

# **NUTRITION AND PHYSIOTHERAPY VOC125**

## **SEMESTER-I**

### **SUBJECT-1 : NUTRIENTS AND NUTRITION**

#### **UNIT- I : CARBOHYDRATES**

- Definition. And classification
- Physical and chemical properties
- Sources and biological role
- Deficiency & Excess diseases, other defects of carbohydrate metabolism.
- Nutritional aspects of carbohydrate

#### **UNIT- II : PROTEINS**

- Definition and classification
- Amino acids and their classification
- Physical and chemical properties
- Sources and biological role
- Protein deficiency & excess diseases, and inborn errors of protein metabolism.
- Nutritional aspects of proteins

#### **UNIT- III : LIPIDS**

- Definition. And classification
- Physical and chemical properties
- Sources and biological role
- Deficiency & Excess diseases, other defects of lipid metabolism.
- Nutritional aspects of lipids

#### **UNIT- IV: MICRO NUTRIENTS**

- Vitamins : Definition, classification and sources.
- Absorption & role of vitamins in metabolism.
- Deficiency diseases of vitamins.
- Minerals: Definition, classification and sources.
- Absorption & role of minerals in metabolism.
- Minerals deficiency diseases.



## **PRACTICAL**

- (i) Blanching and browning control
- (ii) Preparation of fruit preserves (jam, jelly).
- (iii) Preparation of vegetable preserves (pickle)
- (iv) Tomato processing
- (v) Fruit pulping / juice / beverage preparation
- (vi) Preparation and standardization of traditional Indian fermented foods
- (vii) Bread making - texture. Quantity cookery
- (viii) Visit to food processing and preservation unit.

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## **SUBJECT-2 : NUTRIENTS AND METABOLISM**

### **UNIT- I : CARBOHYDRATE METABOLISM**

- Historical approaches to exercise and nutrition
- Overview of digestion, absorption and storage
- Carbohydrate metabolism
- Factors affecting utilization of carbohydrates during exercise
- Effect of training on carbohydrate metabolism
- Carbohydrate supplementation during exercise

### **UNIT- II : LIPIDS METABOLISM**

- Overview of digestion, absorption and storage.
- lipoproteins and phospho-lipoproteins
- Fat as a fuel
- Fatty acid oxidation
- Strategies to improve fatty acid oxidation.
- Physical training
- Overall fat intake

### **UNIT- III : AMINO ACIDS METABOLISM**

- Overview of digestion and absorption.
- Amino acid metabolism, related to exercise
- Protein turnover and exercise
- Protein synthesis – mechanism and control.
- Physical activity and protein requirements
- Utilization of protein
- Protein intake and performance

### **UNIT- IV: MICRO NUTRIENT METABOLISM**

- Role of vitamins
- Effect of fat soluble and water soluble vitamins in the body
- Food sources
- Requirements of vitamins
- Role of minerals and
- Influence of macro and micro minerals
- Food sources
- Requirements of minerals



## **PRACTICAL**

- (i) Diet for weight gain and weight loss
- (ii) Preparation of therapeutic diets -liquid diet, full fluid, solid and semisolid diet.
- (iii) Diet in fever.
- (iv) Diet in gastro intestinal diseases
- (v) Diet in liver diseases.
- (vi) Diet in cardiovascular diseases
- (vii) Diet in kidney diseases
- (viii) Diet in disease of metabolic disorder such as arthritis, diabetes and gout.
- (ix) Diet in cancer
- (x) Diet in Aids.

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## **SUBJECT-3 : LIFE CYCLE NUTRITION**

### **UNIT- I : NUTRITION IN LIFE**

- Nutrition during life span :
  - Pregnancy, lactation and infancy
  - Preschool age and school going
  - Adolescents, adults and old age.
- Role of nutrition in Growth and development
- Role of different nutrients at different stages of life.
- Concept of public nutrition - Relationship between health and nutrition
- Nutritional status -methods for assessing nutritional status

### **UNIT- II : ENERGY METABOLISM**

- Energy metabolism
- Basal and resting metabolism –influencing factors.
- Energy pathways
- Role of macro nutrients in energy metabolism
- Role of micro nutrients in energy metabolism.
- Methods to determine energy requirements and expenditure.
- Body fluids and water balance

### **UNIT- III : DIET PLANNING**

- Guidelines for dietary planning
- Determining nutritional needs
- Basic Guidelines for diet planning
- Nutritional status of Indians
- Cultural aspects of dietary planning.
- Diet planning for :
  - Sedentary people
  - Hard worker
  - Normal population.
  - Weights gain and weight loss.

### **UNIT- IV: DIET AND HEALTH**

- Diet planning for Special cases
- Body composition Methods of study
- Nutritional disorders and their effect body composition.
- Nutritional concerns and prevention of nutrition related disorders
  - Obesity – underweight
  - Deficiency condition
  - Excess disease related to nutrients
  - Allergies
  - Eating disorders
- Nutritional intervention and diet modification-diet prescription
- Modifications of the normal diet.





## **PRACTICAL**

- (i) Adulteration of various food samples
- (ii) Test for assessment of purity of water
- (iii) Test for assessment of quality of milk and milk products
- (iv) Test for assessment of quality of cereals/milletts
- (v) Test for assessment of quality of pulses
- (vi) Test for assessment of quality of fats and oils
- (vii) Test for assessment of quality of meat/fish products
- (viii) Test for assessment of quality of canned/bottle fruits and vegetables
- (ix) Test for assessment of quality of baked foods

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# **SCHEME OF EXAMINATION FOR NUTRITION AND PHYSIOTHERAPY**

## **SEMESTER-II**

<b>PART-A : THEORY COURSES</b>								
<b>Paper No.</b>	<b>Code</b>	<b>Courses</b>	<b>Summative Evaluation</b>	<b>Formative Evaluation</b>	<b>Minimum Marks</b>	<b>Maximum Marks</b>	<b>Credits</b>	
							<b>L</b>	<b>P</b>
I	NP/II/A/01	Introduction to Physiotherapy (Theory) Practical/Viva-Voce	60	20 20	50	100	05	01
II	NP/II/A/02	Therapeutic Modalities (Theory) Practical/Viva-Voce	60	20 20	50	100	05	01
III	NP/II/A/03	Injuries and Rehabilitation (Theory) Practical/Viva-Voce	60	20 20	50	100	05	01
IV	NP/II/A/04	INTERNSHIP	100	100	100	200	10 (NTCC)*	
<b>TOTAL</b>			<b>280</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>28</b>	

\* Non Teaching Credit Course

# **NUTRITION AND PHYSIOTHERAPY**

## **SEMESTER-II**

### **SUBJECT-1 : INTRODUCTION TO PHYSIOTHERAPY**

#### **UNIT-I : INTRODUCTION TO PHYSIOTHERAPY**

- History of physiotherapy
- Ethical principles related to physiotherapy
- Scope of practice in physiotherapy, Medical ethics
- Physiotherapy as a profession
- Relationship with patients
- Relationship with health care institutions


#### **UNIT-II : INTRODUCTION TO ANATOMY**

- Basic terms and terminology
- Musculo-skeletal, vascular, cardiopulmonary system
- Connective tissue & its modification, tendons, membranes, special connective tissue.
- Bone structure, blood supply, growth, ossification, and classification.
- Muscle classification, structure and functional aspect.
- Joints – classification, structures of joints, movements, range, limiting factors, stability, blood supply, nerve supply, dislocations and applied anatomy

#### **UNIT-III : POSTURAL DEFECTS**

- Common Postural Defects of Antero-Posterior Plane of Spine; their causes and corrective exercises :
  - Kyphosis
  - Lordosis
  - Kypho-Lordosis
  - Flat Back
  - Scoliosis
- Common Postural Defects of Lower Extremities, their causes and corrective exercises :
  - Knock-knee
  - Bow-legs
  - Flat-Foot

#### **UNIT-IV : INTRODUCTION TO INJURIES**





- Injuries : Types; Traumatic, Overuse
- General Factors Causing Injuries
- Role of a trained personnel in the management of Injuries
- Complications of Incomplete Treatment
- Most common Injuries (their introduction, general immediate and long term treatment) :
  - Sprain
  - Strain
  - Contusion
  - Dislocation
  - Fracture

### **PRACTICAL**

- (i) Identification and description of all anatomical structures.
- (ii) The learning of Anatomy is by demonstration only through dissected parts, slides, models, charts, etc.
- (iii) Demonstration of dissected parts (upper extremity, lower extremity, thoracic & abdominal viscera, face and brain).
- (iv) Demonstration of skeleton- articulated and disarticulated.
- (v) During the training more emphasis will be given on the study of bones, muscles,
- (vi) joints, nerve supply of the limbs and arteries of limbs.
- (vii) Surface anatomy:
  - Surface land mark-bony, muscular and ligamentous.
  - Surface anatomy of major nerves, arteries of the limbs.
- (viii) Points of palpation of nerves and blood vessels.

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## **SUBJECT-2 : THERAPEUTIC MODALITIES**

### **UNIT-I : INTRODUCTION TO THERAPEUTIC MODALITIES**

- Introduction, therapeutic effects and uses, and technique of application of following therapeutic modalities:
  - Ice
  - Infrared radiation
  - Hot-moist therapy
  - Wax-bath
  - Contrast Bath
- Short wave Diathermy, Ultra sound Therapy, Transcutaneous Nerve Stimulation, LASER Therapy

### **UNIT-II : INTRODUCTION TO THERAPEUTIC EXERCISE**

- Therapeutic Exercises : Definition, General Goals and Scope
- Classification and Therapeutic Application of:
  - Active Exercise (Free, Assisted, Resisted Exercise)
  - Passive Exercise (Relaxed, Forced Passive Exercise)
- Muscle Strengthening
- General causes of muscle weakness
- Principles of muscle strengthening
- Mobilization of Joint:
  - General factors causing limitation of Joint-mobility
  - General mobilizing methods for a stiff joint

### **UNIT-III : THERAPEUTIC MASSAGE**

- Massage : Introduction and Definition.
- Effects of Massage: Physical, Physiological and Psychological.
- General contraindications of Massage
- General approach to Massage application
- Role of Massage in Sports Competitions
- Classification of Massage Techniques.

### **UNIT-IV : TECHNIQUE AND APPLICATION OF MASSAGE**

- Introduction, Technique of Application, Effects and uses of following Massage Techniques:
  - Superficial Stroking
  - Effleurage
  - Kneading
  - Petrissage
  - Friction
  - Percussion
  - Vibratory Technique



## **PRACTICAL**

- (i) Starting positions and derived positions
- (ii) Range of motion (PROM, AROM, AAROM) exercises to all joints
- (iii) Measurement of joint range using goniometer
- (iv) General and local Relaxation techniques
- (v) Suspension exercise to all major joints
- (vi) Massage – upper limb, lower limb, back, face
- (vii) Manual muscle testing of individual muscles
- (viii) Coordination exercises, balancing exercises

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## **SUBJECT-3 : INJURIES AND REHABILITATION**

### **UNIT-I : SPECIFIC INJURIES OF UPPER EXTREMITY**

- Head & face – maxillofacial injuries, helmet compression syndrome
- Shoulder – instability, rotator cuff injury, biceps tendonitis and rupture, pectoralis, major rupture, scapular dyskinesis and acromio-clavicular joint injuries,
- Elbow – tennis elbow, golfer's elbow, Wrist and hand – carpal tunnel syndrome, gamekeeper's thumb.

### **UNIT-II : SPECIFIC INJURIES OF LOWER EXTREMITY**

- Spine– PIVD, Kissing spine, cervical whiplash injuries, facet joint syndrome, SI joint dysfunction, Hip – muscle strain, piriformis syndrome, ITB syndrome, osteitis pubis,
- Knee– menisci, cruciate, collateral, osteochondritis, chondromalacia patellae, biceps femoris tendonitis, swimmers knee, patello-femoral pain syndrome,
- Leg & ankle – shin splint, achillis tendonitis & rupture, TA bursitis, ankle sprain, plantar fascitis, turf toe syndrome,

### **UNIT-III : INJURY PREVENTION**

- Principles of injury prevention.
- Principles of training & Rehabilitation in injuries.
- Passive movements–definition, classification, indications, contra indications, advantages, limitations, techniques - emphasize PROM to upper, lower, neck and trunk muscles
- Active movements - definition, classification, indications, contra indications, advantages, limitations, techniques - emphasize active movements to upper, lower, and neck and trunk muscles

### **UNIT-IV : REHABILITATION AND THERAPEUTIC EXERCISE**

- Joint Mobilization : Definition – Mobilization, Manipulation, indications, limitations, contraindications and precautions, applications of Mobilization technique to various joints.
- Principles of Maitland, Mulligan and Meckzi joint Manipulation techniques.
- Resisted exercise:
  - Definition – strength, power, endurance. Guiding principle of resisted exercise
  - Isometric Exercise
  - Isokinetic Exercise
  - Dynamic Exercise - Concentric and Eccentric, Constant and Variable Resistance
  - Progressive Resistance Exercise - de Lormes, Oxford, MacQueen, Circuit Weight Training
  - Plyometric Training—Stretch-Shortening Drills





## PRACTICAL

- (i) Joint Mobilisation to individual joint
- (ii) Stretching of individual and group muscles
- (iii) Resisted exercises to individual and group muscles,
- (iv) open and closed kinematic exercises
- (v) Goniometry – measurement of joint ROM
- (vi) Identify Muscle work of various movements in body at different angle.
- (vii) Identify normal and abnormal posture.
- (viii) Normal gait with it parameters and identify abnormal gait with the problems in it.

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