Roll No	•••••					Question Booklet	Number
O. M. R. Serial No.							

M. Sc. (Ag.) Agricultural Economics (Third Semester) EXAMINATION, 2021-22

EVALUATION OF ECONOMICS THOUGHT

Paper Code				
AGECON	5	0	0	3

Questions Booklet Series

D

[Maximum Marks : 100

Time: 1:30 Hours]

Instructions to the Examinee:

- 1. Do not open the booklet unless you are asked to do so.
- 2. The booklet contains 60 questions. Examinee is required to answer any 50 questions in the OMR Answer-Sheet provided and not in the question booklet. If more than 50 questions are attempted by student, then the first attempted 50 questions will be considered for evaluation. All questions carry equal marks.
- 3. Examine the Booklet and the OMR Answer-Sheet very carefully before you proceed. Faulty question booklet due to missing or duplicate pages/questions or having any other discrepancy should be got immediately replaced.

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश :

- प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक आपसे कहा न जाए।
- 2. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में 60 प्रश्न हैं। परीक्षार्थी को किन्हीं 50 प्रश्नों को केवल दी गई OMR आन्सर-शीट पर ही हल करना है, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर नहीं। यदि छात्र द्वारा 50 से अधिक प्रश्नों को हल किया जाता है तो प्रारम्भिक हल किये हुए 50 उत्तरों को ही मूल्यांकन हेतु सम्मिलित किया जाएगा। सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
- उत्तर अंकित करने से पूर्व प्रश्न-पुस्तिका तथा OMR आन्सर-शीट को सावधानीपूर्वक देख लें। दोषपूर्ण प्रश्न-पुस्तिका जिसमें कुछ भाग छपने से छूट गए हों या प्रश्न एक से अधिक बार छप गए हों या उसमें किसी अन्य प्रकार की कमी हो, तो उसे तुरन्त बदल लें।

(शेष निर्देश अन्तिम पृष्ट पर)

(Only for Rough Work)

1.	Drain theory relates to which	5.	Factor of production is:
	economist?		(A) Land
	(A) Naoroji		(B) Labour
	(B) Amit Mitra		(C) Capital
	(C) Bimal Jalan		(D) All of the above
	(D) V. K. R. V. Rao		
2.	The meaning of the term 'Oikonomia':	6.	Which is free from income tax?
	(A) Acquisition of wealth		(A) Service
	(B) Unlimited wants		(B) Transport
	(C) Household management		(C) Business
	(D) None of the above		(D) Agriculture
3.	Microeconomics is otherwise called	7.	Law of progress depends on :
	as:		(A) Unlimited wants
	(A) Demand theory		(B) Limited wants
	(B) Price theory		
	(C) Income theory		(C) Both (A) and (B)
	(D) Employment theory		(D) None of the above
4.	Macroeconomics is otherwise called as:	8.	Definition of economics is the science of
	(A) Income theory		wealth given by:
	(B) Price theory		(A) Adam Smith
	(C) Employment theory		(B) Robbins
			(C) Marshall
	(D) V. Demand theory		(D) Pigou

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	(A)	Usefulness		prod	uct:
	(B)	Want satisfying power		(A)	Form utility
	(C)	Pleasure		(B) (C)	Place utility Time utility
	(D)	Satisfaction		(D)	All of the above
10.	Whei	n value of a good is expressed in	14.	Inter	national Monetary Fund is a part
	term	of money is called:		of:	
	(A)	Wealth		(A)	ADA
	(B)	Income		(B)	WTO
	(C)	Utility		(C)	GATT
	(D)	Price		(D)	IBRD
11.	For v	which commodity of the following,	15.	A ma	arket having two sellers is called as:
	there	is joint demand?		(A)	Oligopoly
	(A)	Tea		(B)	Duopoly
	(B)	Electricity		(C)	Monopoly
	(C)	Coal		(D)	Monosony
	(D)	Ink	16.	The	main theme of Robbins definition of
12.	Whei	n business activity on farm is nil,		econ	omics is :
	then	total cost is equal to:		(A)	Wealth
	(A)	Opportunity cost		(B)	Welfare
	(B) (D)	Average cost Marginal cost		(C)	Scarcity
	(C)	Fixed cost		(D)	Growth
AGEC	ON-5	003 (4)		Set-D

13. Processing function adds utility to the

9.

Utility in economics refers to:

17.	The concept of Industrial Reserve Army	21.	Select the odd one out:		
	is introduced by:		(A) Adam Smith		
	(A) Turgot		(B) Robert Malthus		
	(B) John Robinson		(C) J. B. Say		
	(C) Karl Marx		(D) J. M. Keynes		
	(D) Malthus	22.	Surplus value is mainly related with:		
18.	The famous book 'Wealth of Nations'		(A) Marx		
	written by:		(B) Ricardo		
	(A) Malthus		(C) Marshall		
	(B) Ricardo		(D) Adam Smith		
	(C) Adam Smith	23.	'The Theory of Political Economy' was		
	(D) Pigou		written by:		
19.	Theory of invisible hard was given by:		(A) Menger		
	(A) Thomas Munn		(B) Walrus		
	(B) Adam Smith		(C) Weiser		
	(C) J. B. Say		(D) Jevons		
	(D) Malthus				
20.	The famous Malthusian theory was given	24.	The money paid to a worker as a reward		
	by:		for his work is known as:		
	(A) Marshall		(A) Real wages		
	(B) Malthus		(B) Nominal wages		
	(C) Robinson		(C) Quasi rent		
	(D) Adam Smith		(D) None of the above		

25.	The book written by Aristotle:	29.	The famous Rent Theory was proposed
	(A) The Laws		by:
	(B) The Politics		(A) Adam Smith(B) Malthus
	(C) Wealth of Nations		(C) Gokhale
	(D) Principles of Economics		(D) David Ricardo
26.	The main theme of Marshall definition of	30.	The famous Labour Theory was given
	economics:		by:
	(A) Wealth		(A) Marshall
	(B) Welfare		(B) Ricardo
	(C) Scarcity		(C) Robbins
	(D) Growth		(D) Pigou
27.	To get large orders, Indian exporters try	31.	"The Economics of Imperfect
	to cut their own costs by:		Competition" was written by:
	(A) Reducing cost of raw materials		(A) John Robinson
	(B) Cutting labour cost		(B) Robinson Crusoe
	(C) Reducing electricity cost		(C) John Philip
	(D) Reducing advertising and marketing cost		(D) Ricardo
28.	Which societies are the first types of	32.	Theory of surplus value is mainly related
	cooperative societies in India ?		with:
	(A) Credit		(A) Marx
	(B) Farming		(B) Ricardo
	(C) Marketing		(C) Adam Smith
	(D) None of the above		(D) Marshall

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33.	Karl Marx was born in:	37.	Quesnay belongs to which school of
	(A) Russia		economic thought ?
	(B) France		(A) Physiocratic School
	(C) England		(B) Merchantilistic School
	(D) Germany		(C) Neo-classical School
34.	Point out the Indian Economic		(D) Classical School
	System:	38.	Support prices of agricultural
	(A) Mixed Economy		commodities are recommended by :
	(B) Social Economy		(A) NAFED
	•		(B) ICAR
	(C) Free Market Economy		(C) SAU
	(D) Liberal Socialism		(D) CACP
35.	Gandhiji was in favour of:	39.	The intellectual father of modern
	(A) Decentralized economy		scientific socialism:
	(B) Small scale units		(A) Schumpeter
	(C) Both (A) and (B)		(B) Rostow
	(D) None of the above		(C) Karl Marx
36.	The concept of industrial reseme army is		(D) Rodan
	introduced by:	40.	The theory of invisible hand given by:
	(A) Turgot		(A) Thomas Munn
	(B) Robinson		(B) Adam Smith
	(C) Karl Marx		(C) J. B. Say
	(D) J. S. Mill		(D) Robert Malthus

41.	Menger was considered to be founder of	45.	Who was first economist to propose a
	which school of economics?		systematic theory population ?
	(A) Keynesian		(A) Marshall
	(B) Neo-classical		(B) Malthus
	(C) Austrian		(C) Robbins
	(D) German Historical		(D) Pigou
42.	How did Adam Smith explain the causes	46.	Who is the author of book 'Das Capital'?
	of wealth of nations?		(A) Friedman
	(A) Peoples urge to consume		(B) Higgins
	(B) The growth in average price level		(C) Karl Marx
	(C) The growth of division of labour		(D) Hicks
	(D) The growth of middle class	47.	Amartya Sen got Nobel Prize in which
43.	'The Theory of Political Economy' was		year ?
	written by:		(A) 1990
	(A) Marshall		(B) 2000
	(B) Malthus		(C) 1998
	(C) Robbins		(D) 1985
	(D) Jevons	48.	The difference between potential price
44.	The General Equilibrium Theory was	-10.	and actual price is known as:
	developed by:		-
	(A) Marshall		(A) Equilibrium
	(B) Malthus		(B) Consumer retention
	(C) Walrus		(C) Consumer surplus
	(D) Pigou		(D) None of the above

(8)

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49.	A de	emand wave is a/an:	55.	Snor	t sum production function is known
	(A)	Horizontal line		as:	
	(B)	Vertical line		(A)	Law of variable proportion
	(C)	Upward line		(B)	Law of increasing returns
	(D)	Downward line		(C)	Law of constraint returns
50.	Wan	t satisfying capacity of a commodity		(D)	Law of D. R.
	is ca	lled:	54.	Who	wrote the book 'Arthashastra'?
	(A)	Demand		(A)	Gandhiji
	(B)	Consumer surplus		(B)	Kautilya
	(C)	Utility		(C)	M. S. Swaminathan
	(D)	Supply		(D)	A. K. Sen
51.	Crea	tion of utility is known as :	55.	Grea	t depression happened in :
	(A)	Consumption		(A)	1960s
	(B)	Satisfaction		(B)	1940s
	(C)	Want		(C)	1930s
	(D)	Production		(D)	1950s
52.	The	next best alternative forgone is	56.	The	concept of division of labour is first
	knov	vn as :		intro	duced by:
	(A)	Explicit cost		(A)	Plato
	(B)	Implicit cost		(B)	Thomas Munn
	(C)	Variable cost		(C)	Keynes
	(D)	Opportunity cost		(D)	Ricardo

The economists who wrote more about 59. Who wrote 57. the book 'Essay on Population'? population: (A) T. R. Malthus (A) Ricardo Adam Smith (B) Radon (B) (C) J. R. Hicks (C) T. R. Malthus (D) J. S. Mill (D) J. S. Mill By the term invisible hand Adam Smith 58. 60. Amartya Sen got Nobel Prize in which meant: branch of economics? (A) Profit (A) Macro (B) Price Welfare (B)

Micro

Agricultural

(C)

(D)

(C) Value

(D) Labour

(Only for Rough Work)

4. Four alternative answers are mentioned for each question as—A, B, C & D in the booklet. The candidate has to choose the most correct/appropriate answer and mark the same in the OMR Answer-Sheet as per the direction:

Example:

Question:

Q. 1 (A) (C) (D) (Q. 2 (A) (B) (C) (D) (D)

Illegible answers with cutting and over-writing or half filled circle will be cancelled.

- 5. Each question carries equal marks. Marks will be awarded according to the number of correct answers you have.
- 6. All answers are to be given on OMR Answer sheet only. Answers given anywhere other than the place specified in the answer sheet will not be considered valid.
- 7. Before writing anything on the OMR Answer Sheet, all the instructions given in it should be read carefully.
- 8. After the completion of the examination candidates should leave the examination hall only after providing their OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator. Candidate can carry their Question Booklet.
- 9. There will be no negative marking.
- 10. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank pages provided for the purpose in the booklet.
- 11. To bring and use of log-book, calculator, pager and cellular phone in examination hall is prohibited.
- 12. In case of any difference found in English and Hindi version of the question, the English version of the question will be held authentic.
- Impt.: On opening the question booklet, first check that all the pages of the question booklet are printed properly. If there is ny discrepancy in the question Booklet, then after showing it to the invigilator, get another question Booklet of the same series.

4. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार सम्भावित उत्तर—
A, B, C एवं D हैं। परीक्षार्थी को उन चारों विकल्पों में से
एक सबसे सही अथवा सबसे उपयुक्त उत्तर छाँटना है।
उत्तर को OMR आन्सर-शीट में सम्बन्धित प्रश्न संख्या में
निम्न प्रकार भरना है:

उदाहरण :

प्रश्न :

प्रश्न 1 (A) (C) (D)
प्रश्न 2 (A) (B) (D)
प्रश्न 3 (A) (C) (D)

अपठनीय उत्तर या ऐसे उत्तर जिन्हें काटा या बदला गया है, या गोले में आधा भरकर दिया गया, उन्हें निरस्त कर दिया जाएगा।

- 5. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक समान हैं। आपके जितने उत्तर सही होंगे, उन्हीं के अनुसार अंक प्रदान किये जायेंगे।
- 6. सभी उत्तर केवल ओ. एम. आर. उत्तर-पत्रक (OMR Answer Sheet) पर ही दिये जाने हैं। उत्तर-पत्रक में निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा अन्यत्र कहीं पर दिया गया उत्तर मान्य नहीं होगा।
- 7. ओ. एम. आर. उत्तर-पत्रक (OMR Answer Sheet) पर कुछ भी लिखने से पूर्व उसमें दिये गये सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ लिया जाये।
- 8. परीक्षा समाप्ति के उपरान्त परीक्षार्थी कक्ष निरीक्षक को अपनी OMR Answer Sheet उपलब्ध कराने के बाद ही परीक्षा कक्ष से प्रस्थान करें। परीक्षार्थी अपने साथ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका ले जा सकते हैं।
- 9. निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।
- 10. कोई भी रफ कार्य, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के अन्त में, रफ-कार्य के लिए दिए खाली पेज पर ही किया जाना चाहिए।
- 11. परीक्षा-कक्ष में लॉग-बुक, कैलकुलेटर, पेजर तथा सेल्युलर फोन ले जाना तथा उसका उपयोग करना वर्जित है।
- 12. प्रश्न के हिन्दी एवं अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरण में भिन्नता होने की दशा में प्रश्न का अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरण ही मान्य होगा।

महत्वपूर्ण : प्रश्नपुस्तिका खोलने पर प्रथमतः जाँच कर देख लें कि प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के सभी पृष्ठ भलीभाँति छपे हुए हैं। यदि प्रश्नपुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो कक्षनिरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सिरीज की दूसरी प्रश्न-पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।