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O.M.R. Serial No.

प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक Question Booklet No.

प्रश्नपुस्तिका सीरीज Question Booklet Series

# B.Com. (Honors) (Fifth Semester) Examination, February/March-2022 BCHO-504

### **Corporate Accounting**

(for Regular Students)

Time: 1:30 Hours Maximum Marks-100

#### जब तक कहा न जाय, इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका को न खोलें

- निर्देश: 1. परीक्षार्थी अपने अनुक्रमांक, विषय एवं प्रश्नपुस्तिका की सीरीज का विवरण यथास्थान सही— सही भरें, अन्यथा मृल्यांकन में किसी भी प्रकार की विसंगति की दशा में उसकी जिम्मेदारी स्वयं परीक्षार्थी की होगी।
  - 2. इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका में 100 प्रश्न हैं, जिनमें से केवल 75 प्रश्नों के उत्तर परीक्षार्थियों द्वारा दिये जाने है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर प्रश्न के नीचे दिये गये हैं। इन चारों में से केवल एक ही उत्तर सही है। जिस उत्तर को आप सही या सबसे उचित समझते हैं, अपने उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET)में उसके अक्षर वाले वृत्त को काले या नीले बाल प्वांइट पेन से पूरा भर दें। यदि किसी परीक्षार्थी द्वारा निर्धारित प्रश्नों से अधिक प्रश्नों के उत्तर दिये जाते हैं तो उसके द्वारा हल किये गये प्रथमतः यथा निर्दिष्ट प्रश्नोत्तरों का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
  - 3. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक समान हैं। आप के जितने उत्तर सही होंगे, उन्हीं के अनुसार अंक प्रदान किये जायेंगे।
  - 4. सभी उत्तर केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर ही दिये जाने हैं। उत्तर पत्रक में निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा अन्यत्र कहीं पर दिया गया उत्तर मान्य नहीं होगा।
  - 5. ओ॰एम॰आर॰ उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर कुछ भी लिखने से पूर्व उसमें दिये गये सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लिया जाय।
  - 6. परीक्षा समाप्ति के उपरान्त परीक्षार्थी कक्ष निरीक्षक को अपनी प्रश्नपुस्तिका बुकलेट एवं ओ०एम०आर० शीट पृथक-पृथक उपलब्ध कराने के बाद ही परीक्षा कक्ष से प्रस्थान करें।
  - 7. निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।

महत्वपूर्ण : — प्रश्नपुस्तिका खोलने पर प्रथमतः जॉच कर देख लें कि प्रश्नपुस्तिका के सभी पृष्ठ भलीभॉति छपे हुए हैं। यदि प्रश्नपुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो कक्ष निरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सीरीज की दूसरी प्रश्नपुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।

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1.	For any sacrifice made by debenture holders or creditors is credited.
	(A) Capital reduction account
	(B) Bank account
	(C) Capital reserve account
	(D) Asset account
2.	Which of following is not Method of calculation of Purchas Consideration?
	(A) Lump Sum Method
	(B) Net Asset Method
	(C) Net Payment Method
	(D) Annuity Method
3.	For amalgamation in the nature of merger, the shareholders holding at least or
	more of the equity shares of the transferor company becomes the equity
	shareholders of the transferee company.
	(A) 51%
	(B) 90%
	(C) 99%
	(D) 100%
4.	While calculating purchase consideration values of assets is to be
	considered.
	(A) Book value
	(B) Revalued price
	(C) Average price
	(D) Capital
5.	Intrinsic value of each equity shares of the vendor company is Rs. 250 and that of
	the purchasing company is Rs. 400. The exchange ratio of shares on the basis of
	intrinsic value is:
	(A) 2:1
	(B) 8:8
	(C) 8:5
	(D) None of the above

6.	Net Assets of Dinesh & Co. for Purchase Consideration worth Rs. 4,00,000. At the
	time of absorption, the company has paid 32,000 equity shares each of Rs. 10 each
	at 10% premium, then remaining cash will be:
	(A) 48,000
	(B) 84,000
	(C) 80,000
	(D) 90,000
7.	Kirti Co.'s Balance Sheet shows Fixed Asset Rs. 3,60,000. At the time of
	absorption calculation of Net Assets is 10% less than the market value, then market
	value of such fixed assets is
	(A) 3,24,000
	(B) 4,00,000
	(C) 4,20,000
	(D) None of these
8.	When liquidation expenses is paid and borne by seller company then it is debited
	to
	(A) Bank A/c
	(B) Goodwill A/c
	(C) Realisation A/c
	(D) Capital Reserve A/c

9.	Himanshi Ltd. purchase consideration is Rs. 22,345 and Net Assets Rs. 6,568, then
	(A) Goodwill 15,777
	(B) Capital Reserve 15,777
	(C) Goodwill 28,913
	(D) Capital Reserve 28,913
10.	When purchasing company pays purchase consideration, it will be debited
	to
	(A) Business purchase account
	(B) Assets account
	(C) Liquidator of vendor company's account
	(D) Purchasing company account
11.	Which of the following statement is correct?
	(A) The amount of Goodwill or Capital Reserve is found out in the books of
	purchasing company only
	(B) The amount of Goodwill or Capital Reserve is found out in the books of
	vendor company only.
	(C) Goodwill=Net Assets-Purchase price
	(D) The face value of share of purchasing company will be taken in to account
	while calculating purchase consideration.
12.	Converting share of smaller denomination into larger denominations is called:
	(A) Sub-division
	(B) Combination
	(C) Consolidation
	(D) Merger
13.	Internal reconstruction is a slow and tedious process since it required the approval
	of:
	(A) Court
	(B) Shareholders
	(C) Creditors
	(D) All of the above
	(D) All of the above

14.	If the preference shareholder agree to sacrifice the arrear off preference dividend, i
	is credited to:
	(A) Capital Reduction A/c
	(B) Preference Shareholder A/c
	(C) Goodwill A/c
	(D) Profit & Loss A/c
15.	To issue shares on Par mean:
	(A) Issue on face value of shares
	(B) Issue on more than face value of shares
	(C) Issue on less than face value of shares
1.7	(D) Initial public offer
16.	Provision for income Tax is
	(A) Debited to P & L Appropriation A/c
	(B) Debited to Profit and Loss A/c
	(C) Debited to Treading A/c
	(D) Credited to P & L Appropriation A/c
17.	Preference dividend is to be paid before
	(A) Payment of debenture interest
	(B) Payment of income tax
	(C) Distribution of equity dividend
	(D) All of the above
18.	The total remuneration payable to the managerial personnel should not exceed
	net profits.
	(A) 5%
	(B) 10%
	(C) 11%
	(D) 15%
19.	Forfeited shares to become
	(A) Property of the government
	(B) Property of the company
	(C) Property of the shareholders
	(D) Property of all the shareholders

20.	Advance payment of tax is in the nature of
	(A) Capital expenses
	(B) Revenue expenses
	(C) Pre-paid expenses
	(D) Outstanding expenses
21.	In the liabilities side of the company's balance sheet, calls in arrears are
	shown
	(A) Under the heading Reserves and Surplus.
	(B) Under the heading current liabilities
	(C) Under the heading Secured loans
	(D) By subtracting the amount from the called up capital.
22.	The maximum remuneration payable to part time director (without managing
	director (s) or whole time director (s), or manager) should not exceed
	(A) 1% of the annual profit
	(B) 3% of the annual profits
	(C) 5% of the annual profits
	(D) 10% of the annual profits
23.	The balance of sinking fund investment account after the realization of investment
	is transferred to
	(A) P&L account
	(B) Debentures account
	(C) Sinking fund account
	(D) General reserve account
24.	If the net tangible assets exceeds the purchase consideration, the difference will be
	treated as
	(A) Goodwill
	(B) Capital reserve
	(C) Acquisition cost
	(D) Capital

25.	For cancellation of shares at the time of buy back:
	(A) Equity share capital a/c is debited and shareholders account is credited
	(B) Shareholders account is debited and Equity share capital account is credited
	(C) Equity share capital is debited and CRR is credited
	(D) Equity share capital is debited and Shares Surrendered is credited
26.	Under which section of Companies Act 2013, a company can buy back its own
	shares?
	(A) 68
	(B) 81
	(C) 62
	(D) None of these
27.	Goodwill in case of joint stock company is shown on the asset side of the balance
	sheet under the heading
	(A) Fixed assets
	(B) Current assets
	(C) Investments
	(D) Other assets
20	
28.	Expenses incidental to the creation and floatation of a company are called
	(A) Underwriting expenses
	(B) Preliminary expenses
	<ul><li>(C) Trade expenses</li><li>(D) Establishment expenses</li></ul>
29.	
<i>29</i> .	Debentures, which are transferable by mere delivery are:  (A) Pagistared debentures
	<ul><li>(A) Registered debentures</li><li>(B) First debentures</li></ul>
	(C) Bearer debentures
	(D) Redeemable debentures

- 30. The amount of debentures premium can be used for:
  - (A) Writing off capital losses
  - (B) Writing off preliminary expenses
  - (C) Both (A) & (B)
  - (D) Writing off trading losses
- 31. Discount on issue of debentures is:
  - (A) Current assets
  - (B) Current liability
  - (C) Fixed assets
  - (D) Fictitious assets
- 32. The amount of free reserves and profit is necessarily be transferred to Capital Redemption Reserve Account if:
  - (A) Preference Shares are to be redeemed out of divisible profits
  - (B) Preference Shares are to be redeemed by converting into fresh equity shares
  - (C) Preference Shares are to be out of proceeds of fresh issue of shares
  - (D) In all the above situations
- 33. Modi Ltd. forfeited 500 shares of 10 each, 8 called up of Dr. Devendra Dutt who could not pay the first call of 2 per share on these shares. Out of these 300 shares were re-issued to Smt. Manorama as fully paid up for 8 per share. What will be the amount of Capital Reserve?
  - (A) 1200
  - (B) 1800
  - (C) 3000
  - (D) 1000
- 34. Surya Agro Ltd. has to redeem preference shares of the value of 2,00,000 for which the company has issued 8,000 equity shares of 10 each at premium of 10 % The amount to be transferred form redemption reserve account will be:
  - (A) 2,00,000
  - (B) 1,20,000
  - (C) 1,12,000
  - (D) All of the above

- 35. Preference shareholders are:
  - (A) Creditors of the company
  - (B) Owners of the company
  - (C) Customers of the company
  - (D) Employees of the company
- 36. Arrangement of premium payable on redemption of preference shares can be mode out of :
  - (A) Securities Premium
  - (B) Debentures Premium
  - (C) Balance of statement of Profit and Loss
  - (D) All of the above
- 37. On a share of 100, 80 called but 50 paid up, on fraction, the share capital account will be debited:
  - (A) 80
  - (B) 100
  - (C) 50
  - (D) 30
- 38. A company received application money @ 2.50 per share for 1,20,000 shares but only 1,00,000 shares were allotted on pro-rate basis. 3 per share was payable on allotment. One member did not pay allotment money on 2,000 shares. What amount was received on allotment?
  - (A) 2,88,000
  - (B) 2,44,000
  - (C) 2,94,000
  - (D) 2,45,000
- 39. If a share of 10 on which 6 has been paid, is forfeited, it can be reissued at a minimum price of:
  - (A) 6 per share
  - (B) 4 per share
  - (C) 10 per share
  - (D) 5 per share

- 40. A Co. forfeited 2000 shares of 10 each which were issued at par held by A for non-payment of allotment money of 4 per share. The called up value per share was 9. On forfeiture the amount debited to share capital is:
  - (A) 10,000
  - (B) 8,000
  - (C) 2,000
  - (D) 18,000
- 41. Birla Ltd. acquired assets worth 15,00,000 form Tata Ltd. by issue of shares of 100 each at a premium of 25% The number of shares issued to settle the purchase consideration will be:
  - (A) 12,000 shares
  - (B) 15,000 shares
  - (C) 18,750 shares
  - (D) 11,250 shares
- 42. If vendors are issued fully paid shares of 1,00,000 in consideration of net assets of 1,20,000, balance 20,000 will be credited to :
  - (A) Goodwill account
  - (B) Capital Reserve account
  - (C) Vendor's account
  - (D) Statement of Profit & Loss
- 43. In case of issue of shares, amount received above par value is credited to in which account:
  - (A) Security premium account
  - (B) Discount account
  - (C) Share forfeiture account
  - (D) None of these
- 44. Discount allowed on issue of Sweat Equity Shares is shown on the :
  - (A) Equity and Liability of Balance Sheet
  - (B) Asset side of Balance Sheet
  - (C) Statement of Profit and Loss
  - (D) All of these

45. As per the companies Act, a company cannot proceed to allot shares unless is received. (A) Minimum Subscription (B) Allotment money (C) Application money (D) Call money Share premium account can be used for: 46. (A) Payment of dividend (B) Payment of liabilities (C) Redemption of debentures (D) Writing off preliminary expenses 47. Share Application Account is: (A) Personal Account (B) Real Account (C) Nominal Account (D) None of these 48. Definition of a public company is given in the India Companies Act, 2013: (A) Section 2 (19) (B) Section 2 (20) (C) Section 2 (21) (D) Section 2 (22) Reserve share capital means: 49. (A) Part of authorized capital to be called at beginning. (B) Portion of uncalled capital to be called only at liquidation. (C) Oversubscribed capital (D) Under subscribed capital 50. Nominal capital is: (A) The part of the authorized capital which is issued by the company. (B) The amount of capital which is applied for by the prospective shareholders. (C) The maximum amount of share capital which a company is authorized to issue. (D) The amount actually paid by the shareholder.

51.	on shares have priority over payment of paid up share capital of that
	class.
	A) Calls in advance
	B) Calls in arrear
	C) Partially paid up shares
	D) Debentures
52.	Average super profits of a company Rs. 20,000. Present value of annuity of rupee
	one per annum at 10% interest for 5 years is 3.76. What will be the value of
	goodwill by annuity method:
	A) 75,600
	B) 10,000
	C) 1,10,000
	D) 90,000
53.	Out of which method are related to value of shares:
	A) Net assets method
	B) Income valuation method
	C) Fair value method
	D) All of these
54.	Bonus shares can be issued out of:
	A) Securities premium reserve account
	B) Capital reserve
	C) General reserve
	D) All of these
55.	The buy-back of shares should the completed within period form the date of passing
	he special resolution:
	A) 12 Months
	B) 24 Months
	C) 1 Month
	D) 1 Year

56.	Preference shares of a company cannot be redeemed:		
	(A) At par		
	(B) At premium		
	(C) At discount		
	(D) None of these		
57.	According to schedule I table F of the 2013 act a company can pay interest on calls-		
	in advance at the rate of:		
	(A) 6% p.a.		
	(B) 7% p.a.		
	(C) 12% p.a.		
	(D) 18% p.a.		
58.	He final accounts of a limited company, directors' remuneration is:		
	(A) Debited in the trading account		
	(B) Debited in the profit and loss account		
	(C) Debited in the appropriation account		
	(D) Deducted from share capital in the Balance sheet		
59.	EPS depends on net profit available toShareholders.		
	(A) Equity		
	(B) Preference shares		
	(C) Debenture		
	(D) Both (A) and (B)		
60.	NRR stands of		
	(A) Normal rate of return		
	(B) Non resident		
	(C) Natural rate of return		
	(D) Nil rate of return		
61.	Yield value is based on the assumption that		
	(A) Revenue realisation		
	(B) Going concern		
	(C) Prudence		
	(D) Cost concept		

- 62. Calculate goodwill according to the capitalisation of average profit method:
  - i. Actual average profit is 80,000
  - ii. Normal rate of return is 10%
  - iii. Total Assets are 10,00,000
  - iv. Outside Liabilities are 4,00,000
  - (A) 8,00,000
  - (B) 6,00,000
  - (C) 2,00,000
  - (D) 4,00,000
- 63. Ashok Ltd. issued 1,000 12% debentures of 100 each in 2012, interest payable being on 30<sup>th</sup> June ad 31<sup>st</sup> Dec every year. On 30<sup>th</sup> April, 2014, the company purchased 400 debentures at 97 and cancelled them on 31<sup>st</sup> May, 2014. You are required to calculate the fair value if the price paid id cum interest:
  - (A) 40,400
  - (B) 39,600
  - (C) 37,200
  - (D) 36,600
- 64. X Ltd. Increases its share capital by issue of 2 shares at 15 each for every 4 share held. The market price of its existing shares is 17 cum-right. Find out the value of right:
  - (A) 0.67 approx.
  - (B) 0.76 approx.
  - (C) 1.67 approx.
  - (D) 1.16 approx.
- 65. The profit of a company (whose capital is divided into 25000 shares of 10 each) for the last 3 years are 50,000; 60,000 and 40,000. The fair investment return is taken at 10% p.a. Find out the value of company's share:
  - (A) 15
  - (B) 20
  - (C) 25
  - (D) 30

66.	Shares of 100 converted in shares of 10 is termed as
	(A) Consolidation
	(B) Subdivision
	(C) Conversion
	(D) None
67.	Shares stock means
	(A) Closing Stock of Shares
	(B) Average Stock of Shares
	(C) Opening Stock of Shares
	(D) Bunch of Fully paid Shares
68.	The main object of amalgamation is
	(A) To minimize the expenses
	(B) To stop competition
	(C) To facilitate distribution
	(D) All of the above
69.	When the expenses of liquidation are to be borne by the vendor company
	debits
	(A) Realization Account
	(B) Bank Account
	(C) Goodwill Account
<b>-</b> 0	(D) None of the above
70.	Depreciation Accounting is based on the Indian Accounting Standard:
	(A) AS 4
	(B) AS 5
	(C) AS 10
	(D) AS 6
71.	Cash Flow Statement is prepared as per the Indian Accounting standard:
	(A) AS1
	(B) AS2
	(C) AS3
	(D) AS5

72.		list gives the names and holdings of equity shareholders.
	(A)	List F
	(B)	List G
	(C)	List H
	(D)	List A
73.	Prepa	aration of consolidated statements as per AS 21 is:
	(A)	Optional
	(B)	Mandatory for all
	(C)	Mandatory for listed companies.
	(D)	Mandatory for PVT. companies.
74.	Mino	prity Interest includes:
	(A)	Share in share capital
	(B)	Share in capital profit
	(C)	Share in revenue profit
	(D)	All of the above
75.	Prepa	aration of Holding Companies Accounts Deals with:
	(A)	AS-22
	(B)	AS-21
	(C)	AS-25
	(D)	AS-12
76.	Pre-a	acquisition profit in subsidiary company is considered as:
	(A)	Revenue Profit
	(B)	Capital Profit
	(C)	Goodwill
	(D)	None of the above
77.	On a	consolidated balance sheet, if the shares of a company have been bought for
	more	than the balance sheet value then the difference would appear as:
	` /	Goodwill
	` ′	Capital reserve
	` ′	Loss on purchase
	(D)	Profit on purchase

78.	The amount is available after payment to unsecured creditors it will distributed
	to
	(A) Preference shareholders then Equity share holders
	(B) Equity shareholders then Preference shareholders
	(C) Preference shareholders then Debenture holders
	(D) None of above
79.	Liquidator's statement of receipts and payment is know as:
	(A) Cash flow statement
	(B) Cash book
	(C) Liquidator's final statement of account
	(D) Deficiency accounts.
80.	The first item in order of payment to be made by liquidator is:
	(A) Secured creditors
	(B) Preferential creditors
	(C) Liquidation expenses
	(D) Preferential creditors
81.	Salaries due to a clerk is preferential for a period not exceeding:
	(A) Two months
	(B) Three months
	(C) Four months
	(D) Nine months
82.	A contributory is:
	(A) Creditor
	(B) A shareholder
	(C) A debenture holder
	(D) A convertible debenture holder

- 83. Liquidator's statement of receipts and payment is known as:
  - (A) Cash flow statement
  - (B) Cash book
  - (C) Liquidator's final statement of account
  - (D) Deficiency accounts
- 84. Compulsory winding up:
  - (A) If a company unable to pay its debt
  - (B) If the number of members of company reduced below statutory limit.
  - (C) If a company does commence its business within a year from its incorporation.
  - (D) All of the above
- 85. On 1<sup>st</sup> April 2007, Sunrise Limited issued 5000, 8% debentures of 100 each at a discount of 5%. What will be the total amount of interest for the year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March 2008?
  - (A) 38,000
  - (B) 42,000
  - (C) 40,000
  - (D) 25,000
- 86. Globe Ltd. issues 20,000, 9% debentures of 100 each a discount of 5% redeemable at the end of 5 years at a premium of 6% For what amount Loss on issue of Debentures Account' will be debited?
  - (A) 1,00,000
  - (B) 1,20,000
  - (C) 2,80,000
  - (D) 2,20,000
- 87. If vendors are issued debentures of 80,000 in consideration of net assets of 1,00,000 the balance of 20,000 will be credited to:
  - (A) Statement of Profit & Loss
  - (B) Goodwill Account
  - (C) General Reserve Account
  - (D) Capital Reserve Account

88. Debentures issued as collateral security will be debited to: (A) Bank Account (B) Debentures Suspense Account (C) Debentures Account (D) Bank Loan Account 89. 'A' Limited purchased the assets from 'B' Limited for 5,40,000. 'A' Limited issued 10% debentures of 100 each at 20% premium against the payment. The number of debentures received by 'B' Limited will be: (A) 4,500 (B) 5,400 (C) 45,000 (D) 6,000 90. Net asset value is also called as: (A) Asset backing value (B) Intrinsic value (C) Liquidation value (D) All of the above 91. Under annuity basis goodwill is calculated by: (A) No. of years purchased multiplied with average profits. (B) No. of years purchased multiplied with super-profits. (C) Summation of the discounted value of expected future benefits. (D) Super profit divided with expected rate of return. 92. Good will is paid for obtaining: (A) Future benefit (B) Present benefit (C) Past benefit

(D) None of the above

93.	Normal profit is:
	(A) Profit earned by similar companies in the same industry
	(B) Average profit earned
	(C) Excess of average profit over super profit
	(D) Profit earned in abnormal circumstance
94.	An exclusive legal right in the form of Logo, Brand, Symbol, Name of Design is
	known as
	(A) Trademark
	(B) Patent Right
	(C) Copy Right
	(D) All
95.	The value of Intangible assets isover a period of time.
	(A) Amortized
	(B) Added
	(C) Depreciated
	(D) All
96.	Total assets of X Ltd. are 10,00,000 and total liabilities are 4,00,000. Expert valued
	goodwill of the company at 2,00,000. The company has two types of equity shares:
	50,000 shares of 10 each fully paid-up 50,000 shares of 10 each, 7 paid-up. intrinsic
	value per share of 7 paid-up is:
	(A) 3.5 (B) 4.5
	(B) 4.5 (C) 6.5
	(D) 7.5
97.	The profits for 2016-2017 is 2000; for 2017-2018 is 26,100 and for 2018-2019 is
	31,200. Closing stock for 2017-2018 and 2018-2019 includes the defective items of
	2200 and 6200 respectively which were considered as having market value nil.
	Calculate goodwill in average profit method:
	(A) 23,700
	(B) 17,700
	(C) 13,700
	(D) 17,300

98.	Find the goodwill of the company from the following information:
	Total Capital Employed= 8,00,000
	Reasonable Rate of Return= 15%
	Profits for the year= 12,00,000
	Use capitalization method
	(A) 82,00,000
	(B) 12,00,000
	(C) 72,00,000
	(D) 42,00,000
99.	Net asset value method of share valuation is based on the assumption that the
	company is
	(A) A going concern
	(B) Going to be liquidated
	(C) Risk- free
	(D) Both (A) & (B)
100.	Super profit is
	(A) Excess of average profit over normal profit
	(B) Extra profit earned
	(C) Average profit earned by similar companies
	(D) Profit earned in abnormal circumstance
	****

## Rough Work / रफ कार्य

#### DO NOT OPEN THE QUESTION BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

- 1. Examinee should enter his / her roll number, subject and Question Booklet Series correctly in the O.M.R. sheet, the examinee will be responsible for the error he / she has made.
- 2. This Question Booklet contains 100 questions, out of which only 75 Question are to be Answered by the examinee. Every question has 4 options and only one of them is correct. The answer which seems correct to you, darken that option number in your Answer Booklet (O.M.R ANSWER SHEET) completely with black or blue ball point pen. If any examinee will mark more than one answer of a particular question, then the first most option will be considered valid.
- 3. Every question has same marks. Every question you attempt correctly, marks will be given according to that.
- 4. Every answer should be marked only on Answer Booklet (O.M.R ANSWER SHEET). Answer marked anywhere else other than the determined place will not be considered valid.
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