Ethics**	II nd Sem	01
17	Educational Tour **	VI Sem	02
18	Remedial courses(Bio/Math/Agri./Heritage)*	I st Sem	05
19	RAWE and ELP	VII/VIII Sem	20+20
		Total	196

Elective Courses: A student can select two elective courses out of the following and offer during 5^{th} and 6^{th} semesters.

S.No	.Name of	D	Credit Hours	Course
	Courses	Department		Code
1.	Agribusiness Management	Agril. Economics	3(2+1)	AGE-51
2.	Agrochemicals	Soil Science &	3(2+1)	AGE-52
		Agriculture Chemistry		
3.	Commercial Plant Breeding	GPB	3(1+2)	AGE-53
4.	Landscaping	Horticulture	3(2+1)	AGE-54
5.	Food Safety and Standards	Horticulture/A.H. &	3(2+1)	AGE-55
		Dairying		
6.	Bio-pesticides & Bio-	Soil Science &	3(2+1)	AGE-56
	fertilizers	Agriculture Chemistry		
7.	Protected Cultivation	Horticulture/Agril.	3(2+1)	AGE-61
		Engg.		
8.	Hi-tech. Horticulture	Horticulture	3(2+1)	AGE-62
9.	Weed Management	Agronomy	3(2+1)	AGE-63
10.	System Simulation and Agro-	Soil Conservation	3(2+1)	AGE-64
	advisory			
11.	Agricultural Journalism	Library Science	3(2+1)	AGE-65
12.	Composition cum Duck/	AH & Dairying	3(2+1)	AGE-66
	(and) Quail/ (and) Rabbit			
	culture.			

Department of Agronomy

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Credit Hours
1	AG-1001	Fundamental of Agronomy	3(2+1)
2	AG-2005	Principles of organic farming	2(1+1)
3	AG-3001	Crop production technology-I(Kharif Crops)	2(1+1)
4	AG-3002	Practical Crop production -I(Kharif Crops)	2(0+2)
5	AG-4001	Crop Production Technology-II(Rabi Crops)	2(1+1)
6	AG-4002	Practical Crop production -II(Rabi Crops)	2(0+2)
7	AG-5001	Rainfed and Dry land Agriculture	2(1+1)
8	AG-6001	Farming System, Precision Fanning and Sustainable Agriculture	2(1+1)
	17		

1. AG-1001 Fundamental of Agronomy

3(2+1)

Theory

Agronomy and its scope, seeds and sowing, tillage and tilth, crop density and geometry, Crop nutrition, manures and fertilizers, nutrient use efficiency, water resources, soil-plant-water relationship, crop water requirement, water use efficiency, irrigation- scheduling criteria and methods, quality of irrigation water.

Weeds importance, classification, crop weed competition, concepts of weed management-principles and methods, herbicides-classification, selectivity and resistance, allelopathy. Growth and development of crops, factors affecting growth and development, plant ideotypes, crop rotation and its principles, adaptation and distribution of crops, harvesting and threshing of crops.

Practical

Identification of crops, seeds, fertilizers, pesticides and tillage implements, Identification of weeds in crops, Methods of herbicide and fertilizer application, Study of yield contributing characters and yield estimation. Numerical exercises on fertilizer requirement, plant population, herbicides and water requirement, Study of soil moisture measuring devices, Measurement of irrigation water.

2. AG-2005 Principles of Organic Farming 2(1+1) Theory

Organic farming, principles and its scope in India; Initiatives taken by Government (central/state), NGOs and other organizations for promotion of organic farming. Organic nutrient resources and its fortification; Restrictions to nutrient use in organic farming; Choice of crops and varieties in organic farming; Fundamentals of insect, pest, disease and weed management under organic mode of production; Certification process and standards of organic farming.

Practical

Visit of organic farms to study the various components and their utilization; Preparation of enrich compost, vermi-compost, Indigenous technology knowledge (ITK) for nutrient, insect, pest disease and weed management; Cost of organic production system; Quality aspect, grading, packaging and handling.

3.AG-3001 Crop Production Technology-I (Kharif Crops) 2(1+1)

Theory

Origin, geo graphical distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirements, varieties, cultural practices and yield of *Kharif* crops. Cereals-rice, maize, sorghum, pearl millet and finger millet, pulses-pigeonpea, mungbean and urdbean; oilseeds- til, groundnut, and soybean; fibre crops- cotton & jute; forage crops-sorghum, cowpea, cluster bean and napier.

Practical

Rice nursery preparation, transplanting of rice, sowing of soybean, pigeonpea and mungbean. Maize, ground nut and cotton, effect of seed size on germination. Effect of sowing depth on germination of kharif crops, identification of weeds in kharif season crops. Top dressing and foliar feeding of nutrients, study of yield contributing characters and yield calculation of kharif season crops, study of crop varieties and important agronomic experiments at experimental farm. Visit to research centres related to crops.

4. AG-3002 Practical Crop Production-I (Kharif Crops) 2(0+2) Practical

Crop planning, raising field crops in multiple cropping systems: Field preparation, seed, treatment, nursery raising, sowing, nutrient, water and weed management and management of insect-pests diseases of crops, harvesting, threshing, drying winnowing, storage and marketing of produce. The emphasis will be given to seed production, mechanization, resource conservation and integrated nutrient, insect-pest and disease management technologies. Preparation of balance sheet including cost of cultivation, net returns per student as well as per team of 8-10 students.

5.AG-4001 Crop Production Technology-II (Rabi crops) 2(1+1) Theory

Origin, geographical distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirements, varieties, cultural practices and yield of *Rabi* crops; cereals-wheat, barley and oat, pulses-chickpea, lentil, peas, oilseeds-rapeseed, mustard, linseed and sunflower; sugar crops-sugarcane; other crop-Potato. Forage crops-berseem, lucerne and oat.

Practical

Sowing methods of wheat and sugarcane, identification of weeds in *rabi* season crops. Numerical problems on seed requirement of rabi crop. Study of yield contributing characters of *rabi* season crops, study of important agronomic experiments of *rabi* crop at experimental farm. Study of *rabi* for age experiments, visit to research stations of related crops.

Practical Crop Production-II(Rabi Crops)

2(0+2)

6. AG-4002 Practical

Crop planning, raising field crops in multiple cropping systems: Field preparation, seed, treatment, nursery raising, sowing, nutrient, water and weed management and management of insect-pests diseases of crops, harvesting, threshing, drying winnowing, storage and marketing of produce. The emphasis will be given to seed production, mechanization, resource conservation and integrated nutrient, insect-pest and disease management technologies. Preparation of balance sheet including cost of cultivation, net returns per student as well as per team of 8-10 students.

7. AG-5001 Rainfed and Dryland Agriculture 2(1+1) Theory

Rainfed and dryland agriculture - Introduction, types and history. Problems & prospects of rain fed agriculture in India. Soil and climatic conditions prevalent in rain fed areas. Drought: types, effect of water deficit on physio-morphological characteristics of the plants. Mechanism of crop adoption under moisture deficit conditions. Efficient utilization of water through soil and crop management practices, management of crops in rain fed areas. Contingent crop planning for aberrant weather conditions. Precision agriculture; concepts and techniques; their issues and concerns for Indian agriculture.

Practical

Studies on climatic classifications, studies on rainfall pattern is rain fed areas of the country. Studies on cropping pattern of different dry land areas in the country and demarcation of dry land area on map of India. Interpretation of metrological data and scheduling of supplemental irrigations on the basis of evapo-transpiration demand of crops effective rainfall and its calculations. Visit to rain fed research stations/watersheds.

8. AG-6001 Farming System, Precision Fanning and Sustainable Agriculture 2(1+1) Theory

Farming System-scope, importance and concept, Types and systems of farming system and factors affecting types of farming, Farming system components and their maintenance, Cropping system and pattern, multiple cropping system, Efficient cropping system and their evaluation, Sustainable agriculture-problems and its impact on agriculture, conservation agriculture strategies, HEIA, LELA and LE1SA and its techniques for sustainability, Integrated farming system components of IFS and its advantages, farming system and environment.

Practical

- Tools for determining productions & efficiencies in cropping and farming systems.
- Indicators of sustainability of cropping & Farming systems
- Site specific development of IFS models for different agro-climatic zones.
- Visit of IFS models in different agro climatic zones of nearby state Universities/Institutes and farmer fields.

Department of Genetics and Plants Breeding

S.No	Course Code	Course Title	Credit Hours
1	AG-1002	Fundamentals of Genetics	3(2+1)
2	AG-2001	Fundamental of Crop Physiology	3(2+1)
3	AG-3003	Fundamentals of Plant Breeding	3(2+1)
4	AG-3008	Environmental Studies & Disaster Management	3(2+1)
5	AG-4003	Principles of Seed Technology	3(2+1)
6	AG-5002	Crop Improvement-I(Khrif Crop)	2(1+1)
7	AG-5009	Intellectual Property Right	1(1+0)
8	AG-6002	Crop Improvement-II(Rabi Crop)	2(1+1)
	1	Total Credit	20

1. AG- 1002 Fundamentals of Genetics 3(2+1)

Theory

Pre and Post Mendelian concepts of heredity, Mendelian principles of heredity. Architecture of chromosome; special types of chromosomes. Chromosomal theory of inheritance; cell cycle and cell division - mitosis and meiosis. Chi-squaretest; Dominance relationships, Epistatic interactions; Multiple alleles, pleiotropism and pseudoalleles. Sex determination and sex linkage, sex limited and sex influenced traits, Blood group genetics, Linkage and its estimation, crossing over mechanisms, chromosome mapping. Structural and numerical variations in chromosome and their implications, use of haploids, dihaploids and doubled haploids in Genetics. Mutation, classification, Methods of inducing mutations & CLB technique, mutagenic agents and induction of mutation. Qualitative & Quantitative traits, Polygenes and continuous variations, multiple factor hypothesis, Cytoplasmic inheritance. Genetic disorders. Nature, structure & replication of genetic material (DNA). Protein synthesis, Transcription and translational mechanism of genetic material. Gene concept: Gene structure, function and regulation.

Practical

Study of microscope. Study of cell structure. Mitosis and Meiosis cell division. Experiments on mono hybrid, dihybrid, trihybrid, test cross and backcross, Experiments on epistatic interactions including test cross and backcross, Practice on mitotic and meiotic cell division, Experiments on probability and Chi-square test. Determination of linkage and cross-over analysis (through two point test cross and three point test cross data). Study on sex linked inheritance in Drosophila. Study of models on DNA and RNA structures.

3(2+1)

Theory

Introduction to crop physiology and its importance in Agriculture; Plant cell: an Overview; Diffusion and osmosis; Absorption of water, transpiration and Stomatal Physiology; Mineral nutrition of Plants: Functions and deficiency symptoms of nutrients, nutrient uptake mechanisms; Photosynthesis: Light and Dark reactions, C3, C4 and CAM plants; Respiration: Glycolysis, TCA cycle and electron transport chain; Fat Metabolism: Fatty acid synthesis and Breakdown; Plant growth regulators: Physiological roles and agricultural uses, Physiological aspects of growth and development of major crops: Growth analysis, Role of Physiological growth parameters in crop productivity.

Practical

Study of plant cells, structure and distribution of stomata, imbibitions, osmosis, plasmolysis, measurement of root pressure, rate of transpiration, Separation of photosynthetic pigments through paper chromatography, Rate of transpiration, photosynthesis, respiration, tissue test for mineral nutrients, estimation of relative water content, Measurement of photosynthetic CO2 assimilation by Infra Red Gas Analyser (IRGA).

3. AG-3003 Fundamentals of Plant Breeding 3(2+1)

Theory

Historical development, concept, nature and role of plant breeding, major achievements and future prospects; Genetics in relation to plant breeding, modes of reproduction and apomixes, self-incompatibility and male sterility- genetic consequences. Domestication, Acclimatization and Introduction; Centres of origin/diversity, components of Genetic variation; Heritability and genetic advance; Genetic basis and breeding methods in self- pollinated crops - mass and pure line selection, hybridization techniques and handling of segregating population; Multiline concept. Concepts of population genetics and Hardy-Weinberg Law; Genetic basis and methods of breeding cross pollinated crops, modes of selection; Population improvement Schemes-Ear to row method, Modified Ear to Row, recurrent selection. Heterosis and inbreeding depression, development of inbred lines and hybrids, composite and synthetic varieties; Breeding methods in asexually propagated crops, clonal selection and hybridization; Maintenance of breeding records and data collection; Wide hybridization and pre-breeding; Polyploidy in relation to plant breeding, mutation breeding-methods and uses; Breeding for important biotic and abiotic stresses; Biotechnological tools-DNA markers and marker assisted selection.

Practical

Plant Breeder's kit, Study of germplasm of various crops. Study of floral structure of self-pollinated and cross-pollinated crops. To work out the mode of pollination in a given crop and extent of natural out-crossing. Prediction of performance of double cross hybrids. Emasculation and hybridization techniques in self & cross-pollinated crops. Consequences of inbreeding on genetic structure of resulting populations. Study of male sterility system. Handling of segregation populations. Methods of calculating mean, range, variance, standard deviation, heritability. Designs and their analysis in plant breeding experiments.

4. AG-3008 Environmental Studies and Disaster Management

3(2+1)

Theory

Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies Definition, scope and importance. Natural Resources: Renewable and non-renewable resources, Natural resources and associated problems.

- a) **Forest resources:** Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forest and tribal people.
- **b)** Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems.
- c) Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.
- **d)Food resources:** World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies.
- e) Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and nonrenewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Case studies.
- **f)** Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification. Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources. Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem, Structure and function of an ecosystem, Producers, consumers and decomposers, Energy flow in the ecosystem. Ecological succession, Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries),

Biodiversity and its conservation:-Introduction, definition, genetic, species & ecosystem diversity and biogeographical classification of India.

Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values. Biodiversity at global, National and local levels, India as a mega-diversity nation. Hot-sports of biodiversity.

Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts. Endangered and endemic species of India. Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity. Environmental Pollution: definition, cause, effects and control measures of:

- a. Air pollution
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollutiong. Nuclearhazards.

Solid Waste Management: causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes. Role of an individual in prevention of pollution.

Social Issues and the Environment: From Unsustainable to Sustainable development, Urban problems related to energy, Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management.

Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions, climate change, global warming, acid

rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. dies. Wastel and reclamation. Consumerism and waste products. Environment Protection Act. Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act. Wildlife Protection Act. Forest Conservation Act. Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. Public awareness.

Human Population and the Environment: population growth, variation among nations, population explosion, Family Welfare Programme.

Environment and human health: Human Rights, Value Education, HIV/AIDS. Women and Child Welfare. Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health.

Disaster Management

Natural Disasters- Meaning and nature of natural disasters, their types and effects. Floods, drought, cyclone, earthquakes, landslides, avalanches, volcanic eruptions, Heat and cold waves, Climatic change: global warming, ozone depletion. Man Made Disasters- Nuclear disasters, chemical disasters, biological disasters, building fire, coal fire, forest fire, oil fire, air pollution, water pollution, deforestation, industrial waste water pollution. Disaster Management- Effect to migrate natural disaster at national and global levels. International strategy for disaster reduction. Conceptof disastermanagement, national disastermanagement framework; financial arrangements; role of NGOs, community - based organizations and media. Central, state, district and local administration.

Practical

Pollution case studies. Case Studies- Field work: Visit to a local area to document environmental assets river/ forest/ grassland/ hill/ mountain, visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural, study of common plants, insects, birds and study of simple ecosystems-pond, river, hill slopes, etc.

5. AG-4003 Principles of Seed Technology 3(1+2) Theory

Seed and seed production technology: introduction, definition and importance. Deterioration causes of crop varieties and their control; Maintenance of genetic purity during seed production. Seed quality; Definition and Characters of good quality seed, different classes of seed. Foundation and certified seed production of important cereals, pulses, oilseeds, fodder and vegetables. Seed certification, phases of certification, procedure for seed certification, field inspection. Seed Act and Seed Act enforcement. Duty and powers of seed inspector, offences and penalties. Seeds Control Order 1983, Varietal Identification through Grow Out Test. History and development of Seed Industry in India. Seed drying, processing and their steps, seed testing for quality assessment, seed treatment, its importance, method of application and seed packing. Seed storage; general principles, stages and factors affecting seed longevity during storage. Measures for pest and disease control during storage. Seed marketing, Private and public sectors and their production and marketing strategies.

Practical

Seed production in major cereals: Wheat, Rice, Maize, Sorghum and Bajra. Seed production in major pulses: Urd, Mung, Pigeonpea, Lentil, Gram, Field bean, pea. Seed production in major oilseeds: Rapeseed and Mustard. Seed production in important vegetable crops. Seed sampling and testing: Physical purity, germination, viability etc. Seed and seedling vigour test. Genetic purity test: Grow out test. Seed certification: Procedure, Field inspection, Preparation of field inspection report. Visit to seed production farms, seed testing laboratories and seed processing plant.

6. AG-5002

Crop Improvement -I(*Kharif*)

2(1+1)

Theory

Centers of origin, distribution of species, wild relatives in different cereals (Rice, Maize, Sorghum and Pearlmillet); pulses (Pigeonpea, Urdbean and Mungbean); oilseeds (Groundnut); fibre (Cotton). Important concepts of breeding self-pollinated and cross pollinated. Major breeding objectives and procedures including conventional and modern innovative approaches for development of hybrids and varieties for yield, adaptability, stability, abiotic and biotic stress and quality (physical, chemical, nutritional); Hybrid seed production technology in Maize, Rice, Sorghum, Pearl millet and Pigeonpea.

Practical: Floral biology, emasculation and hybridization techniques in different crop species; viz., Rice, Maize, Sorghum, Pearl millet, Pigeon pea, Urd bean, Mung bean, Groundnut, Cotton crops. Maintenance breeding of different *kharif* crops. Handling of germplasm and segregating populations by different methods like pedigree, bulk and single seed decent methods; Study of field techniques for seed production and hybrid seeds production in *Kharif* crops; Estimation of heterosis, inbreeding depression and heritability; Layout of field experiments; Study of quality characters, donor parents for different characters; Visit to seed production plots; Visit to AICRP plots of different field crops.

7. AG-5009

Intellectual Property Rights

1(1+0)

Theory

Introduction and meaning of intellectual property, brief introduction to GATT, WTO, TRIPs and WIPO, Treaties for IPR protection; Types of Intellectual Property and legislations covering IPR in India: - Patents, Copyrights, Trademark, Industrial design, Geographical indications, Integrated circuits, Trade secrets. Patents Act 1970 and Patent system in India, patentability, process and product patent, filing of patent, patent specification, patent claims, Patent opposition and revocation, infringement, Compulsory licensing, Patent Cooperation Treaty, Patent search and patent database. Origin and history including a brief introduction to UPOV for protection of plant varieties, Protection of plant varieties under UPOV and PPV & FR Act of India, Plant breeder's rights, Registration of plant varieties under PPV&FR Act 2001, breeders, researcher and farmers rights. International treaty on plant genetic resources for food and agriculture(ITPGRFA).

8. AG-6002 Crop Improvement -II(*Rabi*) 2(1+1)

Theory

Centers of origin, distribution of species, wild relatives in different crops: cereal (Wheat); pulses (Chickpea, Pea); oilseeds (Rapeseed and Mustard, Sunflower); cash crop (Sugarcane); vegetable crop (Potato, Tomato); Major breeding objectives and procedures including conventional and modern innovative approaches for development of hybrids and varieties for yield, adaptability, stability, abiotic and biotic stress tolerance and quality (physical, chemical, nutritional); Hybrid seed production technology of *rabi* crops.

Practical: Floral biology, emasculation and hybridization techniques in different crop species namely Wheat, Chickpea, pea, Rapeseed Mustard, Sunflower, Tomato; Handling of germplasm and segregating populations by different methods like pedigree, bulk and single seed decent methods; Study of field techniques for seed production and hybrid seeds production in *Rabi* crops; Estimation of heterosis, inbreeding depression and heritability; Layout of field experiments; Study of quality characters, study of donor parents for different characters; Visit to seed production plots; Visit to AICRP plots of different field crops.

Department of Soil Science & Agricultural Chemistry

S.No.	Course No.	Course Title	Credit Hours
1	AG-1003	Fundamental of Soil Science	3(2+1)
2	AG-2002	Fundamental of Plant Bio-Chemistry	3(2+1)
3	AG-3004	Agricultural Microbiology	2(1+1)
4	AG-4004	Problematic Soil & their Management (New)	2(1+1)
5	AG-5011	Geo-informatics, Nanotechnology	2(1+1)
6	AG-6003	Manures, Fertilizers and soil fertility Management	3(2+1)
		Total	15

1. AG-1003

Fundamentals of Soil Science

3(2+1)

Theory

Soil as a natural body, Pedological and edaphological concepts of soil; Soil genesis: soil forming rocks and minerals; weathering, processes and factors of soil formation; Soil Profile, components of soil; Soil physical properties: soil-texture, structure, density and porosity, soil colour, consistence and plasticity; Elementary knowledge of soil taxonomy, classification of soils of India; Soil water retention, movement and availability; Soil air, composition, gaseous exchange, problem and plant growth, Soil temperature; source, amount and flow of heat in soil; effect on plant growth, Soil reaction-pH, EC, soil acidity and alkalinity, buffering, effect of pH on nutrient availability; soil colloids-in organic and organic; silicate clays: constitution and properties; sources of charge; ion exchange, cation exchange capacity, base saturation; soil organic matter: composition, properties and its influence on soil properties; humic substances-nature and properties. Soil pollution behaviour of pesticides and inorganic contaminants, prevention and mitigation of soil pollution.

Practical

Study of soil profile in field. Study of soil sampling tools, collection of representative soil sample, its processing and storage. Study of soil forming rocks and minerals. Determination of soil density, moisture content and porosity. Determination of soil texture by feel method. Determination of soil pH and electrical conductivity. Study of soil map. Estimation of organic matter content of soil. Estimation of CO3 and HCO3 in soil water.

2. AG-2002 Fundamentals of Plant Bio-chemistry 3(2+1)

Theory: Biochemistry- introduction, scope and Importance in agriculture. Carbohydrate: Importance and classification of Monosaccharides, Disaccharides and Polysaccharides. Lipid: Importance and classification; Structures and properties of fatty acids; lipids. Proteins: Importance of proteins and classification; Structures. Amino acid- definition, calcification and important function. Structural organization of proteins. Enzymes: General properties; Classification; Mechanism of action; classification of vitamin structure role and its deficiency symptoms. Introduction to allosteric enzymes. Nucleic acids: Importance and classification; Structure of Nucleotides. Metabolism of carbohydrates: Glycolysis.

Practical: Qualitative tests of carbohydrates and amino acids. Quantitative estimation of glucose/proteins. Titration methods for estimation of aminoacids/lipids, Paper chromatography Monosaccharides. Estimation of Ca, CaO and CaCO3 in Hcl extract. Estimation of reducing and non reducing in cane sugar and juggary.

3. AG-3004

Agricultural Microbiology

2(1+1)

Theory

Introduction of Microbial world: Prokaryotic and eukaryotic microbes. Bacteria: cell structure, chemoautotrophy, photo autotrophy, growth. Bacterial genetics: Genetic recombination- transformation, conjugation and transduction, plasmids, transposon. Role of microbes in soil fertility and crop production: Carbon, Nitrogen, Phosphorus and Sulphur cycles. Biological nitrogen fixation-symbiotic, associative and asymbiotic. Azolla, blue green algae and mycorrhiza. Rhizosphere and phyllosphere. Microbes in human welfare: biofertilizers, biopesticides, biofuel production and biodegradation. Microbial degradation of organic matter in soil. Cellulose decomposing micros for composed preparation & vermin composed. Soil organisms: macro and microorganisms, their beneficial and harmful effects.

Practical

Introduction to microbiology laboratory and its equipments; principles of microscopy. Methods of sterilization. Nutritional media and their preparations. Enumeration of microbial population in soil-bacteria, fungi, actinomycetes. Methods of isolation and purification of microbial cultures. Isolation of *Rhizobium* from legume root nodule. Isolation of *Azotobacter* from soil. Isolation of *Azospirillum* from roots. Isolation of BGA. Stainingand microscopic examination of microbes.

4. AG-4004 Problematic Soils and their Management (New) 2(1+1) Theory

Soil quality and health, Distribution of Waste land and problem soils in India. Their categorization based on properties. Reclamation and management of Saline and sodic soils, Acid soils. Acid Sulphate soils, Eroded and Compacted soils, Flooded soils & Polluted soils. Irrigation water-quality and standards, utilization of saline water in agriculture. Remote sensing and GIS in diagnosis and management of problem soils. Multipurpose tree species, bio remediation through MPTs of soils, land capability and classification, land suitability classification. Problematic soils under different Agroecosystems.

Practical: Determination of pH & Ec in soil and water. Line and gypsum requirement in soil, ESP and SAR in Soils. Application of remote sensing and GIS in delineating problematic soil in UP. Visit problematic soil in U.P.

5. AG-5011 Geo-informatics, Nanotechnology 2(1+1) Theory

Geo-informatics- definition, concepts, tool and techniques; their use in Precision Agriculture. Crop discrimination and Yield monitoring, soil mapping; fertilizer recommendation using geospatial technologies; Spatial data and their management in GIS; Remote sensing concepts and application in agriculture; Image processing and interpretation; Global positioning system (GPS), components and its functions; Nanotechnology, definition, concepts and techniques, brief introduction about nanoscale effects, nano-particles, nano-pesticides, nano-fertilizers, nano- sensors, Use of nanotechnology in seed, water, fertilizer, plant protection for scaling-up farm productivity.

Practical

Introduction to GIS software, Introduction to image processing software. Visual interpretation of remote sensing images. Generation of spectral profiles of different objects. Supervised and

unsupervised classification and acreage estimation., Multispectral remote sensing for soil mapping. Creation of thematic layers of soil fertility based on GIS. Creation of productivity and management zones. Fertilizers recommendations based of VRT and STCR techniques. Crop stress (biotic/abiotic) monitoring using geospatial technology. Use of GPS for agricultural survey. Formulation, characterization and applications of nano particles in agriculture. Projects formulation and execution related to precision farming.

6. AG-6003 Manures, Fertilizers and Soil Fertility Management 3(2+1) Theory

Introduction and importance of organic manures, properties and methods of preparation of bulky and concentrated manures. Green/leaf manuring. Fertilizer recommendation approaches. Integrated nutrient management. Chemical fertilizers: classification, composition and properties of major nitrogenous, phosphatic, potassic fertilizers, secondary & micronutrient fertilizers, Complex fertilizers, nano fertilizers Soil amendments, Fertilizer Storage, Fertilizer Control Order. History of soil fertility and plant nutrition, criteria of essentiality, role, deficiency and toxicity symptoms of essential plant nutrients, Mechanisms of nutrient transport to plants, factors affecting nutrient availability to plants. Chemistry of soil nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, calcium, magnesium, sulphur and micro nutrients. Soil fertility evaluation, Soil testing. Critical levels of different nutrients in soil. Forms of nutrients in soil, plant analysis, rapid plant tissue tests. Indicator plants. Methods of fertilizer recommendations to crops. Factor influencing nutrient use efficiency (NUE), methods of application under rainfed and irrigated conditions.

Practical

Estimation of soil organic carbon, Estimation of available Na vailable P, available K; available S available Ca and Mg and available Zn in soils. Estimation of N, P & K in plants, manures and fertilizers. Elementary idea of determination micronutrients.

Department of Agricultural Entomology

S.No	Course code	Semester	Name of papers	Credit hrs.
1	AG-2003	II	Fundamentals of Entomology-I (Insect Morphology and	3(2+1)
			Taxonomy)	
2	AG-3011	III	Fundamentals of Entomology-II (Insect Ecology and concept of	2(1+1)
			IPM)	
3	AG-5003	V	Pests of Field crops & Stored Grain and their Management	3(2+1)
4	AG-6008	VI	Beneficial insects and Pest of Horticultural Crops and their	3(2+1)
			Management	
Total Credit				11

1. AG-2003

Fundamentals of Entomology -I (Insect Morphology & Taxonomy)

3(2+1)

Theory

Classification of phylum Arthropoda up to classes. Relationship of class Insecta with other classes of Arthropoda. Morphology: Structure and functions of insect cuticle and moulting. Body segmentation. Structure of Head, thorax and abdomen. Structure and modifications of insect antennae, mouth parts, legs, wing venation, modifications and wing coupling apparatus. Structure of male and female genital organs. Metamorphosis and diapause in insects. Types of larvae and pupae. Structure and functions of digestive, circulatory, excretory, respiratory, nervous, secretory (Endocrine) and reproductive systems in insects. Types of reproduction in insects. Major sensory organs like simple and compound eyes and chemoreceptors.

Systematics: Taxonomy -importance, history and development and binomial nomenclature. Definitions of Biotype, Sub-species, Species, Genus, Family and Order. Classification of class Insectaupto Orders, basic groups of present day insects with special emphasis to orders and families of Agricultural importance like Orthoptera: Acrididae, Dictyoptera: Mantidae, Odonata; Isoptera: Termitidae; Thysanoptera: Thripidae; Hemiptera: Pentatomidae, Coreidae, Cimicidae, Pyrrhocoridae, Lygaeidae, Cicadellidae, Delphacidae, Aphididae, Coccidae, Lophophidae, Aleurodidae, Pseudococcidae; Neuroptera: Chrysopidae; Lepidoptera: Pieridae, Papiloinidae, Noctuidae, Sphingidae, Pyralidae, Gelechiidae, Arctiidae, Saturnidae, Bombycidae; Coleoptera: Coccinellidae, Chrysomelidae, Cerambycidae, Curculionidae, Bruchidae, Scarabaeidae; Hymenoptera: Tenthridinidae, Apidae. Trichogrammatidae, Ichneumonidae, Braconidae, Chalcididae; Diptera: Cecidomyiidae, Tachinidae, Agromyziidae, Culicidae, Muscidae, Tephritidae.

Practical

Methods of collection and preservation of insects including immature stages; External features of Grasshopper/Blister beetle; Types of insect antennae, mouthparts and legs; Wing venation, types of wings and wing coupling apparatus. Types of insect larvae and pupae; Dissection of digestive system in insects (Grasshopper); Dissection of male and female reproductive systems in insects (Grasshopper);

Study of characters of orders Orthoptera, Dictyoptera, Odonata, Isoptera, Thysanoptera, Hemiptera, Lepidoptera, Neuroptera, Coleoptera, Hymenoptera, Diptera and their families of agricultural importance.

2. AG-3011 Fundamentals of Entomology-II(Insect Ecology & Concepts of IPM) 2(1+1) Theory

Insect Ecology: Introduction, Environment and its components. Effect of abiotic factors-temperature, moisture, humidity, rainfall, light, atmospheric pressure and air currents. Effect of biotic factors - food competition, natural and environmental resistance.

IPM: Categories of pests. Concept of IPM, Practices, scope and limitations of IPM. Classification of insecticides, toxicity of insecticides and formulations of insecticides. Chemical control- importance, hazards and limitations. Recent methods of pest control, repellents, anti feed ants, hormones, attractants, gamma radiation. Insecticides Act 1968- Important provisions. Application techniques of spray fluids. Symptoms of poisoning, first aid and antidotes. Survey, surveillance and forecasting of insect pests. Safety issues of pesticides uses.

Practical

Sampling techniques for estimation of insect population and damage. Insecticides and their formulations. Pesticide appliances and their maintenance.

3. AG-5003 Pests of Field Crops, Stored Grains and Their Management 3(2+1) Theory

General account on nature and type of damage by following insect pests arthropods pests. Scientific name, order, family, host range, distribution, biology and bionomics, nature of damage, and management of major pests and scientific name, order, family, host range, distribution, nature of damage and control practice other important arthropod pests (mites) of various field crops. Factors affecting losses of stored grain and role of physical, biological, mechanical and chemical factors in deterioration of grain. Insect pests, mites, rodents, birds and microorganisms associated with stored grain and their management. Storage structure and methods of grain storage and fundamental principles of grain store management.

Paddy: Leptocorisavaricronis, Hieroglyphus Spp., Nilaparvatalugens, Nephotetix, spp., Mythimnaseparata.

Jowar Maize: Chilopartellus, Atherigonavariasoccata, Scirpophagaexcerpatalis, Chiloinfuscatelles

Sugarcane: *Top borer, Pyrilla, Early Shoot borer and white fly.*

Cotton: Pectinophoragossypiella, Earias Spp., Syleptaderogata, Dysdercus Spp., Bemisiatabaci, Amrascabigutulla.

Oilseeds: *Lipaphiserysimi*, *AthaliaproximaBagradaCruciferarun*, *Dasyneuralini*.

Pulses: HelicoverpaarmigeraAgrotis Spp., Etiellazinckenella

Pests of Stored Grains: Sitophilus oryzae, Trogodermagranarium, Sitotrogacerealella, Callosobruchuschinensis.

Polyphagous pests: Odontotermesobesus, Holotrichiaconsanguinea, Spilosomaobliqua, Spodopteralitura, Amsacta Spp.

Practical

Identification of different types of damage. Identification and study of life cycle and seasonal history of various insect pests attacking field crops and their produce. Identification of insect pests and Mites associated with stored grain. Determination of insect infestation different methods. Assessment of losses due to insects. Calculations on the doses of insecticides application technique. Fumigation of grain store/godown. Identification of rodents and rodent control operations in godowns. Identification of birds and bird control operations in godowns. Determination of moisture content of grain. Methods of grain sampling under storage condition. Visit to Indian Storage Management and Research Institute, Hapur and Quality Laboratory, Department of Food, Delhi. Visit to nearest FCI godowns.

4. AG-6008 Beneficial Insects and Pests of Horticultural Crops and Their Management 3(2+1) Theory

General account on nature and type of damage by different arthropod pests. Scientific name, order, family, host range, distribution, biology and bionomics, nature of damage, and management of major pests and scientific names, order, family, host range, distribution, nature of damage and control practices for other important arthropod pests of various vegetable crops, fruit crops, plantation crops, ornamental crops and major pests of narcotics, spices and condiments. Types of silkworm, voltinism and biology of silkworm. Mulberry cultivation, mulberry varieties, methods of harvesting and preservation of leaves. Rearing of mulberry silkworm, rearing appliances, mounting and harvesting of cocoons. Pests and diseases of silkworm, management, and methods of disinfection.

Importance of beneficial insects, bee keeping, pollinating plants and their cycle, bee biology, commercial methods of rearing, equipment used and seasonal management. Bee pasturage, bee foraging and communication. Insect pests and diseases of honey bee. Species of lac insect, morphology, biology, host plant and lac production –Processing of lac-seed lac, button lac, shellac and lac-products. Identification of major parasitoids and predators commonly used in biological control.

Practical

Identification of different types of damage. Identification and study of life cycle and seasonal history of various insect pests attacking horticultural crops - vegetable crops, fruit crops, plantation gardens, narcotics, spices & condiments. Visit to orchards and gardens. Mulberry cultivation, mulberry varieties and methods of harvesting and preservation of leaves. Types of silkworm, voltinism and biology and rearing of silkworm and equipment. Honey bee species and castes of bees. Beekeeping appliances and seasonal management. Bee enemies and diseases. Bee pasturage, bee foraging and communication. Species of lac insect, host plant identification. Identification of other important pollinators, weed killers and scavengers. Visit to research and training institutions devoted to sericulture, beekeeping, lac culture and natural enemies.

Department of Agricultural Economics

S.No	Course Code	Course Title	Credit Hours
1	AG-2004	Fundamental of Agricultural Economics	2(2+0)
2	AG-3005	Agricultural Financial & Co-operation	3(2+1)
3	AG-5004	Agricultural Marketing, Trade & Prices	3(2+1)
4	AG-6004	Farm Management, Production & Resource Economics	2(1+1)
		Total Credit	10

1. AG-2004

Fundamentals of Agricultural Economics

(2+0)

Theory

Economics: Meaning, scope and subject matter, definitions, activities, approaches to economic analysis; micro and macro economics, positive and normative analysis. Nature of economic theory; rationality assumption, concept of equilibrium, economic laws as generalization of human behavior. Basic concepts: Goods and services, desire, want, demand, utility, cost and price, wealth, capital, income and welfare. Agricultural economics: meaning, definition, characteristics of agriculture, importance and its role in economic development. Agricultural planning and development in the country.

Demand: meaning, law of demand, demand schedule and demand curve, determinants, utility theory; law of diminishing marginal utility, equimarginal utility principle. Consumer's equilibrium and derivation of demand curve, concept of consumer surplus. Elasticity of demand: concept and measurement of price elasticity, income elasticity and cross elasticity. Production: process, creation of utility, factors of production, input output relationship. Supply: Stock v/s supply, law of supply, supply schedule, supply curve, determinants of supply, elasticity of supply. Concepts of rent, wage, interest and profit.

National income: Meaning and importance, circular flow, concepts of national income accounting and approaches to measurement, difficulties in measurement. Population: Importance, Malthusian and Optimum population theories, natural and socio-economic determinants, current policies and programmes on population control. Money: Barter system of exchange and its problems, evolution, meaning and functions of money, classification of money, money supply, general price index, in flation and deflation, public revenue and public expenditure.

Tax: meaning, direct and indirect taxes, agricultural taxation, VAT.

Economic systems: Concepts of economy and its functions, important features of capitalistic, socialistic and mixed economies, elements of economic planning.

2. AG-3005 Agricultural Finance and Co-Operation 3(2+1)

Theory

Agricultural Finance- meaning, scope and significance, credit needs and its role in Indian agriculture. Agricultural Credit: meaning, definition, need, classification. Credit analysis: 4 R's, and 3C's of credits. Sources of agricultural finance: institutional and non-institutional sources, commercial banks, social control and nationalization of commercial banks, Micro financing including K.CC. Lead bank scheme, RRBs, Scale of finance and unit cost. An introduction to higher financing institutions - RBI, NABARD, ADB, IMF, world bank, Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation of India. Cost of credit. Recent development in agricultural credit. Preparation and analysis of financial statements-Balance Sheet and Income Statement. Basic guidelines for preparation of project reports-Bank norms - SWOT analysis. Agricultural Cooperation - Meaning, brief history of cooperative development in India, objectives, principles of cooperation, significance of cooperatives in Indian agriculture. Agricultural Cooperation in India-credit, marketing, consumer and multi-purpose cooperatives, farmers service cooperative societies, processing cooperatives, farming cooperatives, cooperative warehousing; role of ICA, NCUI, NCDC,NAFED.

Practical

Determination of most profitable level of capital use. Optimum allocation of limited amount of capital among different enterprise. Analysis of progress and performance of co-operatives using published data. Analysis of progress and performance of commercial banks and RRBs using published data. Visit to a commercial bank, cooperative bank and cooperative society to acquire first hand knowledge of their management, schemes and procedures. Estimation of credit requirement of farm business - A case study. Preparation and analysis of balance sheet - A case study. Preparation and analysis of income statement - A case study. Appraisal of a loan proposal - A case study. Technoeconomic parameters for preparation of projects. Preparation of Bankable projects for various agricultural products and its value added products. Seminar on selected topics.

3. AG-5004 Agricultural Marketing, Trade and Prices 3(2+1)

Theory

Agricultural Marketing: Concepts and definitions of market, marketing, agricultural marketing, market structure, marketing mix and market segmentation, classification and characteristics of agricultural markets; demand, supply and producer's surplus of agri-commodities: nature and determinants of demand and supply of farm products, producer's surplus - meaning and its types, marketable and marketed surplus, factors affecting marketable surplus of agri- commodities; cost based and competition based pricing; market promotion - advertising, personal selling, sales promotion and publicity - their meaning and merits & demerits; marketing process and functions: Marketing processconcentration, dispersion and equalization; exchange functions - buying and selling; physical functions - storage, transport and processing; facilitating functions - packaging, branding, grading, quality control and labeling (Agmark); Market functionaries and marketing channels: Types and importance of agencies involved in agricultural marketing; meaning and definition of marketing channel; number of channel levels; marketing channels for different farm products; Integration, efficiency, costs and price spread: Meaning, definition and types of market integration; marketing efficiency; marketing costs, margins and price spread; factors affecting cost of marketing; reasons for higher marketing costs of

farm commodities; ways of reducing marketing costs; Role of Govt, in agricultural marketing: Public sector institutions- CWC, SWC, FCI, CACP & DMI - their objectives and functions; cooperative

marketing in India; Risk in marketing: Types of risk in marketing; speculation & hedging; an overview of futures trading; Agricultural prices and policy: Meaning and functions of price; administered prices; need for agricultural price policy; Trade: Concept of International Trade and its need, theories of absolute and comparative advantage. Present status and prospects of international trade in agri-commodities; GATT and WTO; Agreement on Agriculture (AoA) and its implications on Indian agriculture; IPRGST.

Practical: Plotting and study of demand and supply curves and calculation of elasticities; Study of relationship between market arrivals and prices of some selected commodities; Computation of marketable and marketed surplus of important commodities; Study of price behaviour over time for some selected commodities; Construction of index numbers; Visit to a local market to study various marketing functions performed by different agencies, identification of marketing channels for selected commodity, collection of data regarding marketing costs, margins and price spread and presentation of report in the class; Visit to market institutions - NAFED, SWC, - CWC, cooperative marketing society, etc. to study their organization and functioning; Application of principles of comparative advantage of international trade.

4. AG-6004 Farm Management, Production and Resource Economics 2(1+1) Theory

Meaning and concept off arm management, objectives and relationship with other sciences. Meaning and definition of farms, its types and characteristics, factor determining types and size of farms. Principles of farm management: concept of production function and its type, use of production function in decision-making on a farm, factor-product, factor-factor and product-product relationship, law of equi-marginal/or principles of opportunity cost and law of comparative advantage. Meaning and concept of cost, types of costs and their interrelationship, importance of cost in managing farm business and estimation of gross farm income, net farm income, family labor income and farm business income. Farm business analysis: meaning and concept of farm income and profitability, technical and economic efficiency measures in crop and livestock enterprises. Importance of farm records and accounts in managing a farm, various types off arm records needed to maintain on farm, farm inventory, balance sheet, profit and loss accounts, Meaning and importance of farm planning and budgeting, partial and complete budgeting, steps in farm planning and budgeting-linear programming, appraisal of farm resources, selection of crops and livestock's enterprises. Concept of risk and uncertainty occurs in agriculture production, nature and sources of risks and its management strategies, Crop/livestock/machinery insurance-weather based crop insurance, features, determinants of compensation. Concepts of resource economics, differences between NRE and agricultural economics, unique properties of natural resources. Positive and negative externalities in agriculture, Inefficiency and welfare loss, solutions, Important issues in economics and management of common property resources of land, water, pasture and forest resources etc.

Practical: Preparation of farm layout. Determination of cost of fencing of a farm. Computation of depreciation cost of farm assets. Application of equi-marginal returns/opportunity cost principle in allocation of farm resources. Determination of most profitable level of inputs use in a farm production process. Determination of least cost combination of inputs. Selection of most profitable enterprise combination. Application of cost principles including CACP concepts in the estimation of cost of crop and livestock enterprises. Preparation of farm plan and budget, farm records and accounts and profit & loss accounts. Collection and analysis of data on various resources in India.

Department of Agricultural Engineering

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Credit Hours	
1	AG-3006	Farm Machinery and Power	2(1+1)	
2	AG-4005	Renewable Energy and Green Technology	2(1+1)	
3	AG-5005	Protected Cultivation and Secondary Agriculture	2(1+1)	
	Total Credit 06			

1. AG-3006

Farm Machinery and Power

2(1+1)

2(1+1)

Theory

Status of Farm Power in India, Sources of Farm Power, I.C. engines, working principles of IC engines, comparison of two stroke and four stroke cycle engines, Study of different components of I.C. engine, I.C. engine terminology and solved problems, Familiarization with different systems of I.C. engines: Air cleaning, cooling, lubrication, fuel supply and hydraulic control system of a tractor, Familiarization with Power transmission system: clutch, gear box, differential and final drive of a tractor, Tractor types, Cost analysis of tractor power and attached implement, Familiarization with Primary and Secondary Tillage implement, Implement for hill agriculture, implement for inter cultural operations, Familiarization with sowing and planting equipment, calibration of a seed drill and solved examples, Familiarization with Plant Protection equipment, Familiarization with harvesting and threshing equipment.

Practical: Study of different components of I.C. engine. To study air cleaning and cooling system of engine, Familiarization with clutch, transmission, differential and final drive of a tractor, Familiarization with lubrication and fuel supply system of engine, Familiarization with brake, steering, hydraulic control system of engine, Learning of tractor driving, Familiarization with operation of power tiller, Implements for hill agriculture, Familiarization with different types of primary and secondary tillage implements: mould plough, disc plough and disc harrow. Familiarization with seed-cum-fertilizer drills their seed metering mechanism and calibration, planters and transplanter Familiarization with different types of sprayers and dusters Familiarization with different intercultivation equipment, Familiarization with harvesting and threshing machinery.

2. AG-4005

Renewable Energy and Green Technology

Theory

Classification of energy sources, contribution of these of sources in agricultural sector, Familiarization with biomass utilization for bio-fuel production and their application, Familiarization with types of biogas plants and gasifiers, biogas, bio-alcohol, biodiesel and bio-oil production and their utilization as bio-energy resource, introduction of solar energy, collection and their application, Familiarization with solar energy gadgets: solar cooker, solar water heater, application of solar energy: solar drying, solar pond, solar distillation, introduction of wind energy and their application.

Practical: Familiarization with renewable energy gadgets. To study biogas plants, To study gasifier, To study the production process of bio-fuels. Familiarization with different solar energy gadgets. To study solar photovoltaic system: solar light, solar pumping, solar fencing. To study solar cooker, To study solar drying system. To study solar distillation and solar pond.

3. AG-5005 Protected Cultivation and Secondary Agriculture 2(l+1)

Theory

Green house technology: Introduction, Types of Green Houses; Plant response to Green house environment, Planning and design of green houses, Design criteria of green house for cooling and heating purposes. Greenhouse equipments, materials of construction for traditional and low cost green houses. Irrigation systems used in greenhouses, typical applications, passive solar green house, hot air green house heating systems, green house drying.

Important Engineering properties such as physical, thermal and aero & hydrodynamic properties of cereals, pulses and oilseed, their application in PHT equipment design and operation. Drying and dehydration; moisture measurement, EMC, drying theory, various drying method, commercial grain dryer (deep bed dryer, flat bed dryer, tray dryer, fluidized bed dryer, recirculatory dryer and solar dryer). Material handling equipment; conveyer and elevators, their principle, working and selection.

Practical

Study of different type of green houses based on shape. Determine the rate of air exchange in an active summer/winter/cooling system. Determination of drying rate of agricultural products inside green house. Study of green house equipments. Visit to various Post Harvest Laboratories. Determination of Moisture content of various grains by oven drying & infrared moisture methods. Determination of engineering properties (shape and size, bulk density and porosity of biomaterials). Determination of Moisture content of various grains by moisture meter. Field visit to seed processing plant.

Department of Plant Pathology

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Credit Hours
1	AG-2006	Fundamental of Plant Pathology	4(3+1)
2	AG-3007	Principals of Integrated Disease Management	3(2+1)
3	AG-5006	Diseases of Field and Horticultural Crops &	3(2+1)
		their Management-I	
4	AG-6005	Diseases of Field and Horticultural Crops &	3(2+1)
		their Management-II	
	13		

1. AG-2006

Fundamentals of Plant Pathology

4(3+l)

Theory

Introduction: Importance of plant diseases, scope and objective of Plant Pathology. History of Plant Pathology with special reference to Indian work. Terms and concept in Plant Pathology, Pathogenesis, diseases triangle and tetrahedron and classification of plant diseases, Important Plant pathogenic organism fungi, bacteria, fastidious vesicular bacteria, Phytoplasmas, Spiroplasmas, viruses, viroids, algae, protozoa, phanerogamic parasite and nematodes with example of diseases caused by them. Diseases due to a biotic causes. Fungi: general character, definition of fungus, somatic structures, type of fungus thalli, fungal tissues, modifications of thallus, reproduction (Asexual and Sexual). Nomenclature, Binomial system of nomenclature, rules of nomenclature, classification of fungi, key to divisions, sub-divisions, orders and classes. Bacteria and mollicutes: general morphological characters, basic methods reproduction. Viruses: nature of properties, structure and transmission. Study of phanerogamic plant parasites. Epidemiology: Factors affecting disease development.

Practical

Acquaintance with various laboratory equipments and microscopy. Collection and preservation of disease specimen. Preparation of media, isolation and koch's postulates. General study of different structure of fungi, study of symptoms of various plant diseases. Study of representive fungal genera. Staining and identification of plant pathogenic bacteria. Study of phanerogamic plant parasites. Identification of plant parasitic nematodes.

2. AG-3007 Principles of Integrated Disease Management 3(2+1) Theory

Categories of diseases, IDM: Introduction, history, importance, concepts, principles and tools of IDM. Economic importance of, diseases and Methods of detection and diagnosis of diseases. Calculation and dynamics of economic injury level and importance of Economic threshold level. Methods of control: Host plant resistance, cultural, mechanical, physical, legislative, biological and chemical control. Survey surveillance and forecasting of diseases. Safety issues in fungicide uses. Political, social and legal implication of IDM.

Practical

Methods of diagnosis and detection of plant diseases, Methods of plant disease measurement, Assessment of crop yield losses, calculations based on economics of IDM, Identification of biocontrol agents, different predators and natural enemies. Identification and nature of damage of important diseases and their management. Plan & assess preventive strategies (IDMmodule) and decision making, crop monitoring attacked by diseases. Farmers fields visit.

3. AG-5006 Diseases of Field and Horticultural Crops & Their Management–I 3(2+1) Theory

Symptoms, etiology, disease cycle and management of major diseases of following crops:

Field Crops: Rice: Blast, Brown spot, Bacterial Blight, Sheath blight, false smut, Khaira and tungro; Maize: stalkrots, downy mildew; Sorghum: smuts; Bajra: downy mildew and ergot; Groundnut: early and leaf spots; Pigeonpea: Phytophthora blight, wilt and sterility mosaic; Green gram: Cercospora leaf spot, web blight and yellow mosaic; Tobacco: Mosaic. Horticultural Crops: Guava: wilt and anthracnose; Banana: Panama wilt, sigatoka and bunchy top; Papaya: foot rot and leaf curl.

Cruciferous vegetable: Alternaria leaf spot and black rot; Brinjal: phomopsis blight, sclerotinia and little leaf; Tomato: early and late blight, leaf curl and mosaic; Okra: Yellow Vein Mosaic; Beans: Anthracnose and bacterial blight; ginger: soft rot; Colocasia: Phytophthora blight.

Practical

Identification and histo-pathological studies of selected diseases of field and horticultural crops covered in theory. Field visit for the diagnosis of field problems. Collection and preservation of plant diseased specimens for herbarium.

Note: Students should submit 10 pressed and well- mounted specimens.

4. AG-6005 Diseases of Field and Horticultural Crops & Their Management–II 3(2+1) Theory

Symptoms, etiology, disease cycle and management of major diseases of following crops: Field Crops: Wheat: Rusts, loose smut, karnal bunt, powdery mildew, Alternaria blight and ear cockle; Sugarcane: red rot, smut, wilt and grassy shoot Sunflower: Sclerotinia stem rot and Alternaria blight; Mustard: Alternaria blight, white rust, downy mildew; Gram: wilt and Ascochy tab light; Lentil: Rust and wilt; Cotton: Vascular wilt and black arm; Pea: Downy mildew, powdery mildew and rust.

Horticultural Crops: Mango: Anthracnose, malformation, powdery mildew; Citrus: canker and gummosis; Grape vine: Downy mildew powdery mildew; Apple: scab and Fire blight; Peach: leaf curl; Cucurbits: downy mildew, powdery mildew and wilt; Onion and garlic: purple blotch and stemphylium blight; Chilli: anthracnose and leaf curl; Turmeric: leaf spot; Coriander; stem gall; Marigold: Botrytis blight; Rose: dieback, powdery mildew; Potato: Early and late blight, Common scab, powdery scab, black scurf and potato mosaic.

Practical

Identification and histo-pathological studies of selected diseases of field and horticultural crops covered in theory. Field visit for the diagnosis of field problems. Collection and preservation of plant diseased specimens for herbarium.

Note: Students should submit 10 pressed and well- mounted specimens.

Department of Horticulture

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Credit Hours	
1	AG-1004	Fundamental of Horticulture (New)	2(1+1)	
2	AG-2007	Production Technology for Vegetable and Spices	2(1+1)	
3	AG-4006	Production Technology for Ornamental Crops, MAPs and Landscaping	2(1+1)	
4	AG-5007	Production Technology for Fruit and Plantation Crops	2(1+1)	
5	AG-6006	Post-harvest Management and Value Addition of Fruits and Vegetables	2(1+1)	
	Total Credit			

1. AG-1004

Fundamentals of Horticulture (NEW)

2(1+1) Theory

Horticulture - Its definition and branches, importance and scope; horticultural and botanical classification; climate and soil for horticultural crops; Plant propagation-methods and propagating structures; principles of orchard establishment; Principles and methods of training and pruning, juvenility and flower bud differentiation; unfruitfulness; pollination, pollinizers and pollinators; fertilization and parthenocarpy; use of plant bio-regulators in horticulture, irrigation and fertilizers applications - method and quality.

Practical

Identification of garden tools. Identification of horticultural crops. Preparation of seed bed/nursery bed. Practice of sexual and a sexual methods of propagation Layout and planting or orchard plants. Training and pruning of fruit trees transplanting and care of vegetable seedlings making of herbaceous and shrubbery borders. Preparation of potting mixture potting and repotting. Fertilizer application in different crops. Visits to commercial nurseries/orchard.

2. AG-2007 Production Technology for Vegetable and Spices 2(1+1)

Theory

Importance of vegetables & spices in human nutrition and national economy, types of vegetable gardening brief about origin, area, production improved varieties and cultivation practices such as time of sowing, transplanting techniques, planting distance, fertilizer requirements, irrigation, weed management, harvesting storage, physiological disorders, disease and seed production of important vegetable (potato, tomato, cauliflower, onion, okra, bottle guard and bitter guard) and spices i.e. condiments, Ginger, turmeric, coriander, cumin, funnel, black peper, ilaichi.

Practical

Identification of vegetables & spice crops and their seeds. Nursery raising. Direct seed sowing and transplanting. Study of morphological characters of different vegetables & spices. Fertilizers applications raising of nursery of vegetable & spices, vegetable and spices seed extraction. Harvesting & preparation for market. Economics of vegetables and spices cultivation.

3. AG-4006 Production Technology for Ornamental Crops, MAPs and Landscaping 2(1+1) Theory

Importance and scope of ornamental crops, medicinal and aromatic plants and landscaping. Principles of landscaping. Landscape uses of trees, shrubs and climbers. Style of gardening and lawn making and maintenance. Production technology of important cut flowers like rose, gerbera, carnation, lilium and orchids user protected conditions and gladiolus, tuberose, chrysanthemum under open conditions. Package of practices for loose flowers like marigold and jasmine under open conditions, isabgol and aromatic plants like mint, lemongrass, citronella, palmarosa, ocimum, geranium, vetiver.

Practical

Identification of Ornamental plants. Identification of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants. Nursery bed preparation and seed sowing. Training and pruning of Ornamental plants. Planning and layout of garden. Bed preparation and planting of MAP. Protected structures - care and maintenance. Intercultural operations in flowers and MAP. Harvesting and post harvest handling of cut and loose flowers extraction of essential soils.

4. AG-5007 Production Technology for Fruit and Plantation Crops 2(1+1) Theory

Importance and scope of fruit and plantation crop industry in India; High density planting; Use of rootstocks; Production technologies for the cultivation of major fruits-mango, banana, citrcus, grape, guava, Litchi, papaya, apple, pear, peach and; minor fruits-pineapple, pomegranate, jackfruit, strawberry, nut crops; plantation crops-coconut, arecanut, cashew, tea, coffee & rubber.

Practical

Seed propagation. Scarification and stratification of seeds. Propagation methods for fruit and plantation crops. Including micro-propagation. Description and identification of fruit. Preparation of plant bio regulators and their uses, pests, diseases and physiological disorders of above fruit and plantation crops, Visit to commercial orchards.

5. AG- 6006 Post-harvest Management and Value Addition of Fruits and Vegetables 2(1+1)

Theory: Importance of fruits and vegetables, extent and possible causes of post harvest losses; Preharvest factors affecting postharvest quality, maturity, ripening and changes occurring during ripening; Respiration and factors affecting respiration rate; role of ethylene; post harvest disease and disorders; heat, chilling and freezing injury; harvesting and field handling; Storage (ZECC, cold storage, CA, MA and hypobaric); Value addition concept; Principles and methods of preservation; Intermediate moisture food- Jam, jelly, marmalade, preserve, candy - Concepts and Standards; Fermented and non-fermented beverages. Tomato products- Concepts and Standards; Drying/ Dehydration of fruits and vegetables-Concept and methods, osmotic drying. Canning—Concepts and Standards, packaging of products.

Practical: Applications of different types of packaging, containers for shelf life extension. Effect of temperature on shelf life and quality of produce. Demonstration of chilling and freezing injury in vegetables and fruits. Extraction and preservation of pulps and juices. Preparation of jam, jelly, RTS, nectar, squash, osmotically dried products, fruit bar and candy and tomato products, canned products. Quality evaluation of products — physico-chemical and sensory. Visit to processing unit/industry.

Department of Agricultural Extension

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Credit Hours
1	AG-1005	Rural Sociology & Educational Psychology	2(1+1)
2	AG-2008	Fundamentals of Agricultural Extension Education	3(2+1)
3	AG-4007	Entrepreneurship Development and Business	2(1+1)
		Communication	
4	AG-5008 Communication Skills and Personality Development		2(1+1)
		Total Credit	09

1. AG-1005 Rural Sociology & Educational Psychology

2(1+1)

Theory

Sociology and Rural sociology: Definition and scope, its significance in agriculture extension, Social Ecology, Rural society, Social Groups, Social Stratification, Culture concept, Social Institution, Social Change & Development. Rural Leadership: concept and definition, types of leaders in rural context. Educational psychology: Meaning & its importance in agriculture extension. Behavior: Cognitive, affective, psychomotor domain, Personality, Learning, Motivation, Theories of Motivation, Intelligence.

Practical

Socio-economic survey of village communities .Developing schedules and questionnaires. Visit and gaining of Practical knowledge about the working of basic rural institutions. Identification of important value systems in the rural setting as a means of social control. Identification of rural personality traits that affect the development of personality in rural situation.

2. AG-2008 Fundamentals of Agricultural Extension Education 3(2+1) Theory

Education: Meaning, definition & Types; Extension Education- meaning, definition, scope and process; objectives and principles of Extension Education; Extension Programme planning- Meaning, Process, Principles and Steps in Programme Development. Extension systems in India: extension efforts in pre-independence era (Sriniketan, Marthandam, Firka Development Scheme, Gurgaon Experiment, etc.) and post-independence era (Etawah Pilot Project, Nilokheri Experiment, etc.); various extension/ agriculture development programmes launched by ICAR/Govt. of India (IADP, IAAP, HYVP, KVK, IVLP, ORP, ND, NATP, NAIP etc.). New trends in agriculture extension: privatization extension, cyber extension/ e-extension, market-led extension, farmer-led extension, expert systems, etc.

Rural Development: concept, meaning, definition; various rural development programmes launched by Govt. of India. Community Development.-meaning, definition, concept & principles, Philosophy of C.D. extension administration: meaning and concept, principles and functions. Monitoring and evaluation: concept and definition, transfer of technology: concept and models, capacity building of extension personnel; extension teaching methods: meaning, classification, individual, group and mass contact methods, ICT Applications in TOT.

Practical

To get acquainted with university extension system. Group discussion-exercise; handling and use of audio visual equipments and digital camera and LCD projector; preparation and use of AV aids, preparation of extension literature – leaflet, booklet, folder, pamphlet news stories and success stories; Presentation skills exercise; micro teaching exercise; A visit to village to understand the problems being encountered by the villagers/ farmers; to study organization and functioning of DRDA and other development departments at district level; visit to NGO and learning from their experience in rural development; understanding PRA techniques and their application in village development planning; exposure to mass media: visit to community radio and television studio for understanding the process of programme production; script writing, writing for print and electronic media, developing script for radio and television.

3. AG-4007 Entrepreneurship Development and Business Communication 2(1+1) Theory

Concept of Entrepreneur, Entrepreneurship Development, Characteristics of entrepreneurs; SWOT Analysis & achievement motivation, Government policy and programs and institutions for entrepreneurship development, Impact of economic reforms on Agribusiness/ Agri-enterprises, Entrepreneurial Development Process; Business Leadership Skills; Developing organizational skill (controlling, supervising, problem solving, monitoring & evaluation), Developing Managerial skills, Business Leadership Skills (Communication, direction and motivation Skills), Problem solving skill, Supply chain management and Total quality management, Project PlanningFormulationandreportpreparation; Financingofenterprise, Opportunities for agrient repreneurship and rural enterprise.

Practical

Assessing entrepreneurial traits, problem solving skills, managerial skills and achievement motivation, exercise in creativity, time audit through planning, monitoring and supervision, identification and selection of business idea, preparation of business plan and proposal writing, visit to entrepreneurship development institute and entrepreneurs.

4. AG-5008 Communication Skills and Personality Development 2(1+1)

Theory

Communication: meaning and definition; Principles and process of communication, models and barriers to communication; Verbal and nonverbal communication. Communication Skills: Listening and note taking, writing skills, oral presentation skills; field diary and lab record; indexing, foot note and bibliographic procedures. Reading and comprehension of general and technical articles, precise writing, summarizing, abstracting; individual and group presentations, impromptu presentation, public speaking; Group discussion. Organizing seminars and conferences. Diffusion and adoption of innovation: concept and meaning, process and stages of adoption, adopter categories.

Practical

Listening and note taking, writing skills, oral presentation skills; field diary and lab record; indexing, footnote and bibliographic procedures. Reading and comprehension of general and technical articles, precise writing, summarizing, abstracting; individual and group presentations.

Department of Soil Conservation

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Credit Hours
1	AG-1006	Introduction to Forestry (New)	2(1+1)
2	AG-2011	Soil and Water Conservation Engineering	2(1+1)
3	AG-4008	Introductory Agro-meteorology & Climate Change	2(1+1)
4	AG-6007	Watershed and waste land Management	2(1+1)
Total Credit			

1. AG-1006

Introduction to Forestry (New)

2(1+1)

Theory

Introduction - definitions of basic terms related to forestry, objectives of silviculture, forest classification, salient features of Indian Forest Policies. Forest regeneration, Natural regeneration - natural regeneration from seed and vegetative parts, coppicing, root suckers; Artificial regeneration - objectives, choice between natural and artificial regeneration, essential preliminary considerations. Crown classification. Tending operations - weeding, cleaning, thinning - mechanical, ordinary, crown and advance thinning. Forest mensuration - objectives, diameter measurement, instruments used in diameter measurement; measurement of volume of felled and standing trees, age determination of trees. Agroforestry - definitions, importance, criteria of selection of trees in agroforestry, different agroforestry systems prevalent in the country, shifting cultivation, taungya, alley cropping, wind breaks and shelter belts, home gardens. Cultivation practices of two important fast growing tree species of the region.

Practical

Identification of tree-species. Diameter measurements using calipers and tape, Volume measurement of logs using various formulae. Nursery lay out, seed sowing, vegetative propagation techniques. Forest plantations and their management. Visits of nearby forest based industries.

2. AG-2011 Soil and Water Conservation Engineering 2(1+1) Theory

Introduction to Soil and Water Conservation, causes of soil erosion. Definition and agents of soil erosion, water erosion: Forms of water erosion. Gully classification and control measures. Soil loss estimation by universal Loss Soil Equation. Soil loss measurement techniques. Principles of erosion control: Introduction to contouring, strip cropping. Contour bund. Graded bund and bench terracing. Grassed water ways and their design. Water harvesting and its techniques. Wind erosion: mechanics of wind erosion, types of soil movement. Principles of wind erosion control and its control measures.

Practical

General status of soil conservation in India. Calculation of erosion index. Estimation of soil loss. Measurement of soil loss. Preparation of contour maps. Design of grassed water ways. Design of contour bunds. Design of graded bunds. Design of bench terracing system. Problem on wind erosion.

3. AG-4008 Introductory Agro-meteorology & Climate Change 2(1+1)

Theory

Meaning and scope of agricultural meteorology; Earth atmosphere- its composition, extent and structure; Atmospheric weather variables; Atmospheric pressure, its variation with height; Wind, types of wind, daily and seasonal variation of wind speed, cyclone, anticyclone, land breeze and sea breeze; Nature and properties of solar radiation, solar constant, depletion of solar radiation, short wave, long wave and thermal radiation, net radiation, albedo; Atmospheric temperature, temperature inversion, lapse rate, daily and seasonal variations of temperature, vertical profile of temperature, Energy balance of earth; Atmospheric humidity, concept of saturation, vapor pressure, process of condensation, formation of dew, fog, mist, frost, cloud; Precipitation, process of precipitation, types of precipitation such as rain, snow, sleet, and hail, cloud formation and classification; Artificial rainmaking. Monsoon-mechanism and importance in Indian agriculture, Weather hazards - drought, floods, frost, tropical cyclones and extreme weather conditions such as heat-wave and cold-wave. Agriculture and weather relations; Modifications of crop micro climate, climatic normals for crop and live stock production. Weather forecasting-types of weather forecast and their uses. Climate change, climatic variability, global warming, causes of climate change and its impact on regional and national Agriculture.

Practical

Visit of Agro-meteorological Observatory, site selection of observatory, exposure of instruments and weather data recording. Measurement of total, shortwave and long wave radiation, and its estimation using Planck's intensity law. Measurement of albedo and sunshine duration, computation of Radiation Intensity using BSS. Measurement of maximum and minimum air temperatures, its tabulation, trend and variation analysis. Measurement of soil temperature and computation of soil heat flux. Determination of vapor pressure and relative humidity. Determination of dew point temperature. Measurement of atmospheric pressure and analysis of atmospheric conditions. Measurement of wind speed and wind direction, preparation of wind rose. Measurement, tabulation and analysis of rain. Measurement of open pan evaporation and evapo-transpiration. Computation of PET and AET.

4. AG-6007 Watershed and waste land Management

2(1+1)

Theory

Watershed management - Concept need, principles & components of watershed management integrated watershed management. Factors effecting water shed management run off & soil loss management in a water shed socio-economic concept of water shed. Peoples participation in watershed management. Policy approaches & management plan, problems of water shed management. Waste land management-Definition, concept & types of degraded & wasteland. Distribution & extent of water shed in India & Uttar Pradesh, factors responsible for land degradation, characteristics of different types of degradation & waste land. Problems of degraded land in Uttar Pradesh. Appropriate techniques for management of different types of degraded & waste land.

Practical

Characterization and delineation of model watershed. Field demonstration on soil & moisture conservation measures. Field demonstration on construction of water harvesting structures. Visit to rain fed research station/watershed.

Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Credit Hours
1	AG-1007	Introductory Animal husbandry	3(2+1)
2	AG-2009	Food Processing and Safety issues	3(2+1)
3	AG-3010	Dairy Science	3(2+1)
4	AG-4010	Poultry production and management	3(2+1)
5	AG-5010	Principles of Food Science and Nutrition	3(2+1)
	15		

1. AG-1007

Introductory Animal husbandry

3(2+1)

UNIT 1.

GENERAL: Importance of livestock in Agriculture and Economy. Dairying under specialized and mixed farming. Livestock and milk production statistics.

UNIT 2.

DAIRY CATTLE AND BUFFALOES MANAGEMENT: Cattle and buffalo Breeds, Breeding methods & systems, Care and Management of pregnant and milch cow, Raising of calves, Management of heifers and bulls, Maintenance of livestock records, Milking methods and principles, Clean milk production, Feeds and feeding, Conservation of fodder, Housing for dairy animals.

UNIT 3.

PIG MANAGEMENT: Importance, Important breeds, Raising of piglets up to age of slaughter, General aspects of breeding, Care of sow and boar.

UNIT 4.

SHEEP AND GOAT MANAGEMENT :Importance, Important breeds, Raising of kids and lambs, Breeding, Feeding of goats and sheep.

UNIT 5.

HEALTH MANAGEMENT : Common animal diseases of cattle, buffalo, goat, sheep and swine viz. Anthrax, BQ, HS, Brucellosis, Mastitis, Milk fever, Bloat, Swine fever and Enterotoximea, Vaccination schedule.

Practical

Study of external body parts, Study of phenotypic and physiological difference between cow and buffaloes, Estimation of body weight by measurements, Identification of animals, Castration, Dehorning, Estimation of cost of milk production, Problems on computation of ration, casting and throwing, Grooming, Scheme of fodder production round the year, Recording temperature, pulse rate and respiration rate of animals.

2. AG-2009 FOOD PROCESSING AND SAFETY ISSUES 3(2+1) UNIT 1.

GENERAL: Definition of food, Constituents of foods: Water, Carbohydrate, Fat, Protein, Vitamins and Minerals with reference to milk, Detailed composition of milk and colostrum.

UNIT 2.

FOOD PROCESSING: Pasteurization, Sterilization, Bactofugation, Uperization, Stassanization, U.H.T. pasteurization and Homogenization of milk, Neutralization of milk, Cream, Cooling and chilling of milk.

UNIT 3. Manufacturing of common dairy product viz. Cream, Butter, Ghee, Dahi, Yoghart, Shrikhand

& Ice-cream.

UNIT 4. Manufacturing of Khoa, Evaporated milk, condensed milk, WMP, SMP, Paneer, Cheese, Chhena, Cheddar cheese and Mozzarella cheese (Pizza cheese).

UNIT 5. FOOD SAFETY: Definition, Importance, Scope, Hazards and risks. Food safety management, HACCP, ISO Series, TQM-Concept and need for quality component of TQM. Basic water tests.

Practical

- 1. Demostraction of Cream separation.
- 2. Preparation of indigenous dairy products viz. Dahi, Chhena, Khoa, Paneer, Cream, Ghee, shrikhand.
- 3. Water quality analysis.
- 4. Problem on neutralization of milk and cream.
- 5. Preparation of plants for implementation of HACCP and ISO series,
- 6. Problems on overrun.
- 7. Calculation of Ice cream mix.

3. AG-3010

DAIRY SCIENCE

3(2+1)

UNIT 1.

GENERAL: Concept of Dairying, Dairying in India, Dairy development in different five year plans. **UNIT 2.** Dairy production statistics, Cleaning and sanitization of dairy equipment.

UNIT 3.

Dairy cooperatives, Functioning of dairy cooperatives societies, Functioning of Anand Pattern, White revolution, Objectives and achievements of operation flood.

UNIT 4.

Milk and its secretion, Transportation and milk distribution, pricing policy of milk, platform tests, Filtration, Straining and Clarification of milk, Standardization, Milk adulteration and its detection, Common preservatives of milk and their detection, Legal standards of milk. Factors affecting the quality and quantity of milk, Nutritive value of milk and milk product.

UNIT 5.

Basic principles of refrigeration and cold storage of milk and milk product. Common adulterants of ghee, khoa and their detection.

Practical

- 1. Sampling of milk.
- 2. C.O.B. Test
- 3. M.B.R. Test
- 4. Sediment test.
- 5. Problems on Standardization.
- 6. Detection of adulterants viz. water, starch, sucrose, urea, detergent and refinedoil
- 7. Problems on adulteration.
- 8. Hansa Test.
- 9. Detection of preservatives.
- 10. Alcohol test. 11. Acidity of milk.

4. AG-4010 Poultry production and management

3(2+1)

UNIT 1.

GENERAL: Importance of poultry industry in India, Poultry production and marketing statistics of eggs and chicken. Historical development in poultry birds potential.

UNIT 2.

BREEDING: Male and female reproductive system of chicken, Breeds and strains of broilers and layers of chicken, duck and quails, General aspects of breeding for better egg production and body weight gain, Selection and culling, Artificial insemination.

UNIT 3.

GENERAL MANAGEMENT: Establishment of poultry farm, Housing and equipment, incubation and hatching of eggs, Broiler and layer management, Lighting schedule for poultry. **UNIT 4.**

FEEDS AND FEEDING: Digestion, Digestive system of chicken, Feed ingredients, Availability of CP and ME in ingredients, Feed processing, Formulation of feed viz. Starter, Grower, Layer, Finisher and Breeder ration, FCR, CP ratio, Nutritional deficiency conditions.

UNIT 5.

HEALTH MANAGEMENT :Vaccination schedule for poultry, Common poultry diseases, i.e. Ranikhet, Marex, Chicken pox, Gumboro, Infectious bronchitis and CRD, Control of internal and external parasites.

UNIT 6.

POULTRY PRODUCTS: Preservation and storage of eggs, Grading of eggs, AGMARK standard of egg, Egg powder, Slaughtering and processing of chicken, Marketing of poultry products.

Practical

Neat and clean diagram of hen showing external body parts, structure of egg, Formulation of ration viz. Broiler starter ration, Broiler finisher ration, Chick starter ration, Grower ration, Layer ration and Breeder ration. Vaccination schedule for broiler and layers, Debeaking, Candling of eggs, Dissection of bird for showing internal body parts.

5. AG-5010 PRINCIPLES OF FOOD SCIENCE AND NUTRITION 3(2+1)

- **UNIT 1. GENERAL**: Definition of food and food science, Composition of food, Foods of animal origin, Digestive system of Ruminants.
- **UNIT 2.** Definition, Chemistry and Function of Carbohydrate, Fat, Proteins and Water.
- **UNIT 3.** Requirement, Availability, Functions and Nutritional deficiency disease of minerals and vitamins. Flavours and colours used in food.
- **UNIT 4.** Food microbiology with special reference to milk, Physico Chemical properties of milk.
- **UNIT 5.** Composition and processing of egg, meat and chicken, feed additives, antibiotics, enzymes and hormones.

Practical

- 1. Sampling of milk.
- 2. Specific gravity of milk by lactometer.
- 3. Water quality test.
- 4. Study of Nutritional deficientic conditions.
- 5. Study of Nutritional disorders.
- 6. Quality parameters for egg, meat and chicken.
- 7. Fat test by Gerbers method.
- 8. T.S. & S.N.F. percentage by Richmond's scale and formula.

Department of Statistics, Computer Application and IPR

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Credit Hours
1	AG-3009	Statistical Methods	2(1+1)
2	AG-4009	Agri-Informatics	2(1+1)
	04		

1. AG-3009 Statistical Methods 2(1+1)

Theory

Introduction to Statistics and its Applications in Agriculture, Graphical Representation of Data, Measures of Central Tendency & Dispersion, Definition of Probability, Addition and Multiplication Theorem (without proof). Simple Problems Based on Probability. Binomial & Poisson Distributions, Definition of Correlation, Scatter Diagram. Karl Pearson's Coefficient of Correlation. Linear Regression Equations. Introduction to Test of Significance, One sample & two sample test t for Means, Chi-Square Test of Independence of Attributes in 2 x2 Contingency Table. Introduction to Analysis of Variance, Analysis of One Way Classification. Introduction to Sampling Methods, Sampling versus Complete Enumeration, Simple Random Sampling with and without replacement, Use of Random Number Tables for selection of Simple Random Sample.

Practical

Graphical Representation of Data. Measures of Central Tendency (Ungrouped data) with Calculation of Quartiles, Deciles & Percentiles. Measures of Central Tendency (Grouped data) with Calculation of Quartiles, Deciles & Percentiles. Measures of Dispersion (Ungrouped Data). Measures of Dispersion (Grouped Data). Moments, Measures of Skewness & Kurtosis (Ungrouped Data). Moments, Measures of Skewness & Kurtosis (Grouped Data). Correlation & Regression Analysis. Application of One Sample t-test. Application of Two Sample Fisher's t- test. Chi-Square test of Goodness of Fit. Chi-Square test of Independence of Attributes for 2 x2 contingency table. Analysis of Variance One Way Classification. Analysis of Variance Two Way Classification. Selection of random sample using Simple Random Sampling.

2. AG-4009 Agri-Informatics 2(1+1)

Theory

Introduction to Computers, Operating Systems, definition and types, Applications of MS-Office for document creation & Editing, Data presentation, interpretation and graph creation, statistical analysis, mathematical expressions, Database, concepts and types, uses of DBMS in Agriculture, World Wide Web (WWW): Concepts and components. Introduction to computer programming

languages, concepts and standard input/output operations. e-Agriculture, concepts and applications, Use of ICT in Agriculture. Computer Models for understanding plant processes. IT application for computation of water and nutrient requirement of crops, Computer-controlled devices (automated systems) for Agri-input management, Smartphone Apps in Agriculture for farm advises, market price, postharvest management etc; Geospatial technology for generating valuable agri-information. Decision support systems, concepts, components and applications in Agriculture, Agriculture Expert System, Soil Information Systems etc for supporting Farm decisions. Preparation of contingent crop-planning using IT tools.

Practical

Study of Computer Components, accessories, practice of important DOS Commands. Introduction of different operating systems such as windows, Unix/ Linux, Creating, Files & Folders, File Management. Use of MS-WORD and MS Power-point for creating, editing and presenting a scientific Document MS-EXCEL-Creating a spreadsheet, use of statistical tools, writing expressions, creating graphs, analysis of scientific data. MS-ACCESS: Creating Database, preparing queries and reports, demonstration of Agri-information system. Introduction to World Wide Web (WWW).Introduction of programming languages. Hands on Crop Simulation Models (CSM) such as DSSAT/Crop-Info/Crop Syst/ Wofost; Computation of water and nutrient requirements of crop using CSM and IT tools. Introduction of Geospatial Technology for generating valuable information for Agriculture. Handson Decision Support System. Preparation of contingent crop planning.

Department of English

1. AG-1008 Comprehension and Communication Skills in English 2(1+1) Theory

War Minus Shooting- The sporting Spirit. A Dilemma- A layman looks at science Raymond B. Fosdick. You and Your English - Spoken English and broken English G.B. Shaw. Reading Comprehension, Vocabulary- Antonym, Synonym, Homophones, Homonyms, often confused words. Exercises to Help the students in the enrichment of vocabulary based on TOEFL and other competitive examinations. Functional grammar: Articles, Prepositions, Verb, Subject verb Agreement, Transformation, Synthesis, Direct and Indirect Narration. Written Skills: Paragraph writing, Precise writing, Report writing and Proposal writing. The Style: Importance of professional writing. Preparation of Curriculum Vitae and Job applications. Synopsis Writing. Interviews: kinds, Importance and process.

Practical

Listening Comprehension: Listening to short talks lectures, speeches (scientific, commercial and general in nature). Oral Communication: Phonetics, stress and intonation, Conversation practice. Conversation: rate of speech, clarity of voice, speaking and Listening, politeness &Reading skills: reading dialogues, rapid reading, intensive reading, improving reading skills. Mock Interviews: testing initiative, team spirit, leadership, intellectual ability. Group Discussions.

Remedial Courses

1.AG-1009

Agricultural Heritage

l(l+0)

Theory

Introduction of Indian agricultural heritage; Ancient agricultural practices, Relevance of heritage to present day agriculture; Past and present status of agriculture and farmers in society; Journey of Indian agriculture and its development from past to modern era; Plant production and protection through indigenous traditional knowledge; Crop voyage in India and world; Agriculture scope; Importance of agriculture and agricultural resources available in India; Crop significance and classifications; National agriculture setup in India; Current scenario of Indian agriculture; Indian agricultural concerns and future prospects.

2. AG-1010A

Basic Agriculture

2(1+1)

Agriculture of Intermediate standard including Agronomy, Soil Science, Horticulture, Plant Pathology.

3. AG-1010B

Introductory Biology

2(1+1)

Theory

Introduction to the living world, diversity and characteristics of life, origin of life, Evolution and Eugenics. Binomial nomenclature and classification Cell and cell division. Morphology of flowing plants. Seed and seed germination.

Plant systematic- viz; Brassicaceae, Fabaceae and Poaceae. Role of animals in agriculture.

Practical

Morphology of flowering plants - root, stem and leaf and their modifications. Inflorence, flower and fruits. Cell, tissues & c ell division. Internal structure of root, stem and leaf. Study of specimens and slides. Description of plants- Brassicaceae, Fabaceae and Poaceae.

Theory

Straight lines: Distance formula, section formula (internal and external division), Change of axes (only origin changed), Equation of co-ordinate axes, Equation of lines parallel to axes, Slope-intercept form of equation of line, Slope-point form of equation of line, Two point form of equation of line, Intercept form of equation of line, Normal form of equation of line, General form of equation of line, Point of intersection of two st. lines, Angles between two st. lines, Parallel lines, Perpendicular lines, Angle of bisectors between two lines. Area of triangle and quadrilateral. Circle: Equation of circle whose centre and radius is known, General equation of a circle, Equation of circle passing through three given points, Equation of circle whose diameters is line joining two points (xi, yi) & (X2,y2) > Tangent and Normal to a given circle at given point (Simple problems), Condition of tangency of a line y=mx + c to the given circle $x^2 + v^2 = a$.Differential Calculus: Definition of function, limit and continuity, Simple problems on limit, Simple problems on continuity, Differentiation of xⁿ, e^x, sin x & cos x from first principle, Derivatives of sum, difference, product and quotient of two functions, Differentiation of functions of functions (Simple problem based on it), Logarithmic differentiation (Simple problem based on it), Differentiation by substitution method and simple problems based on it, Differentiation of Inverse Trigonometric functions. Maxima and Minima of the functions of the form y=f (x) (Simple problems based on it).

Integral Calculus: Integration of simple functions, Integration of Product of two functions, Integration by substitution method, Definite Integral (simple problems based on it), Area under simple well-known curves (simple problems based on it).

Matrices and Determinants: Definition of Matrices, Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Transpose and Inverse up to 3rd order. Properties of determinants up to 3rd order and their evaluation.

Non-Gradial Courses

1. AG-1012A/B/C NSS/NCC/Physical Education & Yoga Practices 2(0+2) Theory

Course aims at evoking social consciousness among students through various activities viz., working together, constructive and creative social work, to be skilful in executing democratic leadership, developing skill in programme development to be able for self employment, reducing gap between educated and uneducated, increasing awareness and desire to help sections of society. Following activities are to be taken up under the NSS course:

- Introduction and basic components of NSS: Orientation
- NSS programmes and activities
- Understanding youth
- Community mobilisation
- Social harmony and national integration
- · Volunteerism and shramdan
- Citizenship, constitution and human rights
- Family and society
- Importance and role of youth leadership
- Life competencies
- Youth development programmes
- Health, hygiene and sanitation
- Youth health, lifestyle, HIV AIDS and first aid
- Youth andyoga
- Vocational skill development
- Issues related environment
- Disaster management
- Entrepreneurship development
- Formulation of production oriented project
- Documentation and data reporting
- Resource mobilization
- Additional life skills
- Activities directed by the Central and State Government

All the activities related to the National Service Scheme course is distributed under four different courses viz., National Service Scheme I, National Service Scheme II, National Service Scheme III and National Service Scheme IV each having one credit load. The entire four courses should be offered continuously for two years. A student enrolled in NSS course should put in at least 60 hours of social work in different activities in a semester other than five regular one day camp in a year and one special camp for duration of 7 days at any semester break period in the two year. Different activities will include orientation lectures and practical works. Activities directed by the Central and State Government have to be performed by all the volunteers of NSS as per direction.

SYLLABUS

Semester I

AG-1012A National Service Scheme I Introduction and basic components of NSS Orientation:

history, objectives, principles, symbol, badge; regular programmes under NSS, organizational structure of NSS, code of conduct for NSS volunteers, points to be considered by NSS volunteers awareness about health

NSS programmes and activities

Concept of regular activities, special camping, day camps, basis of adoption of village/slums, conducting survey, analysing guiding financial patterns of scheme, youth programme/ schemes of GOI, coordination with different agencies and maintenance of diary

Understanding youth

Definition, profile, profile, categories, issues and challenges of youth; and opportunities for youth who is agent of the social change

Community mobilisation

Mapping of community stake holders, designing the message as per problems and their culture; identifying methods of mobilisation involving youth-adultpartnership

Social harmony and national integration

Indian history and culture, role of youth in nation building, conflict resolution and peacebuilding

Volunteerism and shramdan

Indian tradition of volunteerism, its need, importance, motivation and constraints; shramdan as part of volunteerism

Citizenship, constitution and human rights

Basic features of constitution of India, fundamental rights and duties, human rights, consumer awareness and rights and rights to information Family and society Concept of family, community (PRIs and other community based organisations) and society

Semester I

AG-1012B

National Cadet Corps

- 1. Aims, objectives, organization of NCC and NCC song. DG's cardinal's of discipline.
- 2. Drill- aim, general words of command, attention, stands at ease, stand easy and turning.
- 3. Sizing, numbering, forming in three ranks, open and close order march and dressing.
- 4. Saluting at the halt, getting on parade, dismissing and falling out.
- 5. Marching, length of pace, and time of marching in quick/slow time and halt. Side pace, pace forward and tothe rear.
- 6. Turning on the march and wheeling. Saluting on the march.
- 7. Marking time, forward march and halt.
- 8. Changing step, formation of squad and squad drill.
- 9. Command and control, organization, badges of rank, honours and awards
- 10. Nation Building- cultural heritage, religions, traditions and customs of India. National integration.
- 11. Values and ethics, perception, communication, motivation, decision making, discipline and duties of good citizen.
- 12. Leadership traits, types of leadership. Character/personality development.
- 13. Civil defense organization, types of emergencies, fire fighting, protection,
- 14. Maintenance of essential services, disaster management, aid during development projects. 15. Basics of social service, weaker sections of society and the irneeds, NGO's and their contribution, contribution of youth towards social welfare and family planning.
- 16. Structure and function of human body, diet and exercise, hygiene and sanitation.
- 17. Preventable diseases including AIDS, safe blood donation, first aid, physical and mental health.
- 18. Adventure activities
- 19. Basic principles of ecology, environmental conservation, pollution and its control.
- 20. Pre caution and general behavior of girl cadets, prevention of untoward incidents, vulnerable parts of the body, self defense.

Semester I

AG-1012C Physical Education and Yoga Practices

2(0+2)

- 1. Teaching of skills of Football demonstration, practice of the skills, correction, involvement in game situation (For girls teaching of Tennikoit)
- 2. Teaching of different skills of Football demonstration, practice of the skills, correction, involvement in game situation (For girls teaching of Tennikoit)
- 3. Teaching of advance skills of Football-involvement of all the skills in game situation with teaching of rules of the game
- 4. Teaching of skills of Basket ball-demonstration, practice of the skills, correction of skills, involvement in game situation
- 5. Teaching of skills of Basketball demonstration, practice of the skills, involvement in game situation
- 6. Teaching of skills of Basket ball-involvement to fall the skills in game situation with teaching of rule of thegame
- 7. Teaching of skills of Kabaddi demonstration, practice of the skills, correction of skills, involvement in game situation
- 8. Teaching of skills of Kabaddi demonstration, practice of the skills, correction of skills, involvement in game situation
- 9. Teaching of advance skills of Kabaddi involvement of all the skills in game situation with teaching of rule of the game
- 10. Teaching of skills of Ball Biadminton demonstration, practice of the skills, correction of skills, involvement in game situation
- 11. Teaching of skills of Ball Badminton-involvement of all the skills in game situation with teaching of rule of the game
- 12. Teaching of some of Asanas demonstration, practice, correction and practice
- 13. Teaching of some more of Asanas demonstration, practice, correction and practice
- 14. Teaching of skills of Table Tennis demonstration, practice of skills, correction and practice and involvement in game situation
- 15. Teaching of skills of Table Tennis demonstration, practice of skills, correction and practice and involvement in game situation
- 16. Teaching of skills of Table Tennis involvement of all the skills in game situation with teaching of rule of the game
- 17. Teaching Meaning, Scope and importance of Physical Education
- 18. Teaching Definition, Type of Tournaments
- 19. Teaching Physical Fitness and Health Education
- 20. Construction and laying out of the track and field
 - (*The girls will have Tenniko it and Throw Ball).
- 1. Teaching of skills of Hockey demonstration practice of the skills and correction.
- 2. Teaching of skills of Hockey demonstration practice of the skills and correction. And involvement of skills in games situation

- 3. Teaching of advance skills of Hockey demonstration practice of the skills and correction. Involvement of all the skills in games situation with teaching of rules of the game
- 4. Teaching of skills of Kho-Kho demonstration practice of the skills and correction.
- 5. Teaching of skills of Kho-Kho demonstration practice of the skills and correction. Involvement of the skills in games situation
- 6. Teaching of advance skills of Kho-Kho-demonstration practice of the skills and correction. Involvement of all the skills in games situation with teaching of rules of the game
- 7. Teaching of different track events demonstration practice of the skills and correction.
- 8. Teaching of different track events demonstration practice of the skills and correction.
- 9. Teaching of different track events demonstration practice of the skills and correction with competition among them.
- 10. Teaching of different field events demonstration practice of the skills and correction.
- 11. Teaching of different field events demonstration practice of the skills and correction with competition among them.
- 12. Teaching of different asanas demonstration practice and correction.
- 13. Teaching of different asanas demonstration practice and correction.
- 14. Teaching of different asanas demonstration practice and correction,
- 15. Teaching of different asanas demonstration practice and correction.
- 16. Teaching of weight training demonstration practice and correction.
- 17. Teaching of circuit training demonstration practice and correction.
- 18. Teaching of calisthenics demonstration practice and correction.

Note:

- 1) Compulsory Uniform: Half pants, Tee Shirts, Shoes and socks all white (Girls will have white Tee Shirt and Track pants)
- 2) The games mentioned in the practical may be inter changed depending on the season and facilities.

AG-2010

Human Value and Ethics

1(1+0)

Theory

Values and Ethics-An Introduction. Goal and Mission of Life. Vision of Life. Principles and Philosophy. Self Exploration. Self Awareness. Self Satisfaction. Decision Making. Motivation. Sensitivity. Success. Selfless Service. Case Study of Ethical Lives. Positive Spirit. Body, Mind and Soul. Attachment and Detachment. Spirituality Quotient. Examination.

AGT-99 Educational Tour

2(0+2)

Exposure visit of agricultural universities, ICAR Institutions, Research centers, NRCs, CSIR Centers and other institutions related to agricultural studies(KVK, KGK and Agro based Industries)

ELECTIVE COURSES

1. AGE-51

Agri-business Management

3(2+1)

Theory

Transformation of agriculture into agribusiness, various stakeholders and components of agribusiness systems. Importance of agribusiness in the Indian economy and New Agricultural Policy. Distinctive features of Agribusiness Management: Importance and needs of agro-based industries, Classification of industries and types of agro based industries. Institutional arrangement, procedures to set up agro based industries. Constraints in establishing agro-based industries. Agrivalue chain: Understanding primary and support activities and their linkages. Business environment: PEST & SWOT analysis. Management functions: Roles & activities, Organization culture. Planning, meaning, definition, types of plans. Purpose or mission, goals or objectives, Strategies, polices procedures, rules, programs and budget. Components of a business plan, Steps in planning and implementation. Organization staffing, directing and motivation. Ordering, leading, supervision, communications, control. Capital Management and Financial management of Agribusiness. Financial statements and their importance. Marketing Management: Segmentation, targeting & positioning. Marketing mix and marketing strategies. Consumer behavior analysis, Product Life Cycle (PLC). Sales & Distribution Management. Pricing policy, various pricing methods. Project Management definition, project cycle, identification, formulation, appraisal, implementation, monitoring and evaluation. Project Appraisal and evaluation techniques.

Practical

Study of agri-input markets: Seed, fertilizers, pesticides. Study of output markets: grains, fruits, vegetables, flowers. Study of product markets, retails trade commodity trading, and value added products. Study of financing institutions- Cooperative, Commercial banks, RRBs, Agribusiness Finance Limited, NABARD. Preparations of projects and Feasibility reports for agribusiness entrepreneur. Appraisal/evaluation techniques of identifying viable project- Non-discounting techniques. Case study of agro-based industries. Trend and growth rate of prices of agricultural commodities. Net present worth technique for selection of viable project. Internal rate of return.

2. AGE-52 Agrochemicals 3(2+1)

Theory

An introduction to agrochemicals, their type and role in agriculture, effect on environment, soil, human and animal health, merits and demerits of their uses in agriculture, management of agrochemicals for sustainable agriculture. Herbicides-Major classes, properties and important herbicides. Fate of herbicides. Fungicides - Classification - Inorganic fungicides - characteristics, preparation and use of sulfur and copper, Mode of action-Bordeaux mixture and copper oxychloride. Organic fungicides- Mode of action- Dithiocarbamates-characteristics, preparation and use of Zineb and maneb. Systemic fungicides- Benomyl, carboxin, oxycarboxin, Metalaxyl, Carbendazim, characteristics and use. Introduction and classification of insecticides: inorganic and organic insecticides Organochlorine, Organophosphates, Carbamates, Synthetic pyrethroids

Neonicotinoids, Biorationals, Insecticide Act and rules, Insecticides banned, withdrawn and restricted use, Fate of insecticides in soil & plant. IGRs Biopesticides, Reduced risk insecticides, Botanicals, plant and animal systemic insecticides their characteristics and uses. Fertilizers and their importance. Nitrogenous fertilizers: Feed stocks and Manufacturing of ammonium sulphate, ammonium nitrate, ammonium chloride, urea. Slow release N- fertilizers. Phosphatic fertilizers: feedstock and manufacturing of single super phosphate. Preparation of bone meal and basic slag. Potassic fertilizers: Natural sources of potash, manufacturing of potassiumchloride, potassium sulphate and potassium nitrate. Mixed and complex fertilizers: Sources and compatibility-preparation of major, secondary and micronutrient mixtures. Complex fertilizers: Manufacturing of ammonium phosphates, nitrophosphates and NPK complexes. Fertilizer control order. Fertilizer logistics andmarketing. Plant.bio-pesticides for ecological agriculture, Bio-insect repellent.

Practical

Sampling of fertilizers and pesticides. Pesticides application technology to study about various pesticides appliances. Quick tests for identification of common fertilizers. Identification of anion and cation in fertilizer. Calculation of doses of insecticides to be used. To study and identify various formulations of insecticide available k in market Estimation of nitrogen in Urea. Estimation of water soluble P2O5 and citrate soluble P2O5 in single super phosphate. Estimation of potassium in-Muraite of Potash/ Sulphate of Potash by flame photometer. Determination of copper content in copper oxychloride. Determination of sulphur content in sulphur fungicide. Determination of thiram. Determination of ziram content.

3. AGE-53

Commercial Plant Breeding

3(1+2)

Theory

Types of crops and modes of plant reproduction. Line development and maintenance breeding in self and cross pollinated crops (A/B/R and two line system) for development of hybrids and seed production. Genetic purity test of commercial hybrids. Advances in hybrid seed production of maize, rice, sorghum, pearl millet, castor, sunflower, cotton pigeon pea, Brassica etc. Quality seed production of vegetable crops under open and protected environment. Alternative strategies for the development of the line and cultivars: haploid inducer, tissue culture techniques and biotechnological tools. IPR issues in commercial plant breeding: DUS testing and registration of varieties under PPV & FR Act. Variety testing, release and notification systems In India Principles and techniques of seed production, types of seeds, quality testing in self and cross pollinated crops.

Practical

Floral biology in self and cross pollinated species, selfing and crossing techniques. Techniques of seed production in self and cross pollinated crops using A/B/Randt woline system. Learning techniques in hybridseed production using male-sterility in field crops. Understanding the difficulties in hybrid seed production, Tools and techniques for optimizing hybrid seed production. Concept of rouging in seed production plot. Concept of line its multiplication and purification in hybrid seed production. Role of pollinators in hybrid seed production. Hybrid seed production

techniques in sorghum, pearl millet, maize, rice, rapeseed-mustard, sunflower, castor, pigeonpea, cotton and vegetable crops. Sampling and analytical procedures for purity testing and detection of spurious seed. Seed drying and storage structure in quality seed management. Screening techniques during seed processing viz., grading and packaging. Visit to public private seed production and processing plants.

4. AGE-54 Landscaping 3(2+1)

Theory

Importance and scope of landscaping. Principles of landscaping, garden styles and types, terrace gardening, vertical gardening, garden components, adornments, lawn making, rockery, water garden, walk-paths, bridges, other constructed features etc. gardens for special purposes. Trees: selection, propagation, planting schemes, canopy management, shrubs and herbaceous perennials: selection, propagation, planting schemes, architecture. Climber and creepers: importance, selection, propagation, planting, Annuals: selection, propagation, planting scheme, Other garden plants: palms, ferns, grasses and cacti succulents. Pot plants: selection, arrangement, management. Bio-aesthetic planning: definition, need, planning; landscaping of urban and rural areas, Peri-urban landscaping, Landscaping of schools, public places like bus station, railway station, townships, river banks, hospitals, play grounds, airports, industries, institutions. Bonsai: principles and management, lawn: establishment and maintenance. CAD application.

Practical

Identification of trees, shrubs, annuals, pot plants; Propagation of trees, shrubs and annuals, care and maintenance of plants, potting and repotting, identification of tools and implements used in landscape design, training and pruning of plants for special effects, lawn establishment and maintenance, layout of formal gardens, informal gardens, special type of gardens (sunken garden, terrace garden, rock garden) and designing of conservatory and lathe house. Use of computer software, visit to important gardens/ parks/institutes.

5. AGE-55 Food Safety and Standards 3(2+1)

Theory

Food Safety - Definition, Importance, Scope and Factors affecting Food Safety. Hazards and Risks, Types of hazards- Biological, Chemical, Physical hazards. Management of hazards - Need. Control of parameters. Temperature control. Food storage. Product design. Hygiene and Sanitation in Food Service Establishments-Introduction. Sources of contamination and their control. Waste Disposal. Pest and Rodent Control. Personnel Hygiene. Food Safety Measures. Food Safety Management Tools- Basic concepts. PRPs, GHPs, GMPs, SSOPs etc. HACCP. ISO series. TQM - concept and need for quality, components of TQM, Kaizen. Risk Analysis. Accreditation and Auditing, Water Analysis, Surface Sanitation and Personal Hygiene. Food laws and Standards-Indian Food Regulatory Regime, FSSA. Global Scenario CAC. Other laws and standards related to food. Recent concerns- New and Emerging Pathogens, Packaging, Product labeling and Nutritional labeling. Genetically modified foods transgenics. Organic foods. Newer approaches to food safety.

Recent Out breaks. Indian and International Standards for food products.

Practical

Water quality analysis physico-chemical and microbiological. Preparation of different types of media. Microbiological Examination of different food samples. Assessment of surface sanitation by swab/rinse method. Assessment of personal hygiene. Biochemical tests for identification of bacteria. Scheme for the detection of food borne pathogens. Preparation of plans for Implementation of FSMS - HACCP, ISO:22000.

6. AGE-56

Bio pesticides & Bio fertilizers

3(2+1)

Theory

History and concept of bio pesticides. Importance, scope and potential of bio pesticide. Definitions, concepts and classification of bio pesticides viz. pathogen, botanical pesticides, and bio rationales. Botanicals and their uses. Mass production technology of bio-pesticides. Virulence, pathogenicity and symptoms of entomopathogenic pathogens and nematodes. Methods of application of bio pesticides. Methods of quality control and Techniques of bio pesticides. Impediments and limitation in production and use of bio pesticide. Bio fertilizers-Introduction, status and scope. Structure and characteristic features of bacterial bio fertilizers- Azospirillum, Azotobacter, Bacillus, Pseudomonas, Rhizobium and Frankia; Cynobacterialbiofertilizers- Anabaena, Nostoc, Hapalosiphon and fungal biofertilizers- AM mycorrhiza and ectomycorhiza. Nitrogen fixation -Free living and symbiotic nitrogen fixation. Mechanism of phosphate solubilization and phosphate mobilization, K solubilization. Production technology: Strain selection, sterilization, growth and fermentation, mass production of carrier based and liquid biofertilizers. FCO specifications and quality control of biofertilizers. Application technology for seeds', seedlings, tubers, sets etc. Biofertilizers -Storage, shelf life, quality control and marketing. Factors influencing the efficacy of biofertilizers.

Practical

Isolation and purification of important biopesticides: *Trichoderma Pseudomonas, Bacillus, Metarhyzium*etc. and its production. Identification of important botanicals. Visit to biopesticide laboratory in nearby area. Field visit to explore naturally infected cadavers. Identification of entomopathogenic entities in field condition.Quality control of biopesticides. Isolation and purification of *Azospirillum, Azotobacter, Rhizobium*, P-solubilizers and cyanobacteria. Mass multiplication and inoculums production of bio fertilizers. Isolation of AM fungi-Wetsieving method and sucrose gradient method. Mass production of A Minoculants.

7. AGE-61

Protected Cultivation

3(2+1)

Theory

Protected cultivation- importance and scope, Status of protected cultivation in India and World types of protected structure based on site and climate. Cladding material involved in greenhouse/ poly house. Greenhouse design, environment control, artificial lights, Automation. Soil preparation and management, Substrate management. Types of benches and containers. Irrigation and fertigation management. Propagation and production of quality planting material of

horticultural crops. Greenhouse cultivation of important horticultural crops - rose, carnation, chrysanthemum, gerbera, orchid, anthurium, lilium, tulip, tomato, bell pepper, cucumber, strawberry, pot plants, etc. Cultivation of economically important medicinal and aromatic plants. Off-season production of flowers and vegetables. Insect pest and disease management.

Practical

Raising of seedlings and saplings under protected conditions, use of protrays in quality planting material production, Bed preparation and planting of crop for production, Inter cultural operations, Soil EC and pH measurement, Regulation of irrigation and fertilizers through drip, fogging ad misting.

8. AGE-62 Hi-tech. Horticulture 3(2+1)

Theory

Introduction & importance; Nursery management and mechanization; micro propagation of horticultural crops; Modern field preparation and planting methods, Protected cultivation: advantages, controlled conditions, method and techniques, Micro irrigation systems and its components; EC, pH based fertilizer scheduling, canopy management, high density orcharding, • Components of precision fanning: Remote sensing, Geographical Information System (GIS), Differential Geo-positioning System (DGPS), Variable Rate applicator (VRA), application of precision farming in horticultural crops (fruits, vegetables and ornamental crops); mechanized harvesting of produce.

Practical

Types of polyhouses and shade net houses, Intercultural operations, tools and equipments identification and 2application, Micro propagation, Nursery-protrays, micro-irrigation, EC, pH based fertilizer scheduling, canopy management, visit to hi-tech orchard/nursery.

9. AGE-63 Weed Management 3(2+1)

Theory

Introduction to weeds, characteristics of weeds their harmful and beneficial effects on ecosystem. Classification, reproduction and dissemination of weeds. Herbicide classification, concept of adjuvant, surfactant, herbicide formulation and their use. Introduction to mode of action of herbicides and selectivity. Allelopathy and its application for weed management. Bioherbicides and their application in agriculture. Concept of herbicide mixture and utility in agriculture. Herbicide compatibility with agro-chemicals and their application. Integration of herbicides with non chemical methods of weed management. Herbicide Resistance and its management.

Practical

Techniques of weed preservation. Weed identification and their losses study. Biology of important weeds. Study of herbicide formulations and mixture of herbicide. Herbicide and agrochemicals study. Shift of weed flora study in long term experiments. Study of methods of herbicide application, spraying equipments. Calculations of herbicide doses and weed control efficiency and weed index.

10. AGE-64

System Simulation and Agro advisory

3(2+1)

Theory

System Approach for representing soil-plant-atmospheric continuum, system boundaries, Crop models, concepts & techniques, types of crop models, data requirements, relational diagrams. Evaluation of crop responses to weather elements; Elementary crop growth models; calibration, validation, verification and sensitivity analysis. Potential and achievable crop production- concept and modelling techniques for their estimation. Crop production in moisture and nutrients limited conditions; components of soil water and nutrients balance. Weather forecasting, types, methods, tools & techniques, forecast verification; Value added weather forecast, ITK for weather forecast and its validity; Crop-Weather Calendars; Preparation of agroadvisory bulletin based on weather forecast. Use of crop simulation model for preparation of Agro-advisory and its effective dissemination.

Practical

Preparation of crop weather calendars. Preparation of agro-advisories based on weather forecast using various approaches and synoptic charts. Working with statistical and simulation models for crop growth. Potential & achievable production; yield forecasting, insect & disease forecasting models. Simulation with limitations of water and nutrient management options. Sensitivity analysis of varying weather and crop management practices. Use of statistical approaches in data analysis and preparation of historical, past and present meteorological data for medium range weather forecast. Feedback from farmers about the agro advisory.

11. AGE-65

Agricultural Journalism

3(2+1)

Theory

Agricultural Journalism: The nature and scope of agricultural journalism characteristics and training of the agricultural journalist, how agricultural journalism is similar to and different from other types of journalism. Newspapers and magazines as communication media: Characteristics; kinds and functions of newspapers and magazines, characteristics of news paper and magazine readers. Form and content of news papers and magazines: Style and language of newspapers and magazines, parts of newspapers and magazines. The agricultural story: Types of agricultural stories, subject matter of the agricultural story, structure of the agricultural story. Gathering agricultural information: Sources of agricultural information, interviews, coverage of events, abstracting from research and scientific materials, wire services, other agricultural news sources. Writing the story: Organizing the material, treatment of the story, writing the news lead and the body, readability measures. Illustrating agricultural stories: Use of photographs, use of artwork (graphs, charts, maps, etc.), writing the captions. Editorial mechanics: Copy reading, headline and title writing, proofreading, layouting.

Practical: Practice in interviewing. Covering agricultural events. Abstracting stories from research and scientific materials and from wire services. Writing different types of agricultural stories. Selecting pictures and artwork for the agricultural story. Practice in editing, copy reading, headline and title writing, proofreading, layouting. Testing copy with a readability formula. Visit to a publishing office.

12. AGE-66 Composition cum Duck/ (and) Quail/ (and) Rabbit culture 3(2+1)

Fishery: Definition, common characteristics and position of fishing Animal Kingdom, fishery stastics preparation and management of fishpond, physical and chemical condition of water for fishery, feeds and feeding of fishes, breeding offish, diseases and enemies of fishes, use of Duck/quality beats on fish feeds.

Duckry: Definition, common features and advantages, breeds, incubation and hatching feeding of ducks, care and managements of ducking, grower, layer/broiler ducks. Characteristics of duck eggs, common diseases and vaccination schedule, duckry statistics.

Quail: Definition, common features of quail farming, advantages, breeds, incubation and hatching, feeding of quails, care and managements of quail chick, grower/layer/broilers. Quail product technology, common diseases and vaccination schedule.

Rabbitry: Introduction, scope and advantages of rabbit farming, breeds, breeding, housing, care and management of young and adult rabit, feeds and feeding for rabbits, common problems of rabbitry including vaccination schedule, fur and meat production technology.

- 1. Fishery units, visit, Demonstration and report formulation.
- 2. Different type of fishes, deep water, middle water, and surface water.
- 3. Evaluation of Duck Egg (candling) and Grading.
- 4. Vaccination schedule for duck and Quail.
- 5. Preparation Ration for Duck, Quail, Rabbit and Fish.
- 6. Preparation of different products from eggs.