



Chhatrapati Shahu Ji Maharaj
University, Kanpur

Answer Script Details
Barcode 11508306

Roll No. 23263005400
Total Mark 45/75.00

Exam BA_V_ODD_EXAM_NOV_2025
Subject A040502T - Fiction

Question wise Mark Summary

Q.No Mark Q.No Mark Q.No Mark Q.No Mark

1A 3/5

1B 3/5

1C 3/5

1D 3/5

1E 3/5

1F 3/5

1G 3/5

1H 3/5

1I 3/5

2 0/15

3 9/15

4 0/15

5 0/15

6 0/15

7 0/15

8 0/15

9 9/15

Chhatrapati Shahu Ji Maharaj University Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh

PART-II

Date of Exam: 25/11/2025 Shift: III Room No.: 25
 Paper Code: A040502T Subject: English Year/Sem: 5th
 Name of Candidate: Aditi Mishra
 Roll No.: 23263005400


 Aditi Mishra
 Signature of Candidate
 Signature of Investigator

 COE Facsimile


MARKS OBTAINED										
Q.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
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Total Marks in Figures										Max. Marks
Total Marks in Words										



A040502T

Paper Code

Signature of Evaluator

Course: BA Semester → 5th
 Session: 2025-2026 Year/Semester → 5th
 Subject: Fiction
 Paper Code: A 0 4 0 5 0 2 T
 Exam Date: 2 5 1 1 2 0 2 5
 Name of Candidate: ADITI MISHRA
 Father's Name: AJAY KUMAR MISHRA

कॉलेज कोड का कोड College Code: K N O 4
 परीक्षा केंद्र का कोड Exam Centre Code: K N O 4

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F	D	2	2	2
H	J	3	3	3
●	K	4	●	4
L	L	5	5	5
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S	●	7	7	7
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परीक्षा का प्रकार Type of Exam:
 Regular Ex. Student
 Private Back paper Exam

ANSWER BOOKLET NO.

11508306

Paper Code: A040502T



Enrollment Number: C S J M A 2 3 0 0 0 1 2 1 8 1 5

Candidate's Roll Number

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Paper Code

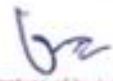
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Q	7	7	7	7	7	7	
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Aditi Mishra

Signature of Candidate


 Signature of Investigator

C S Facsimile


 COE Facsimile

नोट : 1. परीक्षा को निर्दिष्ट किया जाता है कि आवरण पत्रों को पृष्ठ पान पर उचित तरीके से चिपकाया जाये।
 2. पत्रों में कहीं भी कलम का उपयोग नहीं करना है।
 3. पत्रों को कलम या किसी भी प्रकार के यंत्रों से नहीं छेदना है।

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE FOR FILLING PART-I

1. Read the instructions carefully given on the answer script and admit card.
2. Write Date of Exam, Shift, Paper Code & Name of Subject Correctly.
3. Write Name & Roll No. Correctly.
4. Write Semester & Branch Correctly.

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE FOR FILLING PART-III

1. Use blue or black ball point pen for writing alphabets & numerals in Boxes.
2. Carefully study the example before you start marking.
3. As shown in the example below blacken the circles completely.



4. Make no Stray marks on this sheet.
5. **DO NOT WRITE OR MARK ON THE BAR CODE.**

IN ORDER TO AVOID UFM (UNFAIR MEANS):

1. The Roll No. and Answer Book no. found elsewhere or any other symbol found in the answer book will be treated as unfair means.
2. Any tempering of Bar Code and Booklet no shall be treated as Unfair Means.
3. Do Not bring the materials like slip of paper/mobile/digital diaries/ study material/ revision notes in examination hall. Possession of the mobiles/ digital diaries/ electronic watch and any other electronic gadget except memory less scientific calculator shall be considered as UFM case.
4. Do not keep or paste currency note in answer script it shall be consider as UFM.

अनुचित साधन से बचने हेतु:

1. उत्तर पुस्तिका के निर्देशित स्थान को छोड़कर अनुक्रमांक एवं उत्तरपुस्तिका का क्रमांक कहीं और न लिखें तथा कोई भी चिह्न न बनायें क्योंकि यह अनुचित साधन प्रयोग की परिधि में आता है।
2. उत्तर पुस्तिका के बारकोड अथवा उत्तर पुस्तिका संख्या पर छेद करने पर अनुचित साधन प्रयोग माना जायेगा।
3. परीक्षा कक्ष में निम्न वस्तुएं साथ न लायें, जैसे लिखे हुए कागज के टुकड़े, मोबाईल, डिजिटल डायरी, कोपी, पुस्तक यह सभी वस्तुएं जो अनुचित साधन के अन्तर्गत आती हैं। केवल संबंधित प्रश्नपत्र में ही मेमोरी लेस साइंटिफिक कैल्कुलेटर ले जाने की अनुमति होगी।
4. उत्तर पुस्तिकाओं में रूपरेखा न रखें न ही उत्तर पुस्तिका में चिह्नकार्य। ऐसा करना अनुचित साधन प्रयोग की परिधि में आता है।

परीक्षार्थी के लिए निर्देश

1. प्रवेश पत्र एवं उत्तर पुस्तिका पर दिये गये निर्देशों को ध्यान से पढ़ें।
2. कवर पृष्ठ के दूसरी तरफ कुछ न लिखें।
3. उत्तर पुस्तिका के पृष्ठों पर दोनों तरफ लिखें।
4. प्रश्न पत्र पर अपने अनुक्रमांक के अतिरिक्त कुछ न लिखें।
5. प्रश्न पत्र कोड एवं प्रश्न पत्र कोड सावधानी पूर्वक लिखें।
6. अपनी स्थिति स्पष्ट लिखें।
7. उत्तर पुस्तिका के पृष्ठों की संख्या देखें। अगर उत्तर पुस्तिका में पृष्ठ (1-24) से कम है या कटे हुए हैं, तो परीक्षा शुरू होने के पूर्व दूसरी उत्तर पुस्तिका ले लें।
8. प्रश्नपत्र को देख, यदि प्रश्नपत्र के विषय कोड, विषय का नाम तथा प्रश्न में कोई त्रुटि है तो उसके परीक्षा शुरू होने के 30 मिनट के अन्दर व निरीक्षक को तत्काल सूचित करें, उसके बाद विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा व कार्यवाही नहीं की जायेगी।
9. प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखने के लिये पेंसिल का प्रयोग न करें।
10. B कोपी या अतिरिक्त शीट नहीं दिया जायेगा।

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. Read the instructions carefully given on the Question Paper Admit Card & Answer Script.
2. Do not write anything on back side of the cover page.
3. Write on both sides of pages of answer book.
4. Do not write anything on question paper except Roll Number.
5. Write Paper Code & Question Paper Id carefully.
6. CHECK the number of pages (1-32) or any other kind of damage in your answer script, if found than change the answer script immediately before the commencement of examination.
7. CHECK the Question Paper for any kind of discrepancy e.g. Subject Code, Subject Name and Question of the Question Paper during first THIRTY MINUTES of the commencement of the exam, so that it can be corrected in TIME. After that no corrections shall be entertained by the university.
8. Do not use pencil for answering the question.
9. Write status correctly e.g. those appearing in carry over paper should fill in status as Carry Over. Those appearing as External Students should fill in status as ex.
10. No supplementary answer book & graph paper will be provided.

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE FOR FILLING PART-IV

1. Use blue or black ball point pen for writing alphabets & numerals in Boxes.
2. Use blue or black ball point pen for filling the circles.

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Note - If your Roll No. is of 10 digits. Please leave first three column



Section - A

Short answer type questions :-

1. (a) Characterization

The technique by which a writer deeply describe a character (objects, animals or humans) in a novel is called characterization.

It involves character's physical and psychological traits, his attitudes and motives.

Types of characters

- Protagonist :- The central character of a novel around which the whole plot revolves is called Protagonist.
- Antagonist :- The character opposite to Protagonist who tries to create obstacles in the path of main hero is called Antagonist.
- Foil character :- The character with which central character is compared into order to highlight the central character is called foil.
- Static and dynamic :- The character which remains unchanged is called static and which gets changed at the end of novel is called dynamic.



(b) Psychological Novel

Psychological Novel is a genre of fiction which is based on Human Psychology.

It depicts what a character thinks, illustrates his intellectual motives of his action.

It mainly focuses on cognition. It describes how a situation, object and people can affect a person's way of understanding.

Psychological Novels are the most famous Novels of 20th Century.

By the time, novels took several forms in the process of development and this novel is the new kind of novel.



(c) Plot is a series of interconnected events that make a story.

It is called cause and effect relationship. It means every event is linked to each other and in this way a story unfolds.

Stages of Plot construction

- Exposition → In the beginning of Plot, background information of characters and setting is called Exposition.
- Rising action → is the second most important step of plot in which a conflict (internal or external) is introduced.
- Climax →
It is the turning point of novel. In this stage of Plot construction, the conflict is so strong and tensions are high.
- Falling action → It is a step in which conflict starts decreasing and it sets the foundation for ending.
- Resolution → It is the final ending of novel in which conflict is solved.



(d) Streams of Consciousness

'Stream of Consciousness' word was given by a psychologist 'William James'

He mentioned in his theory that our thoughts in brain are moving like a stream. They are not related to each other. Any thought can arise anywhere. They do not have any order.

Later, this technique was developed in English literature Novel ✓

'Stream of Consciousness technique' is a technique which is used by writer to express character's inner thoughts and feelings. It helps in knowing what a character thinks and feels.

It helps audience to strongly connect with characters as readers can relate with characters and his intentions behind his motives.

It does not have punctuations. It makes the novel more relatable as story gets clear through the thoughts and feelings of character.



(e) Significance of A Tale of two cities

'A tale of Two cities' was written by Victorian age's novelist Charles Dickens and it was published in 1859 in weekly literary magazine of Charles Dickens called 'All the year round'.

The two cities are London and Paris.

This Novel starts with a line

'It was the best of times, it was the worst of times'

Significance

This novel is of great significance as it explores the devastating and destructive form of 'FRENCH REVOLUTION'. On one hand where there was peace and order in London on other hand there was a revolution between aristocrats and common public in London. Aristocrats were oppressing common people and in return they became revolutionaries.

This novel also portrays what a true love actually mean. Sydney Carton liked Lucie Manette but when she rejected him he didn't feel sorry, nor he convinced Lucie for Manette. In the end, he saved Lucie's husband by sacrificing himself for the goodness of Lucie.



(f) 'Far from the madding crowd' is a novel which is written by Thomas Hardy.

He has portrayed rural life in a realistic and naturalistic way.

He has shown the people in the village are engaged in agricultural occupations for their survival. With this they also keep sheep.

Gabriel Oak is a character who is a farmer and shepherd. He domesticates sheep.

Each individual is busy in his agriculture.

As Bathsheba helped Gabriel from fire it shows that people of village are the symbol of humanity.

Each person wants to do as much as good than other.

In this Novel, people of rural life are portrayed as the best one where a woman 'Bathsheba' is also allowed to take care of her uncle's farm as successor.



(g) Central Theme of Pride and Prejudice

• Pride and Prejudice → Darcy is a rich and wealthy man but he had pride of his wealth and he didn't consider anybody equal to him except his friend Charles Bingley who was also rich like him.

Elizabeth Bennet shows prejudice. In the beginning, when she refuses to dance with him her she forms a wrong impression of Darcy in her mind. She blindly believes George Wickham and his allegations on Darcy. Throughout the novel she does not change her opinion regarding Darcy but when Darcy clears her through the letter then she knows what the real truth is.

• The second theme is it depicts that in that period of time women were not allowed to do jobs and nor they had property rights.

• The only way of financial security of woman in that period was considered marriage in financially and economically strong family.




(A) 'The Mill on the Floss' is a novel which was written by George Eliot.

The real name of George Eliot was Mary Ann Evans.

In the novel, she portrays the position of women by the character called Maggie Tulliver. Women were not allowed

to study higher. Only men were allowed to study Latin and Geometry and could go to school.

Women ~~at~~, in ^{is}  novel, cannot marry the person ~~she~~ wants to.

By the character of Mrs. Deane (Mrs. Tulliver's sister) it shows that it was considered only responsibility of women to take care of all the children and live in extreme poverty by not taking help of others.

When Mrs. Glegg teases Maggie for her black long hair it shows that at that time there was racism too.



(i) In the Novel 'The White Tiger' Adiga portrays social evils.

Adiga portrays as India is developing day by day but it is also getting into the trap of corruption.

In every field, there might be corruption.

Then, social inequality is also common. Ones who are rich they humiliate poor.

In the name of development, people want to take except any path whether it is right or wrong.

Section - BAns 4

'A Tale of two cities' is a Historical Novel which is written by Victorian age's novelist 'Charles Dickens'. It was published in 1859, 70 years after French Revolution. Charles Dickens and published it in his weekly literary periodical called 'All the year round'. ✓

This Novel starts with a line -

"It was the best of Times, it was the worst of Times".

This Novel is based on a great Historic event of France called 'French Revolution'.

IMPACT OF FRENCH REVOLUTIONON HUMAN VALUES AND MORALITY

This revolution was occurred in France but also disturbed a politically stable city 'London'.



In this Revolution, Revolutionaries called 'Jacques' were brutally killing aristocrats. Aristocrats had crossed all the limits of humiliation and they were free from taxes so public got angry and this anger took the destructive form of revolution.

In this revolution not only wrong people were punished but also innocent people became victim.

This revolution had negative impact on human values morality.

Innocent people were also humiliated. This Revolution made the people unable to differentiate between innocents and culprits.

In the Novel, Charles Darnay was innocent but just because he was from Evremonde family where two brothers had burned a people of family; he was sentenced to death.

In this Revolution, people had made a single aim which was to kill all the aristocrats whether they are right or wrong. People did n't show compassion, they only wanted to take revenge.



This revolution somehow finished human values and morality.

In London, due to French Revolution robberies became common. People could not believe on each other.

In the history of France, it was the first time when people protested against monarchy.

And this French revolution was ended with the execution of King Louis XVI, ruler of Bourbon dynasty.

Whole France  came the centre of this revolution.

This revolution took the most dangerous form.

In Novel 'Madame Defarge' and 'Monsieur Defarge' was leading the revolution. They had made a list of aristocrats. Madame Defarge had made a only aim of her life to kill all the Evremondes. She not only targeted Charles Darnay but also she made an ambition to kill daughter in law of Evremonde family Lucie Marnette and her daughter.



Section - C

Long answer Type questions :-

Ans (6)

'To kill a Mocking bird' is a novel which is written by American writer 'Harper Lee'. It was published in 1960.

In general Mocking Birds are those who are harmless to human beings and they enhance the beauty of world by singing. But in this Novel, 'Mocking bird' is a symbolism which is used for innocent people who were killed by prejudice and racial discrimination of Society.

The setting of this novel is Maycomb (which is fictional), Alabama. It was set in the time of Great depression.

ANALYSIS OF TO KILL A MOCKING BIRD

AS A NOVEL OF RACIAL INJUSTICE AND

MORAL EDUCATION

In the Novel, a black Man "Tom Robinson" is accused of doing physically



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wrong with a white girl called 'Mayella Ewell.' This allegation on him was wrong and he was innocent. But still, he was sent to jail and was called into the court.

Firstly, as a majority of people in Maycomb supported Racial discrimination so despite knowing that Tom Robinson is innocent and Bob Ewell is putting false allegations on him, no other lawyer (except Atticus Finch) took his case as he was black community's representative.

Secondly, when Atticus Finch showed all the evidences against Bob Ewell and it was clearly visible that Tom was victim still he was found guilty and sent to jail because no law could go against white people.

Thirdly, when Tom Robinson tried to escape from prison he was shot to death.

Despite being innocent Tom had to suffer all this because he was seen through the eyes of hatred by the people of Alabama.



"Arthur Radley Boo" was also declared as recluse by the people of Alabama. May be, it didn't step out of his house just because he had to face racial injustice.

When Atticus Finch supported Tom Robinson, people all around mocked him and his family.

When Scout Finch's aunt came to live with her she showed feeling of hatred towards Calpurnia who was a black cook.

All this shows, it is a novel of racial injustice.

Then, it is also a novel of moral education. Atticus Finch is a prominent lawyer and a representative of white community but he installs moral values into his children Scout and Jem like empathy and compassion.

He also teaches his children not to kill a mockingbird, it means not to tease anybody and not to be a prey of prejudice.



Atticus Finch also teaches his children not to do racial discrimination.

In the story, when Tom Finch had destroyed Camellias of Mrs. Dubose's Garden, in because she had mocked his father for supporting Tom.

Instead of appreciating him, he sent Tom to Mrs. Dubose and asked to read for her as she was battling with her illness everyday.

It teaches whether people mock us but we should not do the same way as they do with us.



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23

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