Roll No	 				Question Booklet	Number
O. M. R. Serial No.						

# M. Sc. (Ag.) Agricultural Economics (First Semester) EXAMINATION, 2021-22

### AGRICULTURAL MARKETING AND PRICE ANALYSIS

Paper Code				
AGECON	5	0	0	5

Questions Booklet Series

B

[ Maximum Marks : 100

Time: 1:30 Hours]

### **Instructions to the Examinee:**

- 1. Do not open the booklet unless you are asked to do so.
- 2. The booklet contains 60 questions. Examinee is required to answer any 50 questions in the OMR Answer-Sheet provided and not in the question booklet. If more than 50 questions are attempted by student, then the first attempted 50 questions will be considered for evaluation. All questions carry equal marks.
- 3. Examine the Booklet and the OMR Answer-Sheet very carefully before you proceed. Faulty question booklet due to missing or duplicate pages/questions or having any other discrepancy should be got immediately replaced.

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश :

- प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक आपसे कहा न जाए।
- 2. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में 60 प्रश्न हैं। परीक्षार्थी को किन्हीं 50 प्रश्नों को केवल दी गई OMR आन्सर-शीट पर ही हल करना है, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर नहीं। यदि छात्र द्वारा 50 से अधिक प्रश्नों को हल किया जाता है तो प्रारम्भिक हल किये हुए 50 उत्तरों को ही मूल्यांकन हेतु सम्मिलित किया जाएगा। सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
- उत्तर अंकित करने से पूर्व प्रश्न-पुस्तिका तथा OMR आन्सर-शीट को सावधानीपूर्वक देख लें। दोषपूर्ण प्रश्न-पुस्तिका जिसमें कुछ भाग छपने से छूट गए हों या प्रश्न एक से अधिक बार छप गए हों या उसमें किसी अन्य प्रकार की कमी हो, तो उसे तुरन्त बदल लें।

(शेष निर्देश अन्तिम पृष्ठ पर)

## (Only for Rough Work)

1.	Market prices are settled by pressing the	4.	Price of the commodity influences			
	fingers under cover of piece of cloth in		marketable surplus :			
	which method of sale ?		(A) Directly			
	(A) Sale by sample		(B) Inversely			
	(B) Hatha system		(C) Both (A) and (B)			
	•	5.	(D) None of the above			
	(C) Closed tender system		Procurement price is greater than:			
	(D) Moghum sale		(A) Market price			
2.	Which societies are the first types of		(B) Floor price			
	cooperative societies in India ?		(C) Both (A) and (B)			
	(A) Credit		(D) None of the above			
	(B) Farming	6.	Export-Import Bank was established on			
			1st January:			
	(C) Marketing		(A) 1980			
	(D) None of the above		(B) 1982			
3.	If marketed surplus is greater than		(C) 1981			
	marketable surplus, then the situation is		(D) 1983			
	known as:	7.	In which method of sale, prices are fixed			
	(A) Marketing efficiency		by mutual agreement ?			
	(B) Market integration		(A) Dara sale			
			(B) Moghum sale			
	(C) Distress sale		(C) Private negotiation			
	(D) Duopoly market		(D) Closed tender system			

- 8. Which of the following is not true about open auction method of sale ?
  - (A) It disposes the market supply promptly.
  - (B) A wide variety of goods are available to the consumers.
  - (C) The buyers of small lots are at disadvantageous compared to buyers of large lots.
  - (D) Payment of sales proceeds can be done immediately.
- 9. The Government established TRIFED in:
  - (A) 1985
  - (B) 1987
  - (C) 1990
  - (D) 2000
- 10. Which of the following methods is widely used to determine MSP?
  - (A) Parity formula
  - (B) Moving averages
  - (C) Cost of production
  - (D) None of the above

- 11. The markets which deal with a particular commodity are called :
  - (A) Wholesale market
  - (B) Retail market
  - (C) Specialized market
  - (D) Regulated market
- 12. The price that is aimed at protecting the farmers against price fall during period of surplus production is :
  - (A) Procurement price
  - (B) MSP
  - (C) Normal price
  - (D) Issue price
- 13. The largest foodgrain procurement agency at national level is :
  - (A) FCI
  - (B) NAFED
  - (C) NABARD
  - (D) Warehousing Corporation
- 14. Which of the following is correct?
  - (A) Grading follows standardization.
  - (B) Standardization follows grading.
  - (C) Packing is a part of packaging.
  - (D) None of the above

- 15. Which of the following is the correct sequence?
  - (A) Issue price < Procurement price < MSP
  - (B) Issue price > Procurement price > MSP
  - (C) Issue price < MSP < Procurement price
  - (D) Issue price < MSP > Procurement price
- 16. Correcting disorderly marketing is known as :
  - (A) Regulation
  - (B) Cooperative marketing
  - (C) Contract farming
  - (D) None of the above
- 17. The agency engaged in constructing large scale warehouses at national level is :
  - (A) NAFED
  - (B) SWC
  - (C) CWC
  - (D) FCI

- 18. Indian Society of Agricultural Marketing is located at :
  - (A) New Delhi
  - (B) Faridabad
  - (C) Nagpur
  - (D) Vishakhapatnam
- 19. An example of agro-processing is:
  - (A) Producing jam from fruit
  - (B) The manufacture of new fertilizers
  - (C) Ploughing the land
  - (D) The butchering of domestic livestock
- 20. Which of the following is included under exchange functions of marketing?
  - (A) Transportation
  - (B) Processing
  - (C) Risk bearing
  - (D) Selling
- 21. For perishable goods:
  - (A) Marketed surplus > Marketable surplus
  - (B) Marketed surplus < Marketable surplus
  - (C) Marketed surplus = Marketable surplus
  - (D) Zero Marketed surplus

22.	Which of the following is not a	26.	For which of the following, MSP is not
	marketing function ?		announced?
	(A) Assembling		(A) Jute
	(B) Insurance		(B) Sunflower
	(C) Risk taking		(C) Cotton
			(D) Chillies
	(D) Spatial integration	27.	Cooperative marketing in India has
23.	Farmer-Processor linkages can be best		tier structure.
	had from:		(A) Two
	(A) Regulated markets		(B) Three
	(B) Cooperative marketing		(C) Single
	(C) Contract farming		(D) None of the above
	(D) Direct marketing	28.	The ratio of market output to market
	(2) 2.1.000 1.1.1.1.01.1.18		input is known as:
24.	ISI-Indian Standards Institution was set		(A) Market integration
	up in:		(B) Market efficiency
	(A) 1950		(C) Price spread
	(B) 1947		(D) None of the above
	(C) 1965	29.	The aspect of efficiency pertaining to the
	(D) 1987		allocation of farm products over time,
25.	The present chairman of CACP is:		space, among traders, processors etc., is:
	(A) Prof. Vijay Paul Sharma		(A) Technical efficiency
	(B) Kapil Sibbal		(B) Pricing efficiency
	(C) Finance Minister		(C) Physical efficiency
	(D) Central Agricultural Minister		(D) Operational efficiency
AGE	CON-5005	(6)	Set-B

30. National Institute Agricultural 34. Invisible export means export of: of Marketing (NIAM) is located at: Services (A) (A) Jaipur Prohibited goods (B) (B) Hyderabad (C) Unrecorded goods (C) Bengaluru (D) Goods through smuggling (D) Cochin 35. When producers, wholesalers and 31. Arbitrage is: retailers act as a unified system, they (A) Buying and selling in two markets comprise as: simultaneously Conventional marketing system (B) A rate of interest (B) Power-based marketing system (C) A fee (C) Horizontal marketing system (D) Arbitrage is a dispute (D) Vertical marketing system 32. The cause of rise in prices of goods, in 36. In regulated markets, which the market is: are regulated? Rise in money supply (A) Increase in cost of production (B) **Prices** (A) Increase in stocks of goods and (C) Farmers' behaviour (B) blackmarketing Traders' behaviour (C) (D) All of the above (D) Marketing practices 33. Euro is a: 37. Price determining forces are: Currency (A) (A) Marginal cost and marginal returns (B) City Demand and supply (B) (C) Group (C) Marginal cost and opportunity cost (D) River

All of the above

(D)

38.	An apex organization of the cooperative	42.	The market functionaries, who take risk
	marketing structure was founded in the		in the marketing of products are:
	year:		(A) Merchant middlemen
	(A) 1956		(B) Agent middlemen
	(B) 1958		(C) Facilitative middlemen
	<ul><li>(C) 1937</li><li>(D) 1962</li></ul>		(D) Speculative middlemen
39.	Indian Institute of Packaging is	43.	Buyers' market denotes where :  (A) Supply exceeds demand
	established in :		
	(A) 1962		(B) Supply recedes demand
	(B) 1963		(C) Supply and demand are equal
	(C) 1964		(D) None of the above
	(D) 1966	44.	The market in which permanent and
40.	Market demand curve is faced by:		durable goods are traded is:
	(A) Competitive firm		(A) Long period market
	(B) Monopolistic firm		(B) Short period market
	(C) Oligopolistic firm		(C) Secular market
	(D) Duopolistic firm		(D) All of the above
41.	Agricultural sector is the main source of	45.	Persons who expect the prices will go up
	supply of:		in future are :
	(A) Wheat and Rice		(A) Bulls
	(B) Food and Fodder		(B) Bears
	(C) Oilseeds and Sugarcane		(C) Retailers
	(D) Rice and Poultry		(D) Wholesalers

- 46. A marketing function which tends to regulate the supply of a product and provide a stable market price is
  - (A) Transporting
  - (B) Processing
  - (C) Storing
  - (D) Grading
- 47. Which of the following has NO direct impact on the production costs of a certain product?
  - (A) Consumer demand
  - (B) Amount of input used
  - (C) Production methods
  - (D) Size of the operation
- 48. Which of the following marketing intermediary is more common in regulated markets?
  - (A) Farmer
  - (B) Commission agent
  - (C) Retailer
  - (D) Broker

- 49. The other name for 'local market' is:
  - (A) Regulated market
  - (B) Primary wholesale market
  - (C) Sea board market
  - (D) Village market
- 50. To get large orders, Indian exporters try to cut their own costs by:
  - (A) Reducing cost of raw materials
  - (B) Cutting labour cost
  - (C) Reducing electricity cost
  - (D) Reducing advertising and marketing cost
- 51. After some level of output, marginal cost begins to rise because :
  - (A) Total costs always increase
  - (B) Poorer quality inputs are hired as output expands
  - (C) Marginal product eventually decrease
  - (D) Average variable costs eventually increase

- 52. In which market, future sale and purchase of commodities will take place at current time?
  - (A) Forward
  - (B) International
  - (C) Perfect
  - (D) Spot
- 53. What is the economic term used to describe the product sales to foreign country?
  - (A) Import
  - (B) Currency
  - (C) Export
  - (D) Tariffs
- 54. The spread between local cash price and the price of near term futures contract is called:
  - (A) Margin
  - (B) Bid
  - (C) Basis
  - (D) Commission

- 55. Marketed surplus of produce include:
  - (A) Traded produce only
  - (B) Stocked produce only
  - (C) Tradable produce
  - (D) None of the above
- 56. In which of the following markets, the buyers and sellers participate in large number?
  - (A) Local market
  - (B) Primary wholesale market
  - (C) Secondary wholesale market
  - (D) Terminal market
- 57. Which of the following is not the function of National Cooperative

  Development Corporation?
  - (A) Production of commodities
  - (B) Export and import of commodities
  - (C) Storage of commodities
  - (D) None of the above

- 58. The sorting of goods according to the size, quality and other contents on the basis of prescribed standard once laid down is termed as:
  - (A) Variable grading
  - (B) Invariable grading
  - (C) Fixed grading
  - (D) None of the above
- 59. Which of the following is the leader in the field of cooperative marketing within the country as well as in the export market?
  - (A) NCDC
  - (B) NAFED
  - (C) AGMARK
  - (D) FCI

- 60. Support prices of agricultural commodities are recommended by :
  - (A) NAFED
  - (B) ICAR
  - (C) SAU
  - (D) CACP

4. Four alternative answers are mentioned for each question as—A, B, C & D in the booklet. The candidate has to choose the most correct/appropriate answer and mark the same in the OMR Answer-Sheet as per the direction:

### **Example:**

### Question:

Q. 1 (A) (C) (D)
Q. 2 (A) (B) (C) (D)
Q. 3 (A) (C) (D)

Illegible answers with cutting and over-writing or half filled circle will be cancelled.

- 5. Each question carries equal marks. Marks will be awarded according to the number of correct answers you have.
- 6. All answers are to be given on OMR Answer sheet only. Answers given anywhere other than the place specified in the answer sheet will not be considered valid.
- 7. Before writing anything on the OMR Answer Sheet, all the instructions given in it should be read carefully.
- 8. After the completion of the examination candidates should leave the examination hall only after providing their OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator. Candidate can carry their Question Booklet.
- 9. There will be no negative marking.
- 10. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank pages provided for the purpose in the booklet.
- 11. To bring and use of log-book, calculator, pager and cellular phone in examination hall is prohibited.
- 12. In case of any difference found in English and Hindi version of the question, the English version of the question will be held authentic.
- Impt.: On opening the question booklet, first check that all the pages of the question booklet are printed properly. If there is ny discrepancy in the question Booklet, then after showing it to the invigilator, get another question Booklet of the same series.

4. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार सम्भावित उत्तर—
A, B, C एवं D हैं। परीक्षार्थी को उन चारों विकल्पों में से
एक सबसे सही अथवा सबसे उपयुक्त उत्तर छाँटना है।
उत्तर को OMR आन्सर-शीट में सम्बन्धित प्रश्न संख्या में
निम्न प्रकार भरना है:

### उदाहरण :

प्रश्न :

प्रश्न 1 (A) (C) (D) प्रश्न 2 (A) (B) (D) प्रश्न 3 (A) (C) (D)

अपठनीय उत्तर या ऐसे उत्तर जिन्हें काटा या बदला गया है, या गोले में आधा भरकर दिया गया, उन्हें निरस्त कर दिया जाएगा।

- 5. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक समान हैं। आपके जितने उत्तर सही होंगे, उन्हीं के अनुसार अंक प्रदान किये जायेंगे।
- 6. सभी उत्तर केवल ओ. एम. आर. उत्तर-पत्रक (OMR Answer Sheet) पर ही दिये जाने हैं। उत्तर-पत्रक में निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा अन्यत्र कहीं पर दिया गया उत्तर मान्य नहीं होगा।
- ओ. एम. आर. उत्तर-पत्रक (OMR Answer Sheet) पर कुछ भी लिखने से पूर्व उसमें दिये गये सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लिया जाये।
- 8. परीक्षा समाप्ति के उपरान्त परीक्षार्थी कक्ष निरीक्षक को अपनी OMR Answer Sheet उपलब्ध कराने के बाद ही परीक्षा कक्ष से प्रस्थान करें। परीक्षार्थी अपने साथ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका ले जा सकते हैं।
- 9. निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।
- 10. कोई भी रफ कार्य, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के अन्त में, रफ-कार्य के लिए दिए खाली पेज पर ही किया जाना चाहिए।
- 11. परीक्षा-कक्ष में लॉग-बुक, कैलकुलेटर, पेजर तथा सेल्युलर फोन ले जाना तथा उसका उपयोग करना वर्जित है।
- 12. प्रश्न के हिन्दी एवं अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरण में भिन्नता होने की दशा में प्रश्न का अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरण ही मान्य होगा।

महत्वपूर्ण : प्रश्नपुस्तिका खोलने पर प्रथमतः जाँच कर देख लें कि प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के सभी पृष्ठ भलीभाँति छपे हुए हैं। यदि प्रश्नपुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो कक्षनिरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सिरीज की दूसरी प्रश्न-पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।