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O.M.R. Serial No.

प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक Question Booklet No.

प्रश्नपुस्तिका सीरीज Question Booklet Series B

B.Com. (Honors) (Fifth Semester) Examination, February/March-2022

Group-B(International Trade & Export Management)
BCHO-505

International Business Environment

(for Regular Students)

Time: 1:30 Hours Maximum Marks-100

जब तक कहा न जाय, इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका को न खोलें

- निर्देश: 1. परीक्षार्थी अपने अनुक्रमांक, विषय एवं प्रश्नपुस्तिका की सीरीज का विवरण यथास्थान सही— सही भरें, अन्यथा मृल्यांकन में किसी भी प्रकार की विसंगति की दशा में उसकी जिम्मेदारी स्वयं परीक्षार्थी की होगी।
 - 2. इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका में 100 प्रश्न हैं, जिनमें से केवल 75 प्रश्नों के उत्तर परीक्षार्थियों द्वारा दिये जाने है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर प्रश्न के नीचे दिये गये हैं। इन चारों में से केवल एक ही उत्तर सही है। जिस उत्तर को आप सही या सबसे उचित समझते हैं, अपने उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET)में उसके अक्षर वाले वृत्त को काले या नीले बाल प्वांइट पेन से पूरा भर दें। यदि किसी परीक्षार्थी द्वारा निर्धारित प्रश्नों से अधिक प्रश्नों के उत्तर दिये जाते हैं तो उसके द्वारा हल किये गये प्रथमतः यथा निर्दिष्ट प्रश्नोत्तरों का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
 - 3. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक समान हैं। आप के जितने उत्तर सही होंगे, उन्हीं के अनुसार अंक प्रदान किये जायेंगे।
 - 4. सभी उत्तर केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर ही दिये जाने हैं। उत्तर पत्रक में निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा अन्यत्र कहीं पर दिया गया उत्तर मान्य नहीं होगा।
 - 5. ओ॰एम॰आर॰ उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर कुछ भी लिखने से पूर्व उसमें दिये गये सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लिया जाय।
 - 6. परीक्षा समाप्ति के उपरान्त परीक्षार्थी कक्ष निरीक्षक को अपनी प्रश्नपुस्तिका बुकलेट एवं ओ०एम०आर० शीट पृथक-पृथक उपलब्ध कराने के बाद ही परीक्षा कक्ष से प्रस्थान करें।
 - 7. निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।
- महत्वपूर्ण : प्रश्नपुस्तिका खोलने पर प्रथमतः जॉच कर देख लें कि प्रश्नपुस्तिका के सभी पृष्ठ भलीमॉित छपे हुए हैं। यदि प्रश्नपुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो कक्ष निरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सीरीज की दूसरी प्रश्नपुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।

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1.	Legal system's of the world are generally classified into:
	(A) Common law
	(B) Civil law
	(C) Theocratic Law
	(D) All the above
2.	Totalitarianism is seen in:
	(A) Afganistan
	(B) Iran
	(C) North-Korea
	(D) All the above
3.	Pakistani Economist Mabbul UL Hassan has developed:
	(A) HDI
	(B) SOL
	(C) QOL
	(D) None of the above
4.	Civil liberties helps MNCs to expand their business in host nations. It is:
	(A) Freedom of the press
	(B) Equality of all individuals under law
	(C) Personal and social freedom
	(D) All the above
5.	Which among work as a factor of Business in International trade.
	(A) VER
	(B) LCR
	(C) Subsidies
	(D) All the above

6.	Which association is a example of regional economic institution.
	(A) SAARC
	(B) ASEAN
	(C) NAFTA
	(D) All the above
7.	FDI is growing due to:
	(A) Sale and profitability
	(B) Reduce cost
	(C) Acquire technology
	(D) All the above
8.	Creation of demand in foreign nations for finished products not mere exporting is
	possible by:
	(A) International trade
	(B) International marketing
	(C) International Business
	(D) None of the above
9.	Locating plant in foreign country and marketing in other foreign country is called
	as:
	(A) Contract manufacturing
	(B) Management contract
	(C) International Business
	(D) BOT or TKP
10.	WTO came into existence in year:
	(A) 1947
	(B) 1980
	(C) 1995
	(D) 1990

11.	Who among them is driver of globalization:
	(A) WTO
	(B) Decline trade business
	(C) Decline investment business
	(D) All the above
12.	International Business invlues:
	(A) Investment in foreign nation
	(B) Management of foreign exchange
	(C) Procuring international finance from IMF IFC
	(D) All the above
13.	Educational opportunities in India has helped in international Business by
	(A) Income
	(B) Career orientation in foreign countries
	(C) Both
	(D) None of the above
14.	Which among them is a Global company
	(A) Dr. Reddy's Lab
	(B) Harley Davidson
	(C) GAP
	(D) All the above
15.	MNCs get power by:
	(A) Acquiring knowledge
	(B) Acquiring experience
	(C) Sharing with local cultures
	(D) All the above

16.	Mercedes Benz is luxury car in USA but taxi in Europe It significes :
	(A) Operating style
	(B) Adaptation to the concerned market
	(C) Market extension
	(D) None of these
17.	Designing the products based on host countries environment a MNCs adopt
	alignment with:
	(A) Culture and costumes
	(B) Law's
	(C) Government policies
	(D) All the above
18.	Advantages of International Business are seen in:
	(A) High living standards
	(B) Increase socio economic welfare
	(C) Increase purchasing power
	(D) All the above
19.	MNCs acquire economic of scale due to :
	(A) Computerization
	(B) Automation
	(C) Division of Labour
	(D) All the above
20.	Currencies of the countries are depreciated due to:
	(A) Gain export Advantage
	(B) Imbalance in BOP
	(C) Foreign indebtedness
	(D) All the above

21.	Made of entry into foreign market is done by considering which factors:
	(A) Ownership
	(B) Location
	(C) Internationalisation
	(D) All the above
22.	Internationalisation advantage for MNCs means :
	(A) Contract manufacturing
	(B) Making and selling in host nation by itself
	(C) Acquiring joint venture
	(D) None of the above
23.	Greenfield strategy refers to:
	(A) Acquiring host nation company
	(B) Strategic alliance
	(C) Joint venture
	(D) None of the above
24.	Globalization is a:
	(A) Economic process
	(B) Social process
	(C) Integrated process
	(D) Political process
25.	Social globalization includes:
	(A) Spread of ideas
	(B) Spread of information
	(C) Spread of tourism
	(D) Above all

26.	Rate of globalsation is measured by:
	(A) KOF index
	(B) SNF index
	(C) CCK index
	(D) LPG index
27.	Globalisation has two components which are:
	(A) Procurement and marketing
	(B) Finance and production
	(C) Production and market
	(D) Investors and customers
28.	European Union was started by grouping of by the EEC in Rome .
	(A) 27 Countries
	(B) 06 Countries
	(C) 14 Countries
	(D) 10 Countries
29.	Globalisation shift economic power from developing countries to WTO UM and
	European Nation.
	(A) True
	(B) Not True
	(C) Both the above
	(D) None of the above
30.	Which among then are Economic group based on regional integration.
	(A) NAFTA
	(B) WTO
	(C) IMF
	(D) IBRD

31.	Globalisation affecting the :
	(A) Languages
	(B) Mannerism
	(C) Reducing cultural diversity
	(D) All the above
32.	Which developing country facing the problem of Hunger in 2020 :
	(A) China
	(B) India
	(C) Brazil
	(D) All the above
33.	Sustainable environmental programmes protects:
	(A) Water and forest
	(B) Climate and Biodiversity
	(C) Food and energy supply
	(D) All the above
34.	It is seen that due to globalization poor underdeveloped countries faces the problem
	of:
	(A) Unemployment
	(B) Income inequality
	(C) Poverty
	(D) All the above
35.	Developing countries have competitive advantage in :
	(A) Textiles
	(B) Leather
	(C) Garments
	(D) All the above

Dev	eloped countries are showing major share in the area of:
(A)	Electronic products
(B)	Aero space
(C)	Pharma ceutricals
(D)	All the above
Esse	ential condition for globalization is:
(A)	Removal of Bureaucratic Hurdles
(B)	Freedom to Business industries
(C)	Encouraging R & D
(D)	All the above
India	a adopted new economic policy in 1991 within the objective of:
(A)	Obtain higher economic growth
(B)	Reduce inflation
(C)	Maintain favourable BOP
(D)	All the above
Metl	hod's of globalization is:
(A)	Confiscation
(B)	Expropriation
(C)	FDI
(D)	Domestication
Glob	palisation process hasten by:
(A)	Exchange rate adjustment
(B)	Import liberalization
(C)	Rupee convertibility
(D)	All the above
	(A) (B) (C) (D) Esse (A) (B) (C) (D) India (A) (B) (C) (D) Metl (A) (B) (C) (D) (C) (D) (D) (B) (C) (D)

41.	Technology enhances globalization by:
	(A) Microprocessor
	(B) Internet
	(C) Transportation technology
	(D) All the above
42.	Reason behind FDI are:
	(A) Market
	(B) Efficiency
	(C) Resources
	(D) All the above
43.	Regional economic integration increases:
	(A) Economic activity
	(B) Enhance purchasing power
	(C) Enhance living standards of the people
	(D) All the above
44.	Which among them is not marker countries of EEC:
	(A) Russia
	(B) Germany
	(C) Belgium
	(D) France
45.	By FDI host countries utilize the Benefit of:
	(A) BOP
	(B) EEC
	(C) REG
	(D) BIC

46.	Customer mobility is enjoyed by MNCs in those countries where they already have:
	(A) Ancillary company
	(B) Competitive advantage
	(C) VERs
	(D) None of the above
47.	Factors influencing FDI:
	(A) Supply factors
	(B) Demand factors
	(C) Political factors
	(D) All the above
48.	Who propagated PLC theory for pattern of FDI:
	(A) Raymond Vernon
	(B) ME porter
	(C) K.ohmae
	(D) I. ansoft
49.	Strategic Alliance is made between companies in the area of:
	(A) Production and RSD
	(B) Marketing
	(C) Finance
	(D) All the above
50.	FDI without alliance is know as:
	(A) BOT
	(B) Green field strategy
	(C) Management contracts
	(D) Business process out souring

51.	Business firm take part in International Business due to:
	(A) Market Motive
	(B) Economic Motive
	(C) Strategic Motive
	(D) All of them
52.	A truly global firm:
	(A) Barrow the money at the lowest interest rate
	(B) Resources procured at lower price
	(C) Manufacture at lowest cost
	(D) All of them
53.	for a Business firm Global strategy means :
	(A) Involvement
	(B) Standardization
	(C) Integration
	(D) All of above
54.	Leyland's Motors a British Automobile Brand is acquire by :
	(A) L. N. Mittal
	(B) Hindujas
	(C) A. B. Birla Group
	(D) Tata group
55.	GATT is now known as:
	(A) WTO
	(B) IMF
	(C) IBRD
	(D) OECD

56.	Enci	ulturation means:
	(A)	Process of cultural change
	(B)	Process of acquiring cultural traits within own culture
	(C)	Acculturation
	(D)	Cultural lag
57.	Valı	nes are abstract idea that a group believes to be:
	(A)	Good
	(B)	Right
	(C)	Desirable
	(D)	All the above
58.	Aest	chetics of a culture refers to:
	(A)	Concept of beauty
	(B)	That affects firm marketing strategy
	(C)	That helps in management of human resources
	(D)	All the above
59.	Who	participate in foreign exchange market :
	(A)	Banks
	(B)	Brokers
	(C)	Foreign exchange deals
	(D)	All the above
60.	Whi	ch are affects the exchange rate:
	(A)	Money supply
	(B)	Inflation
	(C)	Interest rate
	(D)	All the above

61.	Arbi	trage means:
	(A)	Depositing foreign currency in Central Bank
	(B)	Buy foreign currency at lower rate and sell at higher
	(C)	Market value in exchange
	(D)	OTC
62.	Whi	ch Bank claims that it never sleep:
	(A)	S&C
	(B)	HSBC
	(C)	City Bank
	(D)	Merill Lynch
63.	WH	O Headquarter is situated at:
	(A)	Geneva
	(B)	Washington DC
	(C)	Paris
	(D)	London
64.	Mar	ket value in exchange for which currency is high:
	(A)	Euro
	(B)	US Dollar
	(C)	YEN
	(D)	Pound sterlling
65.	Whi	ch currency is treated as Vehicle currency.
	(A)	Euro
	(B)	U.S. Dollar
	(C)	Pound sterlling
	(D)	None of the above

66.	Which one is the man function of foreign exchange market:
	(A) Transfer
	(B) Clearing
	(C) Conversion
	(D) All the above
67.	Hedging is done for :
	(A) Risk mgt in exchange rate Fluctuations
	(B) Credit
	(C) Bill of exchange
	(D) None of the above
68.	The functions of foreign exchange Market:
	(A) Transfer
	(B) Credit
	(C) Hedging
	(D) All the above
69.	Exchange rate is considered as:
	(A) Window of economy
	(B) Economic health of a country
	(C) Tool for commercial activities
	(D) (A) and (B) both
70.	Micro level variables that regulate foreign exchange rate:
	(A) Interest rate
	(B) Inflation
	(C) Income level
	(D) All the above

71.	Excl	nange rate changes due to:	
	(A)	Change in Government	
	(B)	Inflation	
	(C)	Buy Back by Government	
	(D)	All the above	
72.	BOF	o indicate:	
	(A)	Credit worthiness of a country	
	(B)	Global competiveness	
	(C)	Record of monetary transaction between a country and rest of the world	
	(D)	All the above	
73.	Eco	nomic growth rate of a country depends upon its:	
	(A)	Monetary policy	
	(B)	Fiscal policy	
	(C)	Both the above	
	(D)	None of the above	
74.	Poli	tical risk include :	
	(A)	Confiscation	
	(B)	Expropriation	
	(C)	Nationalization	
	(D)	All the above	
75.	Poli	tical decision in Business covered:	
	(A)	Planning and promoting	
	(B)	Regulating and evaluating	
	(C)	Entrepreneurial and taxing	
	(D)	All the above	
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71.

76.	Civil law was firstly originated in:
	(A) Britain
	(B) USA
	(C) Romans
	(D) India
77.	Political environment are important to study because they influence:
	(A) Economic
	(B) Social
	(C) Legal
	(D) All the above
78.	Technology helps in:
	(A) Protection
	(B) Transfer
	(C) Up gradation
	(D) All the above
79.	In todays world (global) the business environment is showing characteristics of:
	(A) Hyper competion
	(B) Growing power of consumers
	(C) Declining prices
	(D) All the above
80.	"Great Hofsted" has done remarkable work in the area of:
	(A) Social adaptation
	(B) Economic up gradation
	(C) Culture
	(D) Brain storming

81.	With	in Indian society social class are determined by:
	(A)	Economic status
	(B)	Family
	(C)	Groups
	(D)	None of the above
82.	EPR	G approach is studied in:
	(A)	International Business
	(B)	International financial system
	(C)	International politics
	(D)	International inequalities
83.	Cult	ure word is derived from Latin word culture which means:
	(A)	Harmony
	(B)	Synergy
	(C)	Collective programming of mind
	(D)	Study of emotion
84.	IMF	main role is to see:
	(A)	Countries macro-economic performance
	(B)	Promoting exchange stability
	(C)	Multilateral payment system
	(D)	All the above
85.	Whi	ch one is not the way to enter into international Business:
	(A)	Brown field operation
	(B)	Green field
	(C)	Strategic alliance
	(D)	None of the above

86.	A firm becomes a MNCs by the way of:
	(A) CII
	(B) FIEO
	(C) FDI
	(D) EPZ
87.	Which benefit force a company to invest in other country.
	(A) Market access
	(B) Resource access
	(C) Efficiency access
	(D) All of above
88.	It is considered as negative impact on FDI:
	(A) Market monopoly
	(B) Technology dependence
	(C) Profit out flow
	(D) All of above
89.	Selection of a country for FDI, a firm search:
	(A) Cost of capital input
	(B) Wage rate
	(C) Taxation policy
	(D) All the above
90.	FDI by SAMSUNG in India is termed as:
	(A) In ward FDI
	(B) Out ward FDI
	(C) Horizontal FDI
	(D) All of above

91.	Indian culture is considered as:
	(A) Homophilous culture
	(B) Heterophilous culture
	(C) Deal- focussed culture
	(D) None of the above
92.	MMCs enter into developing countries on due to:
	(A) Management expertise
	(B) Technological expertise
	(C) Financial capabilities
	(D) All of above
93.	Technology transfer among nations are by:
	(A) Strategic alliance
	(B) Joint venture
	(C) Training of employees
	(D) None of the above
94.	Basket cases are the countries which are not attractive for investment due to:
	(A) Economic reasons
	(B) Social reasons
	(C) Political reasons
	(D) All the above
95.	Inflation is a major factor for considering investment in host nation because it
	affects:
	(A) Interest rate
	(B) Make export clear
	(C) Make import cheap
	(D) All the above

96.	HDI	is considered by in corporating:	
	(A)	Life expectancy	
	(B)	GNI	
	(C)	Education	
	(D)	All the above	
97.	Poli	tical ideologies of the people in the same country vary due to:	
	(A)	Culture	
	(B)	Ethnic groups	
	(C)	Economic groups	
	(D)	All the above	
98.	High	n political rights and civil liberties is seen in which country:	
	(A)	China	
	(B)	Saudi Arabia	
	(C)	North- Korea	
	(D)	Canada	
99.	Con	Confiscation means:	
	(A)	Shifting ownership to government with compensation	
	(B)	Shifting ownership to govt. without compensation	
	(C)	Domestication	
	(D)	None of the above	
100.	Poli	Political instability become very risky for MNCs in West country due to:	
	(A)	Corruption	
	(B)	Policies of host government	
	(C)	Negative Attitudes towards MNCs	
	(D)	All the above	

Rough Work / रफ कार्य

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- 3. Every question has same marks. Every question you attempt correctly, marks will be given according to that.
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