

Roll. No.

Question Booklet Number

O.M.R. Serial No.

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B.Com. (Hons.) (SEM.-IV) EXAMINATION, 2025-26

COMMERCE

(Income Tax Law and Accounts)

[CODE : BCH-404]

Paper Code

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Question Booklet
Series

A

Time : 1 : 30 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

Instructions to the Examinee :

1. Do not open the booklet unless you are asked to do so.
2. The booklet contains 100 questions. Examinee is required to answer 75 questions in the OMR Answer-Sheet provided and not in the question booklet. All questions carry equal marks.
3. Examine the Booklet and the OMR Answer-Sheet very carefully before you proceed. Faulty question booklet due to missing or duplicate pages/questions or having any other discrepancy should be got immediately replaced.
4. Four alternative answers are mentioned for each question as - A, B, C & D in the booklet. The candidate has to choose the correct / answer and mark the same in the OMR Answer-Sheet as per the direction :

(Remaining instructions on last page)

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश :

1. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक आपसे कहा न जाए।
2. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में 100 प्रश्न हैं। परीक्षार्थी को 75 प्रश्नों को केवल दी गई OMR आन्सर-शीट पर ही हल करना है, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर नहीं। सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
3. प्रश्नों के उत्तर अंकित करने से पूर्व प्रश्न-पुस्तिका तथा OMR आन्सर-शीट को सावधानीपूर्वक देख लें। दोषपूर्ण प्रश्न-पुस्तिका जिसमें कुछ भाग छपने से छूट गए हों या प्रश्न एक से अधिक बार छप गए हों या उसमें किसी अन्य प्रकार की कमी हो, उसे तुरन्त बदल लें।
4. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार सम्भावित उत्तर- A, B, C एवं D हैं। परीक्षार्थी को उन चारों विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर छॉटना है। उत्तर को OMR उत्तर-पत्रक में सम्बन्धित प्रश्न संख्या में निम्न प्रकार भरना है :

(शेष निर्देश अन्तिम पृष्ठ पर)

1. Income tax is a :
- (A) Direct tax
 - (B) Indirect tax
 - (C) Progressive tax
 - (D) Regressive tax
2. Agricultural income is exempted under section :
- (A) 10(1)
 - (B) 10(10)
 - (C) 80C
 - (D) 24
3. Casual income is taxable under :
- (A) Other sources
 - (B) Capital gains
 - (C) Salary
 - (D) Business
4. Previous year means :
- (A) Year of income earning
 - (B) Year of assessment
 - (C) Calendar year
 - (D) Accounting year only
5. Total income means :
- (A) Income after deductions
 - (B) Gross total income
 - (C) Exempt income
 - (D) Casual income
6. A person includes :
- (A) Individual
 - (B) HUF
 - (C) Company
 - (D) All of the above
7. Tax planning is :
- (A) Illegal
 - (B) Against law
 - (C) Legal
 - (D) Punishable
8. Tax planning aims to
- (A) Increase tax
 - (B) Reduce tax legally
 - (C) Evade tax
 - (D) Avoid income

9. Residential status is determined for :
- (A) Company only
 - (B) Individual only
 - (C) Every person
 - (D) HUF only
10. Non-resident is taxable on :
- (A) Global income
 - (B) Indian income only
 - (C) Agricultural income
 - (D) Exempt income
11. Income accrues in India when :
- (A) It is received in India
 - (B) It arises in India
 - (C) It is earned abroad
 - (D) It is exempt
12. Income exempt under Section 10 forms part of :
- (A) Total income
 - (B) Gross total income
 - (C) Neither
 - (D) Salary
13. Rebate reduces :
- (A) Past income
 - (B) Tax liability
 - (C) Future income
 - (D) Income
14. Income tax is charged on :
- (A) Receipt basis
 - (B) Accrual basis
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
15. Casual income includes :
- (A) Lottery winnings
 - (B) Salary arrears
 - (C) Bonus
 - (D) Rent
16. Person for income tax does not include :
- (A) Company
 - (B) Firm
 - (C) Association of persons
 - (D) Department

17. With the progressive Income tax rates are :
- (A) Fixed
 - (B) Progressive
 - (C) Proportional
 - (D) Regressive
18. Income tax liability depends on :
- (A) Age
 - (B) Residential status
 - (C) Nature of income
 - (D) All of the above
19. Income tax return is filed for :
- (A) Previous year
 - (B) Assessment year
 - (C) Calendar year
 - (D) Accounting year
20. Rebate is allowed after calculating :
- (A) Gross income
 - (B) Total income
 - (C) Tax
 - (D) Deduction
21. Exempt income is not included in :
- (A) Gross total income
 - (B) Total income
 - (C) Casual income
 - (D) Salary
22. Agricultural income includes income from :
- (A) Dairy farming
 - (B) Poultry
 - (C) Cultivation of land
 - (D) Fisheries
23. Relief is allowed to remove :
- (A) Double taxation
 - (B) Hardship
 - (C) Extra tax burden
 - (D) All of the above
24. Gross total income is calculated before :
- (A) Deductions
 - (B) Tax
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
25. Salary income is taxable on :
- (A) Receipt basis
 - (B) Accrual basis
 - (C) Whichever is early
 - (D) None of the above
26. Advance salary is taxable in the year of :
- (A) Earning
 - (B) Accrual
 - (C) Receipt
 - (D) Assessment

27. House Rent Allowance exemption is given under :
- (A) Section 10
 - (B) Section 16
 - (C) Section 24
 - (D) Section 80C
28. Income from house property is taxable on the basis of :
- (A) Actual rent
 - (B) Expected rent
 - (C) Annual value
 - (D) Market value
29. Let-out house property income is taxable on :
- (A) Gross annual value
 - (B) Net annual value
 - (C) Expected rent
 - (D) Fair rent
30. Any expenditure incurred wholly and exclusively for business is :
- (A) Capital expenditure
 - (B) Personal expense
 - (C) Allowable deduction
 - (D) Disallowed expense
31. Profit of illegal business is :
- (A) Exempted
 - (B) Not taxable
 - (C) Taxable
 - (D) Ignored
32. Capital gain arises on transfer of :
- (A) Stock-in-trade
 - (B) Salary
 - (C) Cash
 - (D) Capital asset
33. Long-term capital gain arises when asset is held for :
- (A) Less than 12 months
 - (B) Less than 24 months
 - (C) More than specified period
 - (D) One year
34. Exemption of capital gain is available under :
- (A) Section 10
 - (B) Section 24
 - (C) Section 16
 - (D) Sections 54 to 54GB

35. Long-term capital loss can be set off against :
- (A) STCG
(B) LTCG
(C) Business income
(D) Salary
36. Interest on bank deposits is taxable under :
- (A) Salaries
(B) Business income
(C) Other sources
(D) Capital gains
37. Family pension is taxable under :
- (A) Salaries
(B) Other sources
(C) Business income
(D) Capital gains
38. Composite rent of building and machinery is taxed under :
- (A) House property
(B) Salary
(C) Other sources
(D) Business income
39. Gifts received without consideration are taxable under :
- (A) Salaries
(B) Other sources
(C) Capital gains
(D) Business income
40. Loss from house property can be set off against :
- (A) Salary
(B) Capital gains
(C) Business income
(D) All of the above
41. Employer's contribution to PF beyond limit is :
- (A) Exempt
(B) Taxable
(C) Ignored
(D) Capital receipt
42. Income from sub-letting is taxed under :
- (A) House property
(B) Business income
(C) Other sources
(D) Capital gains

43. Income from speculative business is :
- (A) Exempt
 - (B) Non-taxable
 - (C) Taxable
 - (D) Casual income
44. Gift of capital asset results in :
- (A) Capital gain
 - (B) Business income
 - (C) No capital gain
 - (D) Other sources
45. TDS is applicable on :
- (A) Salary
 - (B) Interest
 - (C) Lottery winnings
 - (D) All of the above
46. Rental income of trader from shop is :
- (A) Business income
 - (B) House property
 - (C) Other sources
 - (D) Capital gains
47. Profit motive is essential for :
- (A) Salary
 - (B) Other sources
 - (C) House property
 - (D) Business income
48. Income from dividend received from company is :
- (A) Exempted
 - (B) Taxable
 - (C) Capital receipt
 - (D) Agricultural income
49. Deduction for repairs of house property is :
- (A) 30% standard deduction
 - (B) Actual expenses
 - (C) 10% deduction
 - (D) Not allowed
50. Salary income includes :
- (A) Pension
 - (B) Gratuity
 - (C) Allowances
 - (D) All of the above
51. Capital gains are covered under :
- (A) Chapter IV-C
 - (B) Chapter IV-E
 - (C) Chapter IV-F
 - (D) Chapter IV-D
52. House property income is taxed on :
- (A) Receipt basis
 - (B) Accrual basis
 - (C) Annual value basis
 - (D) Cash basis

53. Interest on partner's capital is taxed under :
- Salary
 - Capital gains
 - Other sources
 - Business income
54. Annual value is calculated for :
- Land
 - Stock
 - Machinery
 - Building
55. Salary is taxable in India if :
- Earned in India
 - Received in India
 - Both (A) and (B)
 - None of the above
56. Capital gain exemption depends on :
- Amount invested
 - Time limit
 - Specified asset
 - All of the above
57. Total income is computed after allowing :
- Exemptions
 - Deductions
 - Rebates
 - Relief
58. Standard deduction from salary is allowed to :
- Firms
 - Companies
 - Individuals
 - HUF only
59. Short-term capital gain arises when asset is held for :
- More than 36 months
 - Less than specified period
 - More than 24 months
 - More than 12 months
60. Casual income is taxed at :
- Slab rate
 - Special rate
 - Nil rate
 - Average rate
61. Deduction under section 80C is allowed for :
- Medical insurance
 - Investments and savings
 - Donations
 - Education loan
62. Rebate under section 87A is allowed to :
- Firms
 - Companies
 - Individuals
 - HUF

63. Agricultural income is :
- (A) Fully taxable
 - (B) Partly taxable
 - (C) Fully exempt
 - (D) Taxable for firms
64. Firm for income tax purpose includes :
- (A) Company
 - (B) Partnership firm
 - (C) HUF
 - (D) Individual
65. Interest on partners' capital is allowed up to :
- (A) 6%
 - (B) 10%
 - (C) 12%
 - (D) 15%
66. Exempt income is :
- (A) Included in total income
 - (B) Excluded from total income
 - (C) Taxed at special rate
 - (D) Deducted later
67. Salary income includes :
- (A) Wages
 - (B) Bonus
 - (C) Allowances
 - (D) All of the above
68. Capital gains are taxed in the year of :
- (A) Purchase
 - (B) Sale
 - (C) Transfer
 - (D) Indexation
69. Deduction for family pension is allowed under :
- (A) Section 16
 - (B) Section 24
 - (C) Section 57
 - (D) Section 80
70. Arrears of salary are taxable in the year of :
- (A) Accrual
 - (B) Receipt
 - (C) Due
 - (D) Assessment
71. Business expenses must be :
- (A) Capital
 - (B) Personal
 - (C) Revenue
 - (D) Illegal
72. Casual income deductions are :
- (A) Allowed
 - (B) Not allowed
 - (C) Partly allowed
 - (D) Optional

73. Firm's total income includes :
- (A) Business income
 - (B) Capital gains
 - (C) Other sources
 - (D) All of the above
74. Interest on borrowed capital for business is :
- (A) Capital expense
 - (B) Personal expense
 - (C) Allowable deduction
 - (D) Disallowed
75. Individual includes :
- (A) Resident only
 - (B) Non-resident only
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
76. Share of loss from Firm is :
- (A) Allowed
 - (B) Not allowed
 - (C) Partly allowed
 - (D) Casual
77. Deduction reduces :
- (A) Gross income
 - (B) Total income
 - (C) Tax
 - (D) Penalty
78. Firm is taxed at :
- (A) Slab rate
 - (B) Flat rate
 - (C) Progressive rate
 - (D) Nil rate
79. Business income excludes :
- (A) Trading profit
 - (B) Professional income
 - (C) Capital gains
 - (D) Speculation income
80. Computation of total income is necessary for :
- (A) Tax payment
 - (B) Filing return
 - (C) Assessment
 - (D) All of the above
81. Dividend deemed income is taxable under :
- (A) Salary
 - (B) Capital gains
 - (C) Other sources
 - (D) Business income
82. Speculation loss can be carried forward for :
- (A) 2 years
 - (B) 4 years
 - (C) 6 years
 - (D) 8 years

83. Carry forward of loss requires :
- (A) Audit report
 - (B) Filing return on time
 - (C) Assessment order
 - (D) Tax payment
84. Tax authority at top level is :
- (A) Income Tax Officer
 - (B) Commissioner
 - (C) CBDT
 - (D) Assessing Officer
85. Income Tax Officer works under :
- (A) CBDT
 - (B) Commissioner
 - (C) Assessing Officer
 - (D) Tribunal
86. First appeal lies with :
- (A) ITAT
 - (B) High Court
 - (C) Commissioner (Appeals)
 - (D) Supreme Court
87. Return of income is filed under Section :
- (A) 139
 - (B) 143
 - (C) 147
 - (D) 148
88. Revised return can be filed under :
- (A) Section 139(4)
 - (B) Section 139(5)
 - (C) Section 139(9)
 - (D) Section 140A
89. Best judgement assessment is under :
- (A) Section 143
 - (B) Section 144
 - (C) Section 147
 - (D) Section 148
90. Assessment order determines :
- (A) Income
 - (B) Tax
 - (C) Penalty
 - (D) All of the above
91. Tax authorities include :
- (A) Assessing Officer
 - (B) Commissioner
 - (C) Tribunal
 - (D) All of the above
92. Aggregation is followed by :
- (A) Deduction
 - (B) Set-off
 - (C) Carry forward
 - (D) Exemption

93. Carry forward of loss requires
- (A) Audit
 - (B) Return filing
 - (C) Notice
 - (D) Assessment
94. Assessment procedure ensures
- (A) Fair taxation
 - (B) Revenue collection
 - (C) Compliance
 - (D) All of the above
95. Loss return must be filed within
- (A) Due date
 - (B) Extended date
 - (C) Any time
 - (D) Assessment year
96. Set-off rules ensure
- (A) Fair adjustment
 - (B) Tax saving
 - (C) Loss utilization
 - (D) All of the above
97. Deemed income provision prevents
- (A) Tax planning
 - (B) Tax avoidance
 - (C) Tax evasion
 - (D) All of the above
98. Unexplained cash credit is taxed under
- (A) Salary
 - (B) Other sources
 - (C) Deemed income
 - (D) Capital gains
99. Return filing is compulsory when
- (A) Income is exempt
 - (B) Income exceeds limit
 - (C) Loss occurs
 - (D) Agricultural income
100. Set-off is adjustment of
- (A) Income
 - (B) Loss
 - (C) Deduction
 - (D) Tax

Rough Work

Rough Work

Example :

Question :

Q.1 (A) ● (C) (D)

Q.2 (A) (B) ● (D)

Q.3 (A) ● (C) (D)

5. Each question carries equal marks. Marks will be awarded according to the number of correct answers you have.
6. All answers are to be given on OMR Answer Sheet only. Answers given anywhere other than the place specified in the answer sheet will not be considered valid.
7. Before writing anything on the OMR Answer Sheet, all the instructions given in it should be read carefully.
8. After the completion of the examination, candidates should leave the examination hall only after providing their OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator. Candidate can carry their Question Booklet.
9. There will be no negative marking.
10. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank pages provided for the purpose in the booklet.
11. To bring and use of log-book, calculator, pager & cellular phone in examination hall is prohibited.
12. In case of any difference found in English and Hindi version of the question, the English version of the question will be held authentic.

Impt. On opening the question booklet, first check that all the pages of the question booklet are printed properly. If there is any discrepancy in the question Booklet, then after showing it to the invigilator, get another question Booklet of the same series.

उदाहरण :

प्रश्न :

प्रश्न 1 (A) ● (C) (D)

प्रश्न 2 (A) (B) ● (D)

प्रश्न 3 (A) ● (C) (D)

5. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक समान हैं। आपके जितने उत्तर सही होंगे, उन्हीं के अनुसार अंक प्रदान किये जायेंगे।
6. सभी उत्तर केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्रक (OMR Answer Sheet) पर ही दिये जाने हैं। उत्तर-पत्रक में निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा अन्यत्र कहीं पर दिया गया उत्तर मान्य नहीं होगा।
7. ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्रक (OMR Answer Sheet) पर कुछ भी लिखने से पूर्व उसमें दिये गये सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लिया जाये।
8. परीक्षा समाप्ति के उपरान्त परीक्षार्थी कक्ष निरीक्षक को अपनी OMR Answer Sheet उपलब्ध कराने के बाद ही परीक्षा कक्ष से प्रस्थान करें। परीक्षार्थी अपने साथ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका ले जा सकते हैं।
9. निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।
10. कोई भी रफ कार्य, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में, रफ-कार्य के लिए दिए खाली पेज पर ही किया जाना चाहिए।
11. परीक्षा-कक्ष में लॉग-बुक, कैल्कुलेटर, पेजर तथा सेल्युलर फोन ले जाना तथा उसका उपयोग करना वर्जित है।
12. प्रश्न के हिन्दी एवं अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरण में भिन्नता होने की दशा में प्रश्न का अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरण ही मान्य होगा।

महत्वपूर्ण: प्रश्नपुस्तिका खोलने पर प्रथमतः जाँच कर देख लें कि प्रश्नपुस्तिका के सभी पृष्ठ भलीभाँति छपे हुए हैं। यदि प्रश्नपुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो कक्षनिरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सिरीज की दूसरी प्रश्नपुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।