Roll. No					Question Booklet Number		
O.M.R. Serial No.							

B.Sc. (PART-II) EXAMINATION, 2021 **BIOTECHNOLOGY** (NEW COURSE)

[PAPER : Second (BBT-202)]

(Biomathematics & Biostatics)

P	aper I	D
5	0	3

Question Booklet Series

A

Time: 1:30 Hours

Max. Marks: 150

Instructions to the Examinee:

- 1. Do not open this Booklet untill you are told to do so.
- Candidates should fill their roll number, subject and series of question booklet details correctly, otherwise, in case of any discrepancy in the evaluation, it will be the responsibility of the examinee himself.
- 3. There are 100 questions in the booklet. Examinee is required to answer only 75 questions in the OMR Answer Sheet provided. Four alternative answer to each question are given below the question, out of these four only one answer is correct. The answer which you think is correct or most appropriate, completely fill in the circle containing its letter in your answer sheet (O.M.R. Answer Sheet) with black or blue ball point pen.

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश :

- जब तक कहा न जाये, इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका को न खोलें।
- 2. परीक्षार्थी अपने अनुक्रमांक, विषय एवं प्रश्नपुस्तिका की सिरीज का विवरण यथास्थान सही-सही भरें, अन्यथा मूल्यांकन में किसी भी प्रकार की विसंगति की दशा में उसकी जिम्मेदारी स्वयं परीक्षार्थी की होगी।
- उ. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में 100 प्रश्न हैं। परीक्षार्थी को केवल 75 प्रश्नों का उत्तर दी गई OMR उत्तर-पत्रक में देना है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर प्रश्न के नीचे दिये गये हैं। इन चारों में से केवल एक ही उत्तर सही है। जिस उत्तर को आप सही या सबसे उचित समझते हैं, अपने उत्तर-पत्रक (O.M.R. Answer Sheet) में उसके अक्षर वाले वृत्त को काले या नीले बॉल प्वाइंट पेन से पूरा भर दें।

(शेष निर्देश अन्तिम पृष्ठ पर)

Rough Work

1.	A matrix having m rows and n columns with m \neq n is said to be a :	5.	The sum of the squares of two consecutive natural numbers is 313. The numbers are :
	(A) Square matrix		(A) 12, 13
	(B) Rectangular matrix		(B) 14, 15
	(C) Identity matrix		(C) 11, 12
	(D) Scalar matrix		(D) 13, 14
2.	Select incorrect statement for complex number:	6.	Which of the following is not a Quadratic equation?
	(A) Consist of both real and unreal numbers		(A) $x^2 + 3x - 5 = 0$
	(B) Complex number is expressed in the form		(B) $x^2 + x^3 + 2 = 0$
	a + bi		(C) $x^2 - 9 = 0$
	(C) Complex number is not consisted of real number		(D) $5+x+x^2=0$
	(D) Both (A) and (B) are correct	7.	The differential coefficient of a constant is :
3.	The Quadratic equation has degree :		(A) 1
	(A) 0		(B) 2
	(B) 1		(C) 3
	(C) 2		(D) 0
	(D) 3	8.	Which of the following is not correct?
4.	A matrix [a, b, c] is called as:		(A) Range = H – L
	(A) Zero matrix		(B) Mean = $\frac{\sum x}{n}$
	(B) Diagonal matrix		n n
	(C) Column matrix		(C) $\int 1 dx = x + c$
	(D) Row matrix		(D) None is correct
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- 9. Boolean algebra can be used:
 - (A) For designing of the digital computers
 - (B) In building logic symbols
 - (C) For probability calculation
 - (D) All of the above
- 10. What are the canonical forms of Boolean Expressions?
 - (A) OR and XOR
 - (B) NOR and XNOR
 - (C) MAX and MIN
 - (D) SOM and POM
- 11. Evaluate : $\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 1}{x^2 + 3x 4}$
 - (A) 1/5
 - (B) 2/5
 - (C) 3/5
 - (D) 4/5
- 12. The polynomial equation x(x+1) + 8 = (x+2)(x-2) is :
 - (A) Linear equation
 - (B) Quadratic equation
 - (C) Cubic equation
 - (D) Differential equation

- 13. Find the roots of the quadratic equation $x^2 + 2x 15 = 0$?
 - (A) -3, 5
 - (B) 5, 2
 - (C) -2, 5
 - (D) -5.3
- 14. If $P^2x^2 q^2 = 0$, then x = ?
 - (A) $\pm q/p$
- (B) $\pm p/q$
- (C) p
- (D) q
- 15. Which of the following is not correct?
 - $(A) \quad \frac{d(x^2)^n}{dy} = 2x$
 - (B) $\frac{d(c)}{dx} = 0$
 - (C) $\frac{d}{dx}(x^n) = nx^{n-1}$
 - (D) $\frac{d}{dx}(x) = 1$
- 16. If $y = u^n$, where n is a real number and u is a

function of x, then $\frac{dy}{dx} = ?$

- (A) $n u^{n-1}$
- (B) $n x^{n-1}$
- (C) $n u^{n-1} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$
- (D) None of the above

17. Find
$$\int \frac{2x}{1+x^2} dx = ?$$

- (A) 2xdx
- (B) $\log |1 + x^2| + c$
- (C) $1 + x^2 dx$
- (D) $\log |1 + 2x| + c$
- Differentiate $Y = (2x 1)^5$ and choose the 18. correct answer:
 - (A) $(2x-1)^4$
 - (B) 5(2x-1)
 - (C) $5(2x-1)^3$
 - (D) $10(2x-1)^4$
- If y = sin x, then $\frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) = ?$ 19.
 - (A) $-\sin x$ (B) $-\cos x$
 - (C) cos x
- (D) sin²x
- Integrate $\sqrt{(3x-4)^3}$ with respect to x and 20. choose the correct answer:
 - (A) $\frac{2}{15}(3x-4)^{5/2} + c$
 - (B) $15(3x-4)^{3/2} + c$
 - (C) $\frac{2}{15}(3x-4)^3 + c$
 - (D) $\frac{2}{15}(3x-4)^2+c$

- 21. Among these, which sampling is based on equal chance ?
 - (A) Simple random sampling
 - (B) Sratified random sampling
 - (C) Systematic sampling
 - (D) Cluster sampling
- 22. The arrangement of data in rows and columns is known as:
 - (A) Frequecy distribution
 - (B) Classification
 - (C) Tabulation
 - (D) None of these
- 23. The discrete variables and continuous variables are two types of:
 - (A) Open end classification
 - (B) Time series classification
 - (C) Qualitative classification
 - (D) Quantitative classification
- 24. What is the class size for the following distribution:
 - 0 0.25, 0.25 0.50, 0.50 0.75
 - (A) 10
 - (B) 50
 - (C) 0.25
 - (D) 0.50

- 25. Which of the following equation of probability is not correct?
 - (A) P + q = 1
 - (B) $P(E_1 \text{ or } E_2) = P(E_1) + P(E_2)$
 - (C) P = 1 q
 - (D) $P(A.B) = P\left(\frac{A}{B}\right) \times P\left(\frac{B}{A}\right)$
- 26. If the probability of a child being Rh⁻ is 1/10, what will be the probability of being Rh⁺ in a society?
 - (A) 1/10
 - (B) 9/10
 - (C) 1/2
 - (D) 2/10
- 27. The probability of the occurrence of an event varies between:
 - (A) -1 to +1
 - (B) 0 to +1
 - (C) -1 ot 0
 - (D) 0 and 2
- 28. Product rule of probability applies to :
 - (A) Dependent events
 - (B) Independent events
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of these

- 29. Binomial theorem is used to determine probability of :
 - (A) Ordered events
 - (B) Unordered events
 - (C) Any type of events
 - (D) None of these
- 30. When a coin is thrown twice (one after the other), what would be chances of getting heads only?
 - (A) 1/2
 - (B) 2/4
 - (C) 1/4
 - (D) 3/4
- 31. Select the correct statement:
 - (A) The value of probability never be zero
 - (B) Sum of all probabilities of happening and not happening of an event is always equal to 1
 - (C) Probability is the chance that an event will occur
 - (D) Both (B) and (C) are correct
- 32. The probability of a mutually exclusive event is the sum of of all the events.
 - (A) Probabilities
 - (B) Occurence
 - (C) Variables
 - (D) Independent

33.	What will be the value of	$P_{\text{(Not E)}} \text{ if } P(E) = 0.07 ?$	38.	If P is the probability of an event, what is the probability of its complement?	
	(A) 90			(A) 1 – 1/P	
	(B) 0.007			(B) P – 1	
	(C) 1.93	93		(C) 1 – P	
	(D) 93			. ,	
34.	What is the probability of head if three unbiased co		39.	(D) None of the above Which of the following can be the probability of	
	(A) 7/8	(B) 1/8		an event?	
	(C) 1/2	(D) 7/9		(A) 10/7	
35.	The events that can not	occur simultaneously		(B) -1.4	
	are called as :			(C) 34/4	
	(A) Exhaustive events			(D) 3/8	
	(B) Mutually exclusive ex	vents	40.	In 30 balls, a batsman hits the boundaries 6	
	(C) Equally likely events			times. What will be the probability that he did not hit the boundaries?	
	(D) Independent events			(A) 1/5	
36.	In a binomial distribution,	successive traits are :		(B) 3/5	
	(A) Mutually exclusive			(C) 4/5	
	(B) Dependent			(D) None of the above	
	(C) Independent	dependent		A distribution is skewed if Mean, Median and	
	(D) All of the above			Mode are :	
37.	The probability of selecting	ng a bad egg is 0.035		(A) Equal	
	from the lot of 400 eggs. \bad eggs in the lot?	What is the number of		(B) Unequal	
	(A) 14	(B) 16		(C) Both (A) and (B)	
	, ,			(D) Symmetric	
	(C) 18	(D) 20			
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42.	The mean of 40 observadetected on re-checking wrongly copied as 125. Fi	that value 165 was	47.	Of the following sampling methods which is a probability methods?
	(A) 4	(B) 151		(A) Judgement
	(C) 650	(D) 161		(B) Quota
43.	In case of symmetrical distribution Mean, Median Mode are :			(C) Simple random
				(D) Convenience
	(A) Not equal			Increasing the sample size has following effect
	(B) Identical			on the sampling error :
	(C) Skewed to right			(A) It reduces the sampling errors
	(D) None of the above			(B) It increases the sampling errors
44.	Percentile divides the ser	ies into :		(C) No effect on sampling errors
	(A) Two equal parts(B) Ten equal parts(C) Hundred equal parts			(D) All of the above
			49.	The mean of 10 numbers is 58. If one of the numbers is 40, what is the mean of the other nine?
	(D) None of the above			(A) 540
45.	Which of the following of equla parts ?	divides data into four		(B) 60
	(A) Median			(C) 40
	(B) Quartiles			(D) 180
	(C) Range		50.	A measure of central tendency, in which half of
	(D) Standard error			the values falls above and half below of the middle value is called:
46.	The median is :			
	(A) Affected by extreme	scores		(A) Mode
	(B) The highest number			(B) Median
	(C) First number			(C) Average
	(D) The middle point			(D) Range
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51.	The number of occurence of a data value is called:	55.	Qualitative data presentation methods are :
	(A) Mean		(A) Pie chart
	(B) Range		(B) Pictogram
	(C) Frequency		(C) Bar diagram
	(D) Relative Frequency		(D) All of the above
52.	What is the Range of given data :	56.	Which of the following is not the part of 'Tabulation'?
	21, 22, 6, 4, 2, 35, 10		
	(A) 11		(A) Table Number
	(B) 33		(B) Table Title
	(C) 35		(C) Footnote
	(D) 2		(D) Histogram
53.	Calculate the Mean of the data given below :	57.	Objective of Tabulation are :
	20, 10, 30, 20, 20		(A) To simplify the complex data in a systematic
	(A) 10		form
	(B) 20		(B) For easy comparison
	(C) 30		(C) Both (A) and (B)
	(D) 50		(D) None of the above
54.	Which of the following is not the application of derivative ?	58.	A correlation coefficient of 1 indicates :
	(A) Rate of change of a quantity		(A) No correlation
	(B) Minimum and Maximum value		(B) A perpect correlation
	(C) In calculation of Mode		(C) Very small correlation
	(D) Tangent and Normal to a curve		(D) None of these
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59.	Which of the following is incorrect for Quartiles?	63.	Which of the following is correct for statistical data?
	(A) Data arranged in ascending or descending		
	order		(A) Set of facts expressed in qualitative and quantitative form
	(B) It is represented by Q		·
	(C) Third quartile is 75th percentile of observation		(B) Data can be classified into primary or secondary data
	(D) All are incorrect		(C) It may qualitative
60.	What is 1st Quartile of series :		(D) All are correct
	10, 12, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 27	64.	Mode is :
	(A) 12		(A) Most frequent value
	(B) 13		(B) Least frequent value
	(C) 15		(C) Middle value
	(D) 17		(D) None of these
61.	What is skewness?	65.	Mode can be located graphically with the help
	(A) Degree of distortion from the formal		of:
	distribution		(A) Line diagram
	(B) Symmetrical bell curve		(B) Bar diagram
	(C) Tail of a distribution		(C) Histogram
	(D) It is a measure of outliers		(D) Pie diagram
62.	Biostatistics is the application of statistical methods to :	66.	Mean deviation can be computed from :
	(A) Population and applied genetics		(A) Arithmetic mean
	(B) In molecular biology		(B) Mode
	(C) Agriculture and Forestry		(C) Median
	(D) All of these		(D) All of these
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67.	The range includes :	71.	Which of the following is incorrect about null hypothesis?
	(A) 50% of the items		(A) No difference exists between sample mean
	(B) 25% of the items		and population mean
	(C) 100% of the items		(B) The difference occurs between sample statistic and population parameter
	(D) None of these		
68.	The probability of not committing a Type II error		(C) It is denoted by H ₀
	is called :		(D) Both (A) and (C) are correct
	(A) Statistical probability	72.	Select correct relationship between Mean, Median and Mode :
	(B) Power of hypothesis test		(A) Mode = $3 \text{ Median } -2 \text{ Mean}$
	(C) Statistical inference		(B) Median = 3 Mode — 2 Mean
	(D) Null hypothesis		(C) Mode = 3 Mean — 2 Median
69.	Select the correct statement :		(D) Median = 3 Mean — 2 Mode
	(A) Sample mean is represented by $\sqrt{\overline{x}}$	73.	Calculate the median of the following data :
	(B) At 5% significance level the critical value of		75, 97, 100, 120, 150, 175
	$Z_{\alpha} = 2$		(A) 100
	(C) The complement of null hypothesis is alternate hypothesis		(B) 120
			(C) 115
	(D) All are correct	74.	(D) 110
70.	Which of the following step is not included in carrying out Test of Significance?		If $\Sigma fx = 995$, $\Sigma f = 50$, then find mean :
	(A) Laying down a hypothesis		(A) 19
	(B) Testing statistical hypothesis		(B) 0.0502
	(C) Fixation of level of significance		(C) 19.9
	(D) Making dot plot		(D) None of these

75. Find the Mode of following data:

6, 11, 9, 4, 4, 6, 10, 11, 12, 14, 11, 12

(A) 4

(B) 12

(C) 6

- (D) 11
- 76. Which of the following is not correct for Variance?
 - (A) It is the average of the squared deviation from the mean for a data
 - (B) Sample variance = $\frac{\sum (x \overline{x})^2}{n 1}$
 - (C) Population variance = $\frac{\sum (x_i \mu)^2}{n}$
 - (D) All are incorrect
- 77. If standard deviation of a data is 0.12, find the variance :
 - (A) 0.144
 - (B) 0.0144
 - (C) 0.00144
 - (D) 144.0
- 78. A result is called "Statistically significant" whenever:
 - (A) The null hypothesis is true
 - (B) The alternate hypothesis is true
 - (C) The table P—value is less than or equal to calculated value
 - (D) P-value is larger than calculated value

- 79. Test to be applied when number of observation less than 30 and variance is known as :
 - (A) z test
 - (B) t test
 - (C) F test
 - (D) Chi Square test
- 80. A normal distribution in Kurtosis is named as:
 - (A) Lefto Kurtosis
 - (B) Normal Kurtosis
 - (C) Plety Kurtosis
 - (D) Meso Kurtosis
- 81. Interquartile range can be computed as:
 - (A) $Q_3 Q_1$
 - (B) $Q_1 Q_2$
 - (C) $Q_2 Q_4$
 - (D) $Q_1 Q_2$
- 82. F distribution is also referred to as :
 - (A) Mean ratio distribution
 - (B) Standard ratio error distribution
 - (C) Residual term ratio distribution
 - (D) Variance ratio distribution

83.	When we accept a false null hypothesis, it called:	is	(C) Irregular random variable
			(D) Uncertain random variable
	(A) Type I error	88.	Flower colour is :
	(B) Type II error		(A) Quantitative variables
	(C) Type III error		(B) Qualitative variables
	(D) Type IV error		(C) Absolute variables
84.	ANOVA is a statistical approach for determining whether:	ng	(D) Continuous variables
	(A) Means of two samples are equal	89.	The application of statistical method in biology is called :
	(B) Means of two or more samples are equa		(A) Statistic in biology
	(C) Means of more than two samples are equ	al	(B) Statistics of nature
	(D) Means of two or more populations are equ	al	(C) Biostatistics
85.	Following is the form of presentation of da except:	ta	(D) All of the above
	(A) Tabulation	90.	Number of fruits in a tree is a :
	(B) Bar diagram		(A) Quantitative variables
	(C) Caption presentation		(B) Discrete variables
	(D) Pie diagram		(C) Absolute variables
86.	Area diagrams are :		(D) Continuous variables
	(A) One dimensional	91.	Which of the following is not correct for ANOVA?
	(B) Two dimensional		(A) All ANOVA require random sampling
	(C) Three dimensional		(B) Testing of ANOVA requires calculatio
	(D) None of the above		sum of squares
87.	Poisson distribution is applied for :		(C) ANOVA does not require computation of Mean of square
	(A) Continuous random variable		(D) It was introduced by R.A. Fisher
	(B) Discrete random variable		, ,
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- 92. Which of the following is not a test of significance?
 - (A) t Test
 - (B) Chi-Square Test
 - (C) ANOVA
 - (D) RT-PCR test for COVID
- 93. In biostatistics, group of individuals taken for study is called as :
 - (A) Block
- (B) Population
- (C) Group
- (D) Family
- 94. Variables whose values can not be expressed numerically are called :
 - (A) Continuous variables
 - (B) Discrete variables
 - (C) Qualitative variables
 - (D) Finite variables
- 95. Chi-square test is:
 - (A) Used to test the significance difference between two means
 - (B) Give difference between parametric and non-parametric tests
 - (C) Test of significance of overall deviation square
 - (D) All of the above
- 96. Which of the following is not correct regarding t—test?

(A)
$$t = \frac{\overline{X}_1 - \overline{X}_2}{SE_D}$$

(B)
$$t = \frac{\overline{X}_1 + \overline{X}_2}{SE_D}$$

- (C) For paired t—test, df = n 1
- (D) For unpaired t test, $df = n_1 + n_2 2$
- 97. Which test is used for testing "goodness of fit"?
 - (A) Chi-square
- (B) t-test
- (C) ANOVA
- (D) z-test
- 98. Criteria required for applying t test is :
 - (A) Random samples
 - (B) Sample size less than 30
 - (C) Quantitative data
 - (D) All of these
- 99. Zero correlation is seen when:
 - (A) Two variables are completely dependent
 - (B) Two variables are partially dependent
 - (C) Two variables are negatively correlated
 - (D) To variables are completely independent
- 100. The ratio between experimental and observed results is represented by :
 - (A) Theta value
 - (B) Variance ratio
 - (C) Chi-square test
 - (D) F-Ratio

Rough Work

Example:

Question:

Q.1 (A) (C) (D)

Q.2 **A B D**

Q.3 **A** • **C D**

If more than 75 questions are attempted by candidate, then the first attempted 75 questions will be considered for evaluation.

- 4. Each question carries equal marks.

 Marks will be awarded according to the number of correct answers you have.
- All answers are to be given on OMR Answer Sheet only. Answers given anywhere other than the place specified in the answer sheet will not be considered valid.
- 6. Before writing anything on the OMR Answer Sheet, all the instructions given in it should be read carefully.
- 7. After the completion of the examination, candidates should leave the examination hall only after providing their question booklet and OMR Answer Sheet separately to the invigilator.
- 8. There will be no negative marking.
- 9. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank pages provided for the purpose in the booklet.
- To bring and use of log-book, calculator, pager & cellular phone in examination hall is prohibited.
- In case of any difference found in English and Hindi version of the question, the English version of the question will be held authentic.

Impt. On opening the question booklet, first check that all the pages of the question booklet are printed properly. If there is any discrepancy in the question Booklet, then after showing it to the invigilator, get another question Booklet of the same series.

उदाहरण :

प्रश्न :

प्रश्न 1 **A ● © 0**

प्रश्न 2 **(A) (B) (D)**

प्रश्न 3 **(A) (D) (D)**

यदि परीक्षार्थी द्वारा 75 से अधिक प्रश्नों को हल किया जाता है तो प्रारम्भिक हल किये हुए 75 उत्तरों को ही मूल्यांकन हेतु सम्मिलित किया जाएगा।

- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक समान हैं। आपके जितने उत्तर सही होंगे, उन्हीं के अनुसार अंक प्रदान किये जायेंगे।
- 5. सभी उत्तर केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्रक (OMR Answer Sheet) पर ही दिये जाने हैं। उत्तर-पत्रक में निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा अन्यत्र कहीं पर दिया गया उत्तर मान्य नहीं होगा।
- 6. ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्रक (OMR Answer Sheet) पर कुछ भी लिखने से पूर्व उसमें दिये गये सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लिया जाये।
- 7. परीक्षा समाप्ति के उपरान्त परीक्षार्थी कक्ष निरीक्षक को अपनी प्रश्नपुस्तिका बुकलेट एवं ओ०एम०आर० शीट पृथक-पृथक उपलब्ध कराने के बाद ही परीक्षा कक्ष से प्रस्थान करें।
- 8. निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।
- कोई भी रफ कार्य, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में, रफ-कार्य के लिए दिए खाली पेज पर ही किया जाना चाहिए।
- 10. परीक्षा-कक्ष में लॉग-बुक, कैल्कुलेटर, पेजर तथा सेल्युलर फोन ले जाना तथा उसका उपयोग करना वर्जित है।
- 11. प्रश्न के हिन्दी एवं अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरण में भिन्नता होने की दशा में प्रश्न का अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरण ही मान्य होगा।

महत्वपूर्णः प्रश्नपुस्तिका खोलने पर प्रथमतः जाँच कर देख लें कि प्रश्नपुस्तिका के सभी पृष्ठ भलीभाँति छपे हुए हैं। यदि प्रश्नपुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो कक्षनिरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सिरीज की दूसरी प्रश्नपुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।