प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक Question Booklet No.

प्रश्नपुस्तिका सीरीज Question Booklet Series **B**

BBA (Third Semester) Examination, February/March-2022

BBA-301(N)

Advertising Management

(for Regular, Ex & B.P. Students)

Time: 1:30 Hours Maximum Marks-100

जब तक कहा न जाय, इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका को न खोलें

- निर्देश: 1. परीक्षार्थी अपने अनुक्रमांक, विषय एवं प्रश्नपुस्तिका की सीरीज का विवरण यथास्थान सही— सही भरें, अन्यथा मृल्यांकन में किसी भी प्रकार की विसंगति की दशा में उसकी जिम्मेदारी स्वयं परीक्षार्थी की होगी।
 - 2. इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका में 100 प्रश्न हैं, जिनमें से केवल 75 प्रश्नों के उत्तर परीक्षार्थियों द्वारा दिये जाने है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर प्रश्न के नीचे दिये गये हैं। इन चारों में से केवल एक ही उत्तर सही है। जिस उत्तर को आप सही या सबसे उचित समझते हैं, अपने उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET)में उसके अक्षर वाले वृत्त को काले या नीले बाल प्वांइट पेन से पूरा भर दें। यदि किसी परीक्षार्थी द्वारा निर्धारित प्रश्नों से अधिक प्रश्नों के उत्तर दिये जाते हैं तो उसके द्वारा हल किये गये प्रथमतः यथा निर्दिष्ट प्रश्नोत्तरों का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
 - 3. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक समान हैं। आप के जितने उत्तर सही होंगे, उन्हीं के अनुसार अंक प्रदान किये जायेंगे।
 - 4. सभी उत्तर केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर ही दिये जाने हैं। उत्तर पत्रक में निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा अन्यत्र कहीं पर दिया गया उत्तर मान्य नहीं होगा।
 - 5. ओ॰एम॰आर॰ उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर कुछ भी लिखने से पूर्व उसमें दिये गये सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लिया जाय।
 - 6. परीक्षा समाप्ति के उपरान्त परीक्षार्थी कक्ष निरीक्षक को अपनी प्रश्नपुस्तिका बुकलेट एवं ओ०एम०आर० शीट पृथक-पृथक उपलब्ध कराने के बाद ही परीक्षा कक्ष से प्रस्थान करें।
 - 7. निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।

महत्वपूर्ण : — प्रश्नपुस्तिका खोलने पर प्रथमतः जॉच कर देख लें कि प्रश्नपुस्तिका के सभी पृष्ठ भलीभाँति छपे हुए हैं। यदि प्रश्नपुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो कक्ष निरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सीरीज की दूसरी प्रश्नपुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।

95

Rough Work / रफ कार्य

	aims to transform the perception. attitude, or actions of the prospective
custo	omer.
(A)	Message design.
(B)	Physical design
(C)	Transformational Advertising.
(D)	Informational advertising.
	is commercially significant news regarding a product/service, which
appe	ars in the commercial media at no cost to the business. It is not considered to
be a	dvertising.
(A)	Publicity.
(B)	Public relations.
(C)	Advertising tools.
(D)	Promotion.
	is about direct person to person selling. or voice to voice, or digital to
digit	al communication designed to explain how products, services, or ideas fit the
need	s of a prospective customer.
(A)	Publicity.
(B)	Public relations.
(C)	Advertising tools.
(D)	personal selling.
The	words used in an advertisement is referred to as
(A)	Data
(B)	Artwork.
(C)	Сору
(D)	Text.

5.		is a regular program sponsored by only one advertise.
	(A)	Title sponsorship.
	(B)	Franchise
	(C)	Half program.
	(D)	Full program sponsorship.
6.	Tim	es of India is awhile print media is
	(A)	Media Vehicle, media class
	(B)	Media class, media vehicle
	(C)	Medium, message class
	, ,	Media class, message class
7.	()	is an advertisement in a print media.
	(A)	Exertion.
	(B)	Extension.
	(C)	Integration.
	(D)	Insertion.
8.	Tele	vision advertising that include a telephone numeral for ordering is an example
	or	·
	(A)	Direct response advertising.
	(B)	Telemarketing
	(C)	Straight mail
	(D)	Teleconference
9.	In c	reating the communications message, what is the term functional to the process
	of p	utting the intended message or thought into symbolic form?
	(A)	Developing the response.
	(B)	Eliminating the advertising Clutter or 'noise'.
	(C)	Encoding.
	(D)	Decoding.

10.	The choice of a medium depends entirely on the advertiser's objectives, the creative
	needs. the competitive challenge and the
	(A) Budget available.
	(B) Clients choice.
	(C) Agencies choice.
	(D) Creative plans choice.
11.	Brand names and identity advertising are methods that advertisers use to persuade
	consumers to
	(A) Reach their demographic potential.
	(B) Satisfy subconscious motivations.
	(C) Make distinctions among products that are actually very similar
	(D) Perceive hidden message.
12.	These are written documents that provide media planners with relevant information
	necessary to select and buy media suitable to the campaign.
	(A) Account Brief.
	(B) Media Brief.
	(C) Creative. Brief.
	(D) Client Brief.
13.	uses social networking sites, popular sites and industry specific portals
	to target audience.
	(A) Online marketing.
	(B) Guerrilla Marketing
	(C) Viral Marketing
	(D) Offline Marketing

14.	A decade-long 'Jaago Re' (Wake up) campaign associated with the brand
	stirred the collective conscience of the country by taking a strong anti-
	corruption stance, telling. consumers to be aware o their rights.
	(A) Mohini Tea
	(B) Tata Tea
	(C) Red Label
	(D) None of the above
15.	The plane that show time, date and frequency of an advertisement is
	(A) Media plan
	(B) Media schedule
	(C) Media time
	(D) Media space
16.	firms advise companies about public opinion and has to manage their
	relationship with various stakeholders
	(A) Marketing
	(B) Advertising.
	(C) PR.
	(D) Creative
17.	The term used to describe various tasks undertaken before the principal
	photography for a TVC begins is called
	(A) Post production
	(B) Storyboarding
	(C) Location planning
	(D) Pre-production
	(D) The production

18.	Which of the following is not part of a TVC pre-production activities
	(A) Props selection
	(B) Locking the script
	C) Scheduling production
	D) Editing
10	
19.	The phase in the production process in which it is no longer financially viable to
	cancel the project is also referred to as
	(A) Point of no return
	(B) Point of purchase
	(C) Break-even point
	D) None of the above
20.	Which of the following is not related to advertising research
	(A) Copy testing
	(B) Pre- testing
	(C) Post - testing
	D) Voting – intention
21.	Γo assess if an advertisement has achieved its objectives, which of the following
	will be used,
	(A) Environmental Scanning.
	(B) Post- testing
	(C) Pre - testing
	(D) Secondary data research
22.	Data collected on field is called
	(A) Secondary data
	(B) Primary data
	(C) Internal data
	(D) External data

23.	Every media plan begins with the
	(A) Media objective
	(B) Market analysis
	(C) Media mix
	(D) Media strategy
24.	Which of the following refers to the average number of times an individual within
	target audience is exposed to a media vehicle during a given period of time.
	(A) Frequency
	(B) Reach
	(C) Continuity
	(D) CPM
25.	Covers two broad decisions: selection of media class, and selection of media
	vehicle within media class.
	(A) Media mix
	(B) Media strategy
	(C) Media objective
	(D) Media selection
26.	Media Buying refers to buying in the selected media.
	(A) Slot
	(B) Space
	(C) Vehicle
	(D) Time and space
27.	What is ABC?
	(A) American business circle
	(B) American business corporation
	(C) Audit Bureau of Circulation
	(D) Advertising broadcasting company

28.		refers to the number of people that will be exposed to a media vehicle at
	least	t once during a given period of time.
	(A)	Frequency
	(B)	Reach
	(C)	CPM
	(D)	CPP
29.	DAG	GMAR stands for
	(A)	Defining advertising goals for measured advertising results
	(B)	Defining advertising goals for measuring and achieving results
	(C)	Delivering advertising goals for measured advertising results
	(D)	Developing advertising goals for mixed advertising responses
30.	TRP	stands for
	(A)	Television and Radio points
	(B)	Television Rating points
	(C)	Telecom Rating points
	(D)	Television and Radio Production
31.	Adv	ertising is an element of
	(A)	Product mix
	(B)	Pricing mix
	(C)	Place mix
	(D)	Promotion mix
32.	"Ha	r ghar kuchh kehta hai" is a tagline of
	(A)	Nerolac Paints
	(B)	JK Cements
	(C)	Somani Tiles
	(D)	Asian Paints

33.	"Be 100% sure" is the tagline of
	(A) Dettol
	(B) Savlon
	(C) Band-aid
	(D) Handyplast
34.	Which department, functions as the link between the ad agency and its clients.
	(A) Account service
	(B) Finance
	(C) Media
	(D) Sales
35.	advertising is designed to cultivate goodwill and prestige of the or
	organization.
	(A) Selective
	(B) Institutional
	(C) Competitive
	(D) Advocacy
36.	Which Indian state advertises itself to attract tourists with the tagline. "God's own
	country"
	(A) Uttarakhand
	(B) Uttar Pradesh
	(C) Kerala
	(D) Himachal Pradesh
37.	Which of the following is a micro-blogging network
	(A) Facebook
	(B) Twitter
	(C) Linkedln
	(D) WhatsApp
38.	In the field of digital marketing SEO stands for
	(A) Senior Executive Officer
	(B) Search Engine Optimization
	(C) Senior Encoding Officer
	(D) Search Ending Option

39.	Online content that uses sensationalized headlines and text descriptions to tempt a			
	person into clicking to view the original web article at the source publication is			
	known as			
	(A) Deceptive advertising			
	(B) SEM			
	(C) Click bait			
	(D) Target advertising			
40.	means the use of superlatives like finest, best etc. in the ads.			
	(A) Deception			
	(B) Puffery			
	(C) Testimonial			
	(D) Stereotype			
41.	In method. the amount for advertising is decided on the basis of sales.			
	(A) Objective and Task			
	(B) Competitive Parity			
	(C) Affordable or fund available			
	(D) Percentage of Sales			
42.	CPM denotes			
	(A) Cost per million			
	(B) Cost per month			
	(C) Cost per thousand			
	(D) Cost per hundred			
43.	PPC stands for			
	(A) Pre-payment cost			
	(B) Pay per consumer			
	(C) Previous production cost			
	(D) Pay per click			
44.	The location a display ad will be shown is known as			
	(A) Ad placement			
	(B) Bill board			
	(C) Ad planning			
	(D) None of the above			

45. advertisement is a small, graphic link placed on a web page (A) Button (B) E-mail (C) Banner (D) Website 46. Which kind of advertising involves Hoardings, Kiosks, Events and Tradeshows (A) Print advertising (B) Outdoor advertising (C) Public service advertising (D) Covert advertising 47. Which of the following is NOT a requirement for setting advertising objectives (A) Objectives must specify the amount of change. (B) Objectives must be stated in terms of profits. (C) Objectives must be realistic (D) Objective must be internally consistent 48. A good copy testing system needs to provide measurements that are-(A) Relevant to the advertising objectives (B) Relevant to the advertising budget (C) Relevant to the advertising media (D) Relevant to the advertising script 49. A company that sets its advertising budget by following its major competitor and adding an additional 10 percent is using the -(A) Percentage-of sales method (B) Objective- and – task method (C) Competitive parity method (D) Affordability method 50. A question such as "What ads do you remember seeing yesterday?" is an example of (A) Aided recall test

(B) Unaided recall test

(C) Inquiry test

(D) Attitude test

51.	Adve	rtising is a	form of	_communication.
	(A)	Paid, non- personal		
	(B)	Non-paid, personal,		
	(C)	Paid, personal		
	(D)	Non-paid, non- perso	onal	
52.	IMC	stands for:		
	(A)	Integrated Media Con	mmunications	
	(B)	Integrated Media Con	nglomerates	
	(C)	Integrated Marketing	Communication	ons
	(D)	Integrated Marketing	Conglomerate	s
53.	Acco	rding to Oxford Dict	ionary, "Adver	tise means to present or describe a product.
	servic	ce or event in the med	dia in order to _	, ,
	(A)	Increase sales		
	(B)	Increase knowledge	of customers	
	(C)	Increase revenue		
	(D)	Increase customer sa	tisfaction.	
54.	An ap	opeal is theof ar	n advertisemen	
	(A) '	Theme		
	(B)	Image		
	(C)	Colour		
	(D)	Information		
55.	If a co	ompany gives false n	nessage to the c	eustomers. it is known as
	(A)	Obscene ads		
	(B)	Subliminal ads		
	(C)	Deceptive ads		
	(D)	None of these		

56.		is a promotion strategy that calls for using the sales force and trade
	pron	notion to move the product through channels.
	(A)	Push strategy
	(B)	Pull strategy
	(C)	Blocking strategy
	(D)	Integrated strategy
57.		manage a company's brand and product line.
	(A)	Brand assistants.
	(B)	Brand executives.
	(C)	Brand Managers.
	(D)	Brand associate.
58.		develop the verbal brand message?
	(A)	Designers.
	(B)	Directors.
	(C)	Copy writers
	(D)	Creative directors
59.	B2B	stands for
	(A)	Brand to business.
	(B)	Business to business
	(C)	Business to brand.
	(D)	Brand to brand.
60.	Wha	at is B2C
	(A)	Brand to consumers
	(B)	Brand to compete.
	(C)	Business to consumers.
	(D)	Brand to customers.

61.	A form of advertising which is used to promote regulated products. like Cigarettes
	and alcohol. in the disguise of another product is known as
	(A) Advocacy advertising
	(B) Generic advertising
	(C) Financial advertising
	(D) Surrogate advertising
62.	Advertising Standards Council of India is
	(A) A self-regulatory voluntary organization
	(B) A central government organization
	(C) A Supreme court constituted organization
	(D) None of these
63.	includes two visual signals of a brand – its character (e.g., Amul girl.
	Pillsbury doughboy) and its logo. Both are elements of brand identity
	(A) Brand attitude
	(B) Brand Image
	(C) Brand Symbol
	(D) Brand Positioning
64.	is the process of creating a brand image that engages the heart and minds
	of customers.
	(A) Planning.
	(B) Branding.
	(C) Promoting.
	(D) Selling.

65.	is the degree of attachment that customers have to a brand as expressed by		
	repeat purchases.		
	(A) Brand Community.		
	(B) Brand loyalty.		
	(C) Brand image.		
	(D) Brand identity.		
66.	are short songs that deliver a brand story in an easy-to-hum format.		
	(A) Melody.		
	(B) Rap.		
	(C) Jingles		
	(D) Jazz.		
67.	Which of the following is NOT an element of the promotion mix:		
	(A) Advertising		
	(B) Pricing		
	(C) Public Relations		
	(D) Sales Promotion		
68.	Advertising is a sub-element ofmix.		
	(A) Product		
	(B) Price		
	(C) Promotion		
	(D) Place		
69.	An agency that's provides specialized tailor-made services is called		
	(A) Brand-alone agency		
	(B) Stand-alone agency		
	(C) Full-service agency		
	(D) None of the above.		

70.	Traditionally advertising is called a Tri-partite affair involving
	(A) Advertiser, Agency, Copywriter
	(B) Advertiser, Agency, Media
	(C) Client, Accounts manager, Media
	(D) None of the above
71.	Which of the following is an example of High involvement medium
	(A) Television
	(B) Radio
	(C) Hoardings
	(D) Newspaper
72.	Which of the following is also known as the hierarchy of effects model of
	communication.
	(A) SWOT
	(B) BCG
	(C) AIDA
	(D) PESTLE
73.	Dividing the market based on age, income, educational qualification, is known as
	(A) Psychographic segmentation
	(B) Geographic segmentation
	(C) Behavioural segmentation
	(D) Demographic segmentation
74.	DAGMAR stands for "Defining advertising goals for advertising results
	(A) Marketing
	(B) Measuring
	(C) Mentioning
	(D) None of the above

75.	Which of the following is not an element of promotion mix
	(A) Strategic positioning
	(B) Direct Marketing
	(C) Personal selling
	(D) Public relations
76.	Which among the following is a Pull Strategy?
	(A) Trade promotion
	(B) Consumer promotion
	(C) Sales force promotion
	(D) None of these
77.	If a company wants to build a good "corporate image," it will probably use which of
	the following marketing communications mix tools?
	(A) Advertising
	(B) Public relations
	(C) Direct marketing
	(D) Sales promotion
78.	is a department within a company that is responsible for producing some or
	all of that company's marketing communication.
	(A) Full-service agency.
	(B) PR. agency.
	(C) Marketing agency.
	(D) In-house agency.

79.	A is a graphic mark. emblem or symbol commonly used by commercial
	enterprises, organisations and even individuals to aid and promote instant public
	recognition.
	(A) Logo
	(B) Slogan
	(C) Tag line
	(D) None of the above
80.	are musical messages written around a brand.
	(A) Logos
	(B) Symbols
	(C) Jingles
	(D) Tag lines
81.	Brand personality is a set ofcharacteristics associated with the brand.
	(A) Human
	(B) Computer
	(C) Product
	(D) Artificial Intelligence
82.	Two established brand names of different companies using the name on the same
	product is called
	(A) Co branding
	(B) Brand extension
	(C) Mega branding
	(D) Store branding

83.	define the task that advertising must do with a specific target audience
	during a specific period of time.
	(A) Advertising strategies
	(B) Message decisions
	(C) Advertising campaigns
	(D) Advertising objectives.
84.	"A lot can happen over coffee", is tagline of.
	(A) Café Coffee Day
	(B) Starbucks
	(C) Barista
	(D) None of the above
85.	The face-to -face interaction with prospective buyers for the objective of answering
	questions, procuring orders and making presentations is
	(A) Interactive marketing
	(B) Direct marketing
	(C) Personal selling
	(D) Word-of mouth marketing
86.	provides a reason to buy andprovides an incentive to buy.
	(A) Advertising. Publicity
	(B) Publicity, Advertising
	(C) Sales promotion, Advertising
	(D) Advertising, Sales promotion
87.	Tie-in promotions cross-promotions and Point-of-purchase are examples of
	(A) Trade promotion
	(B) Business and sales-force promotion
	(C) Consumer promotion
	(D) None of the above

88.	The impact of exposures on audience awareness relies on
	(A) The frequency
	(B) The reach
	(C) The impact
	(D) All of the above
89.	A longer commercial that mixes entertainment along with information in a program
	like format is known as
	(A) Advertorial
	(B) Infomercial
	(C) Space feature
	(D) Classified
90.	Placement of advertisements inside or outside transportation vehicles is known as
	(A) Aerial advertising.
	(B) Outdoor advertising
	(C) Transit advertising
	(D) Classifieds
91.	Ais in charge for selecting media for advertisement assignment on behalf of
	their customers.
	(A) Media planner
	(B) Media buying
	(C) Space seller.
	(D) Copywriter.

92.	Total coverage by television and radio of a given geographic area is called
	(A) Blank coverage
	(B) Blanket coverage
	(C) Zero coverage
	(D) National coverage
93.	A system of broadcasting television whereby programs are first tuned in by a
	community antenna and then distributed to individual homes is
	(A) Cable TV.
	(B) Dial in TV
	(C) DTH
	(D) OTT.
94.	are large structures located in public places which display advertisements
	to passing pedestrians and motorists.
	(A) Posters
	(B) Billboards
	(C) Display
	(D) Classified
95.	Copywriting is
	(A) A business report
	(B) An advertising medium
	(C) Delivering words that get people to take some action
	(D) None of the above

	(D)	Point of sales display	
	(C)	Radio	
	(B)	Community directories	
	(A)	Direct mail	
	dire	ctly to the customers who may be in a positon to make an instant purchase.	
100.		provides a chance to show the features and benefits of a product/service	
	(D)	DAGMAR	
	(C)	TRP	
	(B)	CSR	
	(A)	USP	
		efit is done through.	
99.	Proj	ecting the image of the company by taking up social causes for a long-term	
	, ,	Mixed response advertising.	
	, ,	Instant advertising.	
	, ,	Indirect advertising.	
		Direct advertising.	
	thro	through a retailer or other middlemen.	
98.	_	allows the prospect to respond directly to the advertiser rather than going	
	` ′	Direct mail advertising	
		Spam.	
	, ,	Retrieve mail advertising	
		Instant mail advertising.	
		nails directly to prospective purchases is called.	
97.	` /	advertising involving Letters, folders, reprints, or other material sent through	
	` /	Slot.	
	` /	Commercials.	
	(B)	Co-sponsorship.	
		Sponsorship.	
	advertiser pays a proportionate share of the cost is called.		
96.	The	participation of two or more sponsors in a single broadcast program where each	

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- 1. Examinee should enter his / her roll number, subject and Question Booklet Series correctly in the O.M.R. sheet, the examinee will be responsible for the error he / she has made.
- 2. This Question Booklet contains 100 questions, out of which only 75 Question are to be Answered by the examinee. Every question has 4 options and only one of them is correct. The answer which seems correct to you, darken that option number in your Answer Booklet (O.M.R ANSWER SHEET) completely with black or blue ball point pen. If any examinee will mark more than one answer of a particular question, then the first most option will be considered valid.
- 3. Every question has same marks. Every question you attempt correctly, marks will be given according to that.
- 4. Every answer should be marked only on Answer Booklet (O.M.R ANSWER SHEET). Answer marked anywhere else other than the determined place will not be considered valid.
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- 6. After completion of examination please hand over the Answer Booklet (O.M.R ANSWER SHEET) to the Examiner before leaving the examination room.
- 7. There is no negative marking.

Note: On opening the question booklet, first check that all the pages of the question booklet are printed properly in case there is an issue please ask the examiner to change the booklet of same series and get another one.