	Pap	Paper Code		प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक Question Booklet No.
Roll No		5	9	Question Dookiet 110.
	(oe filled i MR She		
O.M.R. Serial No.				प्रश्नपुस्तिका सीरीज Question Booklet Series
				B

BBA (Third Semester) Examination, February/March-2022

BBA-304(N)

Marketing Management

(for Regular, Ex & B.P. Students)

Time : 1:30 Hours

Maximum Marks-100

जब तक कहा न जाय, इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका को न खोलें

- निर्देश : 1. परीक्षार्थी अपने अनुक्रमांक, विषय एवं प्रश्नपुस्तिका की सीरीज का विवरण यथास्थान सही– सही भरें, अन्यथा मूल्यांकन में किसी भी प्रकार की विसंगति की दशा में उसकी जिम्मेदारी स्वयं परीक्षार्थी की होगी।
 - 2. इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका में 100 प्रश्न हैं, जिनमे से केवल 75 प्रश्नों के उत्तर परीक्षार्थियों द्वारा दिये जाने है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर प्रश्न के नीचे दिये गये हैं। इन चारों में से केवल एक ही उत्तर सही है। जिस उत्तर को आप सही या सबसे उचित समझते हैं, अपने उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET)में उसके अक्षर वाले वृत्त को काले या नीले बाल प्वांइट पेन से पूरा भर दें। यदि किसी परीक्षार्थी द्वारा निर्धारित प्रश्नों से अधिक प्रश्नों के उत्तर दिये जाते हैं तो उसके द्वारा हल किये गये प्रथमतः यथा निर्दिष्ट प्रश्नोत्तरों का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
 - प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक समान हैं। आप के जितने उत्तर सही होंगे, उन्हीं के अनुसार अंक प्रदान किये जायेंगे।
 - सभी उत्तर केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर ही दिये जाने हैं। उत्तर पत्रक में निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा अन्यत्र कहीं पर दिया गया उत्तर मान्य नहीं होगा।
 - 5. ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर कुछ भी लिखने से पूर्व उसमें दिये गये सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लिया जाय।
 - परीक्षा समाप्ति के उपरान्त परीक्षार्थी कक्ष निरीक्षक को अपनी प्रश्नपुस्तिका बुकलेट एवं ओ०एम०आर० शीट पृथक–पृथक उपलब्ध कराने के बाद ही परीक्षा कक्ष से प्रस्थान करें।
 - 7. निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।
- महत्वपूर्ण : प्रश्नपुस्तिका खोलने पर प्रथमतः जॉच कर देख लें कि प्रश्नपुस्तिका के सभी पृष्ठ भलीभॉति छपे हुए हैं। यदि प्रश्नपुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो कक्ष निरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सीरीज की दूसरी प्रश्नपुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।

459

- 1. Which among is the function performed by middlemen in distribution.
 - (A) Transportation
 - (B) Risk bearing
 - (C) Providing market information
 - (D) All the above
- 2. Physical distribution concerns the handing and movement of goods and it start from.
 - (A) Suppliers
 - (B) Manufactures
 - (C) Marketing intermediaries
 - (D) Retailers
- 3. Physical distribution is Concerned with providing.
 - (A) Right product at right place and cost
 - (B) Right product at right time
 - (C) Right product at right quantity
 - (D) All the above.
- 4. Components of physical distribution includes.
 - (A) Order processing and Transportation
 - (B) Material handling and inventory must
 - (C) Both A & B
 - (D) None of the above.
- 5. A Brand name facilities
 - (A) Choice
 - (B) Protect by earning good will
 - (C) Easy recall value
 - (D) All the above.

- 6. Marketing research helps in
 - (A) Branding
 - (B) Labelling and Packaging
 - (C) Decision making for marketing
 - (D) Branding
- 7. Social factors used in understanding consumer behaviour for marketing goods are.
 - (A) Family and roles
 - (B) Social class
 - (C) Opinion leaders and Reference groups
 - (D) All the above
- 8. Product design shows
 - (A) Easy to use
 - (B) Aesthetic appeal
 - (C) Both
 - (D) None of the above
- 9. Marketing start with.
 - (A) Knowing customer requirement
 - (B) Designing four Ps
 - (C) Market opportunities
 - (D) Idea generation
- 10. A group of customer interested in Buying a product constitute.
 - (A) Target market
 - (B) Potential market
 - (C) Penetrated market
 - (D) None of the above

- 11. Niche marketing means.
 - (A) For small group of customers
 - (B) Business to Business
 - (C) Local marketing
 - (D) None of the above
- 12. Market specialization means
 - (A) Concentrating of different needs of a particular customer.
 - (B) Full market coverage
 - (C) Product specialization
 - (D) None of the above
- 13. Specialty products have which characteristics.
 - (A) Sold through selected store
 - (B) Sold by single outlet
 - (C) Customer wait to acquire it
 - (D) Al the above.
- 14. A PLC shows how many stages.
 - (A) 4 Stage
 - (B) 6 Stage
 - (C) 5 Stage
 - (D) None of them
- 15. In maturity stage markets use which strategy.
 - (A) Increase promotion
 - (B) Invest more in R & D
 - (C) Extension of Product line
 - (D) All the above.

- 16. U S P for each brand is developed for .
 - (A) Positioning special attribute of product
 - (B) Choosing selective market
 - (C) Development good distribution network
 - (D) None of the above
- 17. U S P is developed by
 - (A) Peter F. Druker
 - (B) Rooser Reeves
 - (C) M.E. porter
 - (D) A.H. Luxembarg
- 18. A Brand conveys.
 - (A) Attributes
 - (B) Benefit
 - (C) Value
 - (D) All the above
- 19. Brand rejuvenation means.
 - (A) Repositioning
 - (B) Revitalizing an ailing Brand
 - (C) Increase the new usage
 - (D) All the above
- 20. Packaging helps the customer by.
 - (A) Convenience
 - (B) Re use
 - (C) Safety
 - (D) All the above

- 21. Selling High initial price for a new product is called
 - (A) Skimming pricing
 - (B) Penetration pricing
 - (C) Predatory pricing
 - (D) None of them
- 22. For selling Advertisement Budget which method is used by marketers.
 - (A) Percentage of sale
 - (B) Objective and Tash
 - (C) Affordability
 - (D) All the above
- 23. Advertising message must be.
 - (A) Clear and distinct
 - (B) Meaningful
 - (C) Specific
 - (D) All the above
- 24. Demand of the product fluctuate according to change in Price is called.
 - (A) Price sensitivity
 - (B) Value pricing
 - (C) Differential pricing
 - (D) None of the above
- 25. A Famous shoe company BATA since its inception adopted.
 - (A) Psychological pricing
 - (B) Transfer pricing
 - (C) Seated Bid Pricing
 - (D) Going rate Pricing

- 26. Major Types of Brand available to get response from Customers is.
 - (A) Manufacture's Brand
 - (B) Private Brand
 - (C) Generic Brand
 - (D) All the above
- 27. The word BRAND Comes from which country.
 - (A) France
 - (B) Greece
 - (C) Norvey
 - (D) Canada
- 28. A Customer Perceive the Product quality due to.
 - (A) Marketer's Promise
 - (B) Past Experience
 - (C) Reference group advice
 - (D) All the above
- 29. In new product planning Business analysis means.
 - (A) Total investment required
 - (B) Expected sale
 - (C) Competitive position
 - (D) All the above
- 30. Selecting the market segment that likely to respond positively for marketing offers is called.
 - (A) Market Segmentation
 - (B) Market Targeting
 - (C) Market aggregation
 - (D) All the above

- 31. The loyalty status for a particular product can be
 - (A) Hard core or splitting loyal
 - (B) Shifting loyal
 - (C) Smutching loyal
 - (D) All the above
- 32. Economic factors that are consider before introducing marketing offer's.
 - (A) G D P and per capita income
 - (B) Interest rate of inflation
 - (C) Availability of credit
 - (D) All the above
- 33. For accessing the potential in market markle must study.
 - (A) Market size and growth rate
 - (B) Product acceptability
 - (C) Customer perception
 - (D) All the above
- 34. Selecting organizing and interpretating the information to give its meaning is called.
 - (A) Motivation
 - (B) Perception
 - (C) Belief
 - (D) All the above
- 35. A urge that compels a person to seen satisfaction is called.
 - (A) Demand
 - (B) Motive
 - (C) Desire
 - (D) Passion

- 36. Celebrities are endorshed in advertisement due to.
 - (A) They are perceived as opinion leaders
 - (B) They possesses good Image
 - (C) People want to associate with them as per law of association
 - (D) All the above
- 37. Study of culture in marketing is very necessary because.
 - (A) It shape consumption pattern
 - (B) It shape consumer's behaviour
 - (C) It help markets to shape promotional message
 - (D) All the above
- 38. Demographical factors means
 - (A) Sex age education level
 - (B) Occupation and income
 - (C) Population density
 - (D) All the above
- 39. Legal environment is very necessary for marketing of goods because it regulate.
 - (A) Sovereignty of a nation
 - (B) Rules regarding patent, copy right,
 - (C) Tax structure
 - (D) All the above
- 40. "Perfectly" a Hard Boiled confectionery company belongs to which country.
 - (A) Italy
 - (B) England
 - (C) USA
 - (D) South Korea

- 41. Advertisement effectiveness is measured on which criteria.
 - (A) Receptiveness
 - (B) Comprehension
 - (C) Response
 - (D) All the above
- 42. Advertisement gives benefit to market's by
 - (A) Boosting the sales
 - (B) Changing the customer perception
 - (C) Reducing the dissonance
 - (D) All the above
- 43. In Habitual or routine purchase a customer take.
 - (A) Less time
 - (B) Have past experience
 - (C) Familiar with criteria for selection
 - (D) All the above
- 44. Branding helps in selecting a product are to.
 - (A) Removing dissonance
 - (B) Strong conviction for a product
 - (C) Strong preference
 - (D) All the above
- 45. Purchasing a medicine, a consumer exhibit which types of purchasing behaviour.
 - (A) Problem solving
 - (B) Dissonance reducing
 - (C) Variety Seeking
 - (D) Routine

- 46. An attitudes study is necessary for a markets to know.
 - (A) Tendencies towards an idea
 - (B) Measurable characteristics of consumer
 - (C) Both the above
 - (D) None of the above
- 47. Psychographics is a technique of measuring.
 - (A) Life style
 - (B) Attitude
 - (C) Opinion and interest
 - (D) All the above
- 48. A sub culture is- Distinct group of people groups on the basis of
 - (A) Nationality
 - (B) Geographic region
 - (C) Race
 - (D) All the above
- 49. Flow of goods from manufactures to consumer is facilitated by
 - (A) Supply chain management
 - (B) Logistics
 - (C) Distribution
 - (D) Marketing
- 50. Personality is some total of a individual.
 - (A) Trusts and motives
 - (B) Beliefs and attitude
 - (C) Both the above
 - (D) None of the above

- 51. Human needs are of
 - (A) Physiological
 - (B) Social
 - (C) Psychological
 - (D) All the above
- 52. Needs are Converted into wants by
 - (A) Production Strategy
 - (B) Financial Power
 - (C) Situational necessities
 - (D) Marketing strategy
- 53. Concept of marketing mix was propagated by
 - (A) Pets Druker
 - (B) Philip Kotler
 - (C) J.F. Mc Carthy
 - (D) M.E. Porter
- 54. Willing ness backed with ability to Purchase is
 - (A) Desire
 - (B) Want
 - (C) Need
 - (D) Demand
- 55. Marketing helps in Economic development by
 - (A) Providing Employment
 - (B) Introducing new Products
 - (C) Mobilising resources into utilities
 - (D) All the above
- 56. Marketing effects makes
 - (A) Selling price for scarce consumable goods
 - (B) Distribution
 - (C) Promotion to create awareness
 - (D) All the above

- 57. First role of marketing is
 - (A) Promotion
 - (B) Creation of utilities
 - (C) Stimulate demand
 - (D) Discover entrepreneurial talent
- 58. In developed countries marketing helps in
 - (A) Financial services
 - (B) Communication services
 - (C) Insurance services
 - (D) All the above
- 59. Social marketing means
 - (A) Providing goods and services essentially required for survival
 - (B) It aims according to social class
 - (C) Acceptability of social idea
 - (D) Controlled Pricing
- 60. Place in marketing mix significes
 - (A) Positioning in customer's mind
 - (B) Distribution of marketing offerings
 - (C) Searching the opportunities for exchange
 - (D) None of the above
- 61. Umbrella is which type of goods
 - (A) Convenience goods
 - (B) Out sought goods
 - (C) Shopping goods
 - (D) Speciality goods

- 62. After Generic, Expected, Augmented Products which product will come in future category.
 - (A) Innovative
 - (B) Potential
 - (C) Duplicative
 - (D) Imitative
- 63. Concept of marketing myopia was given by.
 - (A) H. Koonj
 - (B) T. Levitt
 - (C) M. E Porter
 - (D) K. Ohmal
- 64. Which one is not considered as objective of marketing.
 - (A) Customer's satisfaction
 - (B) Functional integration
 - (C) Long term profitability
 - (D) Mutual exchange
- 65. Searching Homogeneous customer groups among heterogeneous are termed as
 - (A) Targeted marketing
 - (B) Market segmentation
 - (C) Strategic marketing
 - (D) Market alignment
- 66. Life style and Personality factors are necessary for finding.
 - (A) Homogeneous customer group
 - (B) Concentrated marketing
 - (C) Targeting Rival firms
 - (D) Searching market Potential

- 67. Market for a product means.
 - (A) Network of Institutions dealing in a product
 - (B) Demand for the product
 - (C) Functions served by a product
 - (D) All of above
- 68. Criteria for choosing a market segment for a product meets
 - (A) It should be attainable
 - (B) It should be measurable
 - (C) It should be sustainable
 - (D) All the above
- 69. Benefit segmentation is done by choosing.
 - (A) Users rate
 - (B) Users occasion
 - (C) Loyalty status
 - (D) All the above
- 70. Consumer's Behaviour studied by markets based on their.
 - (A) Social and cultural factors
 - (B) Demographic and psychological factors
 - (C) Both the above A & B
 - (D) Economic and political factors
- 71. Psychological factors considered by marketers in studying consumer Behaviour are.
 - (A) Perception and motivation
 - (B) Belief and attitude
 - (C) Learning and values
 - (D) All the above

- 72. A. H. Maslow categorised Human needs into
 - (A) Three Types
 - (B) Four Types
 - (C) Five Types
 - (D) SixTypes
- 73. Creating a good Image about Marketers altering is called _____ in markets.
 - (A) Positioning
 - (B) Building Trust
 - (C) Public relationship
 - (D) None of the above
- 74. Green marketing is considered as.
 - (A) Marketing concept
 - (B) Social responsibility
 - (C) Relationship marketing
 - (D) None of the above.
- 75. A utility in a product is created by.
 - (A) Form and Time
 - (B) Form and place and information
 - (C) Form and possession
 - (D) All the above.
- 76. Marketing functions includes
 - (A) 4 Ps
 - (B) Marketing Research
 - (C) Product Planning and development
 - (D) All the above

- 77. Re marketing means
 - (A) Stopping products promotion
 - (B) Finding Alternative use of existing products
 - (C) Promoting less and efficient use of products
 - (D) None of the above
- 78. Reference groups are studies by marketers to understands.
 - (A) Cultural factors
 - (B) Social factors
 - (C) Opinion leaders
 - (D) Psychological factors
- 79. Buying roles are categorized in marketing In society. People play_____ in Buying.
 - (A) 4 roles
 - (B) 5 roles
 - (C) 8 roles
 - (D) 2 roles
- 80. Convenience goods saves
 - (A) Time
 - (B) Energy
 - (C) Satisfactory Price
 - (D) All the above
- 81. Recognise the distinct stages in the sale history of a product is called
 - (A) P L C
 - (B) T L C
 - (C) D L C
 - (D) M R P

- 82. Skimming or penetration are the two way in the
 - (A) Introducing stage
 - (B) Growth stage
 - (C) Maturity stage
 - (D) None of the above.
- 83. New product development process begins with.
 - (A) Idea screening
 - (B) Idea generation
 - (C) Business analysis
 - (D) Test marketing
- 84. Product development has two broad aspects namely.
 - (A) Production and marketing Dev
 - (B) Marketing and finance Dev
 - (C) Technical and market Dev
 - (D) All the above
- 85. Once a Product takes its birth it need an identify that is Brand and recognizing it as a Brand is called.
 - (A) Positioning
 - (B) Branding
 - (C) Identify with distinction
 - (D) None of the above
- 86. Brand Equity includes.
 - (A) Customer loyalty and Awareness
 - (B) Brand Association
 - (C) Received quality and proprietary Assets
 - (D) All the above

- 87. Marketing manager regulate product demand through.
 - (A) Price
 - (B) Promotion
 - (C) Place
 - (D) All the above
- 88. Going rate Pricing method is adopted in.
 - (A) Test Based
 - (B) Demand Based
 - (C) Competition Based
 - (D) All the above
- 89. Differential Price Policies are difference between price guested and price charge due to.
 - (A) Discount
 - (B) Rebate
 - (C) Premium
 - (D) All the above.
- 90. Sales promotion activities includes.
 - (A) Attracting customer by incentives
 - (B) Stimulate purchasing and dealer effectiveness
 - (C) Highlighting product a service attributes
 - (D) All the above
- 91. Advertisement helps society by
 - (A) Up lifting living standard
 - (B) Generating employment
 - (C) Create new expectation for the customers
 - (D) All the above

- 92. 5 Ms of advertisingdoes not include which M.
 - (A) Mission
 - (B) Myopia
 - (C) Media
 - (D) Measurement
- 93. Publicity differ from Advertisement in which aspect.
 - (A) Non paid form of presentation
 - (B) Impersonal Communication
 - (C) Targeting a specific group of customer
 - (D) Identified sponsor
- 94. Media chosen for Advertisement must fulfill these criteria.
 - (A) Reach
 - (B) Location
 - (C) Impact and frequency
 - (D) All the above
- 95. Product mix includes
 - (A) Product line of Depth
 - (B) Product length of width
 - (C) Product consistency
 - (D) All the above
- 96. External factor's that influence pricing.
 - (A) Demand and Economy
 - (B) Consumer Behaviour and Government Policies
 - (C) Competitions
 - (D) All the above

- 97. DAGMAR approach is used for
 - (A) Direct marketing
 - (B) Advertisement
 - (C) Effectiveness of sales promotion
 - (D) Image building by publicity
- 98. Direct marketing is also called.
 - (A) Direct order marketing
 - (B) Interactive marketing
 - (C) Direct relationship marketing
 - (D) All the above
- 99. In conventional or Traditional distribution markets have.
 - (A) 2 Levels
 - (B) 3 Levels
 - (C) 4 Levels
 - (D) 5 Levels
- 100. Vertical marketing channels includes
 - (A) Administered
 - (B) Contractual
 - (C) Corporate
 - (D) All the above

Rough Work / रफ कार्य

DO NOT OPEN THE QUESTION BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

- Examinee should enter his / her roll number, subject and Question Booklet Series correctly in the O.M.R. sheet, the examinee will be responsible for the error he / she has made.
- 2. This Question Booklet contains 100 questions, out of which only 75 Question are to be Answered by the examinee. Every question has 4 options and only one of them is correct. The answer which seems correct to you, darken that option number in your Answer Booklet (O.M.R ANSWER SHEET) completely with black or blue ball point pen. If any examinee will mark more than one answer of a particular question, then the first most option will be considered valid.
- 3. Every question has same marks. Every question you attempt correctly, marks will be given according to that.
- Every answer should be marked only on Answer Booklet <u>(O.M.R</u> <u>ANSWER SHEET</u>). Answer marked anywhere else other than the determined place will not be considered valid.
- 5. Please read all the instructions carefully before attempting anything on Answer Booklet(O.M.R ANSWER SHEET).
- After completion of examination please hand over the Answer Booklet (O.M.R ANSWER SHEET) to the Examiner before leaving the examination room.
- 7. There is no negative marking.
- **Note:** On opening the question booklet, first check that all the pages of the question booklet are printed properly in case there is an issue please ask the examiner to change the booklet of same series and get another one.