B.C.A. (First Semester) Examination, February/March-2022 BCA-104(N)

Business Communication

(B.P. Students)

Time: 1:30 Hours Maximum Marks-100

जब तक कहा न जाय, इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका को न खोलें

- निर्देश: 1. परीक्षार्थी अपने अनुक्रमांक, विषय एवं प्रश्नपुस्तिका की सीरीज का विवरण यथास्थान सही— सही भरें, अन्यथा मृल्यांकन में किसी भी प्रकार की विसंगति की दशा में उसकी जिम्मेदारी स्वयं परीक्षार्थी की होगी।
 - 2. इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका में 100 प्रश्न हैं, जिनमें से केवल 75 प्रश्नों के उत्तर परीक्षार्थियों द्वारा दिये जाने है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर प्रश्न के नीचे दिये गये हैं। इन चारों में से केवल एक ही उत्तर सही है। जिस उत्तर को आप सही या सबसे उचित समझते हैं, अपने उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET)में उसके अक्षर वाले वृत्त को काले या नीले बाल प्वांइट पेन से पूरा भर दें। यदि किसी परीक्षार्थी द्वारा निर्धारित प्रश्नों से अधिक प्रश्नों के उत्तर दिये जाते हैं तो उसके द्वारा हल किये गये प्रथमतः यथा निर्दिष्ट प्रश्नोत्तरों का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
 - 3. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक समान हैं। आप के जितने उत्तर सही होंगे, उन्हीं के अनुसार अंक प्रदान किये जायेंगे।
 - 4. सभी उत्तर केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर ही दिये जाने हैं। उत्तर पत्रक में निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा अन्यत्र कहीं पर दिया गया उत्तर मान्य नहीं होगा।
 - 5. ओ॰एम॰आर॰ उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर कुछ भी लिखने से पूर्व उसमें दिये गये सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लिया जाय।
 - 6. परीक्षा समाप्ति के उपरान्त परीक्षार्थी कक्ष निरीक्षक को अपनी प्रश्नपुस्तिका बुकलेट एवं ओ०एम०आर० शीट पृथक–पृथक उपलब्ध कराने के बाद ही परीक्षा कक्ष से प्रस्थान करें।
 - 7. निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।
- महत्वपूर्ण : प्रश्नपुस्तिका खोलने पर प्रथमतः जॉच कर देख लें कि प्रश्नपुस्तिका के सभी पृष्ठ भलीभाँति छपे हुए हैं। यदि प्रश्नपुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो कक्ष निरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सीरीज की दूसरी प्रश्नपुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।

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Rough Work / रफ कार्य

1.	Which of the following is not one of the steps in the three-step writing process?
	(A) Brainstorming
	(B) Completing
	(C) Writing
	(D) Planning
2.	Technical accuracy of language means :
	(A) Direct narrative
	(B) Active voice
	(C) Simplicity
	(D) Correctness of grammar, spelling, and punctuation
3.	The formal greeting with which a business letter begins is called
	(A) Salutation
	(B) Body copy
	(C) Subject
	(D) Reference
4.	In block text format, you do not each paragraph.
	(A) Margin
	(B) Indent
	(C) Transition
	(D) Punctuation
5.	'Intrapersonal' Communication includes two or more persons:
	(A) True
	(B) False, it includes only oneself
	(C) True, in internal organisation only
	(D) True, in matrix organisation only

6.	Men	no, Fax, Circulars, Manuals; emails which of these cannot be used for external			
	communication?				
	(A)	Circulars			
	(B)	Manuals			
	(C)	Memo			
	(D)	All of above			
7.	Whi	ch of the following is not an advantage of written communication?			
	(A)	More time consuming			
	(B)	Accurate and precise			
	(C)	Can be easily revised			
	(D)	Sufficient time for planning			
8.	Forn	nal communication is			
	(A)	Official channel			
	(B)	Unofficial channel			
	(C)	Impersonal			
	(D)	Both (A) and (C)			
9.	Com	munication between HR manager and Finance manager is an example of:			
	(A)	Downward communication			
	(B)	Upward communication			
	(C)	Diagonal communication			
	(D)	Horizontal communication			
10.	Whi	ch is true ?			
	(A)	Environments influence the kind of communication that takes place there			
	(B)	A particular environment can communicate the type of relationship desired			
	(C)	Environments be designed to increase or decrease interaction			
	(D)	All of these are correct			

11.	1.	Sender-related barrier	a.	Non-verbal signals
	2.	Situation-related barrier	b.	Noise
	3.	Receiver-related barrier	c.	Perceptions
	(A)	1-a,2-b, 3-c		
	(B)	1-b,2-a,3-c		
	(C)	1-a,2-c,3-b		
	(D)	None of the above		
12.	Min	utes of Meetings is mode of		_ communication.
	(A)	Oral communication		
	(B)	Written communication		
	(C)	Visual communication		
	(D)	Digital communication		
13.	E-ma	ail can be used for external	comn	nunication in which of the following
	situa	ations?		
	(A)	When your audience accepts ema	ail as	appropriate.
	(B)	In response to e-mail messages t	hat yo	ou receive.
	(C)	Both of the above.		
	(D)	None of the above		
14.	CCT	TV is useful in Communication:		
	(A)	Only for a restricted audience re-	siding	at a particular place
	(B)	For large group communication		
	(C)	Only for poor students of the cla	SS	
	(D)	None of the above		

15.	The basic purpose of arranging a	is to obtain publicity in connection
	with the important news.	
	(A) Press release	
	(B) Meeting	
	(C) Press Conference	
	(D) News paper	
16.	What is the full form of CCTV?	
	(A) Closed Contact Television	
	(B) Closed Circuit Television	
	(C) Closed Circuit Transmission	
	(D) Closed Circuit Translation	
17.	All are types of nonverbal communication exce	ept:
	(A) Proxemics	
	(B) Chronemics	
	(C) Kinesics	
	(D) Grapevine	
18.	A Dictaphone is an electronic device which:	
	(A) Records speech	
	(B) Enables two-way communication	
	(C) Allows telephonic conversation	
	(D) None of the above	
19.	The limitation of oral communication is that:	
	(A) It is easy to be aware of our body languag	re e
	(B) It is not affected by the speaker's feelings	or stress or excitement levels
	(C) It is irreversible-what is said cannot be tal	ken back
	(D) It does not require on-the-spot thinking	

20.	Which of these is not a formal report?
	(A) Informational
	(B) Informal
	(C) Interpretative
	(D) Routine
21.	Gestural communication is a
	(A) Non-Verbal Message
	(B) Direct conversations
	(C) Oral communication
	(D) Written
22.	What is CV?
	(A) Curriculum Vitae
	(B) Communication Vitals
	(C) Corresponding Vitae
	(D) None of these
23.	The word "memo" is a short form for:
	(A) Memory
	(B) Memorizing
	(C) Memorandum
	(D) Members order
24.	The effectiveness of oral communication depends on the speaker's ability to use :
	(A) Simple language
	(B) Foreign words
	(C) Complex words
	(D) Long sentences

25.	The	following are natures of communication except one:
	(A)	Communication is a process.
	(B)	communication occurs between two or more people and even to a single
		person.
	(C)	communication does not involve actions.
	(D)	communication can be written or spoken; verbal or nonverbal.
26.		communication is unsuitable for lengthy message.
	(A)	Oral
	(B)	Written
	(C)	Vertical
	(D)	Audio Visual
27.	Whi	ch of the following is not a type of business letter?
	(A)	Business enquiry
	(B)	Sales letter
	(C)	Quotations
	(D)	Reference letter
28.		of the letter consists of main message.
	(A)	Heading
	(B)	Body
	(C)	Greeting
	(D)	Closing
29.	Phy	sical Barriers to communication are
	(A)	Time and distance
	(B)	Interpretation of words
	(C)	Denotations
	(D)	Connotations

30.	implies wordiness in communication.
	(A) Consideration
	(B) Correctness
	(C) Conciseness
	(D) Courtesy
31.	A report prepared in a prescribed form and presented according to an established
	procedure is report.
	(A) Formal
	(B) Informal
	(C) Statutory
	(D) General
32.	The primary role of a moderator is to:
	(A) Facilitate the smooth functioning of the GD
	(B) Keep track of time
	(C) Announce the GD topic
	(D) Interfere during the GD
33.	The inside address should be written:
	(A) Below the salutation
	(B) Above the heading
	(C) Above the salutation
	(D) Above the data
34.	Reports present conclusions based on:
	(A) Impression
	(B) Investigation
	(C) Intuition
	(D) Belief

35.	The effectiveness of oral communication depends on the speaker's ability to use :	
	(A) Simple language	
	(B) Foreign words	
	(C) Complex words	
	(D) Long sentences	
36.	It is very difficult to detect the source of such communication.	
	(A) Upward communication	
	(B) Vertical communication	
	(C) Lateral communication	
	(D) Informal communication	
37.	Wrong decoding means:	
	(A) Badly worded message	
	(B) Message sent to wrong receiver	
	(C) Interpreted meaning is different from intended message	
	(D) Message sent by wrong sender	
38.	Organizational Barriers to communication:	
	(A) Rules and regulations	
	(B) Organizational structure	
	(C) Organizational status	
	(D) All of these	

39. Which factor is not in consideration while choosing means & mode of communication? (A) Cost factor (B) Nature & weather of locality (C) Resources (D) Distance involved 40. Which of the following phrases should not be used in the close of a bad-news message? (A) "We hope you will continue to do business with us." (B) "If you have further questions, please write." (C) "I trust our decision is satisfactory." (D) Avoid all these phrases. 41. In longer messages, the first few paragraphs should establish the following except: (A) Recommendations (B) Subject (C) Organization of the material (D) Purpose 42. Which of the following is a communication barrier that often exists between people? (A) Deadlines (B) Incorrect choice of medium (C) Inadequate communication structures

(D) Differences in perception

43.	In layout of letter, every line begins at left margin and thus makes each
	paragraph look like a distinct block of message.
	(A) Full block
	(B) Semi-block
	(C) Simplified
	(D) All the above
44.	Types of Noise/Interference in communication process :
	(A) Physical noise
	(B) Technical noise
	(C) Organizational noise
	(D) All of these
45.	Non-verbal communication is mostly:
	(A) Voluntary
	(B) Involuntary
	(C) Conscious
	(D) Intended
46.	Which of the following is not a key component of a resume ?
	(A) Academic credentials
	(B) Employment history
	(C) Name and address
	(D) Names of previous supervisors

47.	In organisations connected by electronic network	is the most effective			
	method of communication.				
	(A) Intercom				
	(B) Public address system				
	(C) Fax				
	(D) email				
48.	What is video conferencing?				
	(A) Sending text messages				
	(B) Pre-recorded meetings to bring businesses together				
	(C) Communicating using video and audio with special e	equipment			
	(D) In-person interactive session				
49.	All these are guidelines to effective communication excep	t :			
	(A) Adopt an audience-centered approach				
	(B) Create lean and efficient messages				
	(C) Improve your speed at writing messages				
	(D) Foster an open communication climate				
50.	Formal communication is				
	(A) Official channel				
	(B) Unofficial channel				
	(C) Impersonal				
	(D) Both (A) and (C)				

51.	Ther	re are	C's of effective communication.
	(A)	Six	
	(B)	Seven	
	(C)	Four	
	(D)	Nine	
52.	Hori	zontal communic	ation flows through
	(A)	Face-to-face disc	ussion.
	(B)	Telephonic talk.	
	(C)	Periodical meeting	ng.
	(D)	All of the above	
53.	In bu	usiness, oral comr	nunication is suitable for:
	(A)	Delaying the dec	ision-making process
	(B)	Recording things	
	(C)	Discussing thing	S
	(D)	Confusing worke	ers
54.	Orde	ers and directives	are the example of:
	(A)	Downward comr	nunication
	(B)	Upward commun	nication
	(C)	Diagonal commu	nication
	(D)	Horizontal comn	nunication
55.	The	sender converts th	ne message into communication symbols by:
	(A)	Encoding	
	(B)	Feedback	
	(C)	Decoding	
	(D)	Media	

56.	Communication through newspapers and television are known as:
	(A) Group communication
	(B) Interpersonal communication
	(C) Mass communication
	(D) None of these
57.	FAX is an abbreviation of:
	(A) Fast
	(B) Factor
	(C) Factorial
	(D) Facsimile
58.	According to the message transfer model, what is the process through which words
	or unspoken signals are interpreted by the receiver?
	(A) Transmitting
	(B) Signaling
	(C) Encoding
	(D) Decoding
59.	What two key elements were added to the human communication-as-interaction
	model?
	(A) Channel and context
	(B) Feedback and context
	(C) Noise and context
	(D) Feedback and noise

60.	Through internet or a fax transmission, the communication may be	a
	telephone line.	
	(A) Channel	
	(B) Receiver	
	(C) Encoding	
	(D) Message	
61.	If you want to compare the impact of communicating in a work environment to	Ю
	communicating at a ballgame, which concept should guide your research?	
	(A) Decoding	
	(B) Source	
	(C) Context	
	(D) Channel	
62.	Which of the following in not one of the five communication principles for	a
	lifetime ?	
	(A) Listen and respond thoughtfully to others	
	(B) Communicate ethically	
	(C) Effectively use and interpret verbal messages	
	(D) Appropriately adapt messages to others	
63.	Which aspect of a message focuses on new information or ideas?	
	(A) Channel	
	(B) Content	
	(C) Context	
	(D) Relationship	

64.	Downward communication and upward communication are:	
	(A) Vertical communication	
	(B) Horizontal communication	
	(C) Diagonal communication	
	(D) None of these	
65.	When the authors state that communication should be "other-oriented, they mea	an
	that:	
	(A) The message should clearly state your views	
	(B) Communication should not be influenced by the needs of others	
	(C) You shouldn't talk to yourself	
	(D) You should acknowledge the needs and goals of others	
66.	Which communication activity do we spend most of our time performing?	
	(A) Listening	
	(B) Talking	
	(C) Gesturing	
	(D) Thinking	
67.	Which of the statements below is not necessary for effective communication to tal	ıke
	place?	
	(A) The message should be understood as intended	
	(B) The message should be influential	
	(C) The message should be ethical	
	(D) The message should achieve its intended effect	
68.	To join the internet, the computer has to be connected to a	
	(A) Internet architecture board	
	(B) Internet society	
	(C) Internet service provider	
	(D) Different computer	

69.	Which medium is not suitable for E-mail:
0).	
	(A) Intranet
	(B) Internet
	(C) Extranet
	(D) Paper
70.	Which is not the example of web browser?
	(A) Mozilla Firefox
	(B) Microsoft excel
	(C) Internet Explorer
	(D) Google Chrome
71.	Which part of the letter consist of an email address, telephone and fax number?
	(A) Letterhead
	(B) Enclosure
	(C) Salutation
	(D) Signatory
72.	Which part of the business letter states that a brochure is placed in the envelope?
	(A) Attention line
	(B) Enclosure
	(C) Carbon copy
	(D) Reference
73.	Which part of the letter identifies the person who is preferred to address the
	concerns of the letter?
	(A) Signatory
	(B) Designation
	(C) Attention line
	(D) Complimentary close

74.	Which word or phrase on the business letter tells the mail clerk to deliver the letter
	to the recipient unopened?
	(A) For the attention of
	(B) Courtesy copy
	(C) Subject
	(D) Confidential
75.	Grapevine communication is associated with communication.
	(A) Formal
	(B) Informal
	(C) Horizontal
	(D) Vertical
76.	means aspects of the voice; the way we use our voice.
	(A) Timbre
	(B) Paralanguage
	(C) Acoustics
	(D) Perception
77.	In effective communication, encoder becomes the decoder when there is:
	(A) Noise
	(B) Audience
	(C) Feedback
	(D) Channel
78.	communication requires that both parties should be present and
	attentive at the same time.
	(A) Oral
	(B) Written
	(C) Mass
	(D) Graphic

79.	Information does not include
	(A) Data
	(B) Emotion
	(C) Files
	(D) Facts and Figures
80.	It is not possible to communicate, unless there is:
	(A) A common symbol
	(B) A common understanding of the symbols
	(C) A common understanding
	(D) A common thought
81.	Teleconferencing is most commonly used for people who are separated by:
	(A) Geography
	(B) Age
	(C) Gender
	(D) Class
82.	At each stage in the process of communication, there is a possibility of interference
	which may hinder the process. Such interference is known as
	(A) Sender
	(B) Receiver
	(C) Barrier
	(D) None of them
83.	Communication that takes place between the members of an organization within
	itself is
	(A) External
	(B) Formal
	(C) Informal
	(D) Internal

84.	Tele	econferencing is not suitable for:
	(A)	Meetings
	(B)	Interviews
	(C)	Problem solving
	(D)	Keeping in touch with country offices
85.	A re	sume needs conceptualization of yourand all into one document.
	(A)	Objectives, experiences
	(B)	Projects, skills
	(C)	Accomplishments, experiences
	(D)	Skills, aims
86.	Con	nmunication throughandis called verbal communication.
	(A)	Written material and gestures
	(B)	Gestures and spoken words
	(C)	Spoken words and written material
	(D)	Body language and gestures
87.		refers to the special language of a trade.
	(A)	Jargon
	(B)	Expression
	(C)	Colloquialism
	(D)	Suggestion
88.	An e	effort to influence the attitude and feelings of others is
	(A)	Persuasion
	(B)	Suggestion
	(C)	Advice
	(D)	Appreciation

Business letter must possess the quality of
(A) Coherence
(B) Incompleteness
(C) Faultiness
(D) Jargons
List of items to be discussed and decided in a meeting is called as
(A) Resolution
(B) Minutes
(C) Invoice
(D) Agenda
The most basic type of listening is known as:
(A) Discriminative listening
(B) Comprehension listening
(C) Appreciative listening
(D) Evaluative listening
Gossip and rumour are part of communication.
(A) Formal
(B) Informal
(C) Horizontal
(D) Vertical
is a systematic oral exchange of information, views and opinions about
atopic, issue, problem or situation among members of a group who share certain
common objectives.
(A) Presentation
(B) Group discussion
(C) Group interview
(D) All of these
Proxemics is also known as language.
(A) Space
(B) Time
(C) Body
(D) Eye

- 95. The principles of effective writing include:
 - (A) Brevity
 - (B) Accuracy
 - (C) Clarity
 - (D) Brevity, clarity and accuracy
- 96. The quality of a report is determined mainly by :
 - (A) The language of the report
 - (B) The visual aspects
 - (C) The length of the report
 - (D) The accuracy of the data
- 97. Reports present conclusions based on:
 - (A) Impression
 - (B) Investigation
 - (C) Intuition
 - (D) Belief
- 98. What is the importance of rehearsal before actual demonstration carried out?
 - (A) It creates self- confidence in a demonstrator
 - (B) The demonstrator becomes familiar with the difficulties which may occur during experimentation
 - (C) The demonstrator performs the experiment's demonstration in a perfect fashion
 - (D) All of the above
- 99. At the end of the demonstration, it is better if we can:
 - (A) Distribute to the audience written hand out materials
 - (B) See whether the place is right
 - (C) See whether participants are appropriate
 - (D) All of the above
- 100. Which of the following is not a technique for revising for conciseness?
 - (A) Use the "you" attitude.
 - (B) Delete unnecessary words and phrases.
 - (C) Shorten long words and phrases.
 - (D) Eliminate redundancies.

DO NOT OPEN THE QUESTION BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

- 1. Examinee should enter his / her roll number, subject and Question Booklet Series correctly in the O.M.R. sheet, the examinee will be responsible for the error he / she has made.
- 2. This Question Booklet contains 100 questions, out of which only 75 Question are to be Answered by the examinee. Every question has 4 options and only one of them is correct. The answer which seems correct to you, darken that option number in your Answer Booklet (O.M.R ANSWER SHEET) completely with black or blue ball point pen. If any examinee will mark more than one answer of a particular question, then the first most option will be considered valid.
- 3. Every question has same marks. Every question you attempt correctly, marks will be given according to that.
- 4. Every answer should be marked only on Answer Booklet (O.M.R ANSWER SHEET). Answer marked anywhere else other than the determined place will not be considered valid.
- 5. Please read all the instructions carefully before attempting anything on Answer Booklet(O.M.R ANSWER SHEET).
- 6. After completion of examination please hand over the Answer Booklet (O.M.R ANSWER SHEET) to the Examiner before leaving the examination room.
- 7. There is no negative marking.

Note: On opening the question booklet, first check that all the pages of the question booklet are printed properly in case there is an issue please ask the examiner to change the booklet of same series and get another one.